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VOL. III. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 29, 1866. NO. 118.

CITY ITEMS.

Lectures for This Week,

t Duff's Mercantile College, 37 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ly P. Duff—How to get rich by business—Intemperance, its fatal consequences to youth—Address to Graduating Class.—

ly W. H. Duff—Commercial forms—The correct rds, and how to place them—Also, daily lectures on Penmanship.

ly N. B. Hatch, Esq.—Commercial Law—On Fire Marine Insurance.

ly I. N. Forner—Constructing the Day-book in journ form, with specifications and exercises—Detect counterfeit and altered bank notes, in which the s examine and test their proficiency upon a large mber of counterfeits.

on City Commercial College, and National Telegraph Institute.

F. W. JENKINS,
J. C. SMITH, A. M., } Principals.
ALEX. COWLEY,

st College Building, corner Penn and St. Clair streets
ond " " Odd Fellows' Hall, Fifth st.
rd " " Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

rrivals for the week ending January 27, 1866:
. A. McDonald, McConnellsburg, Fulton Co., Pa.,
V. R. Stowell, Albany, Athens Co., Ohio,
I. H. Gerwig, Allegheny city, Pa.,
. Stewart, Entena, Butler Co., Pa.,
. F. Foley, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
ul Sturgeon, Fairview, Erie Co., Pa.,
I. M. Hosick, Allegheny city, Pa.,
. L. Rogers, Bloomingdale, Jefferson Co., Ohio.,
. Arbuthnot, Oil City, Pa.,
. Reese, Buchanan, Allegheny Co., Pa.,
. B. Reineman, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
. Morrison, Dixmont, Allegheny Co., Pa.,
. B. Penniman, Honesdale, Wayne Co., Pa.,
. H. Rosenbach, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
V. R. Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
. T. Gilmore, Gustavus, Trumbull Co., Ohio,
. J. Gilmore, Gustavus, Trumbull Co., Ohio,
. Sturgeon, Washington, Fayette Co., Ohio,
. K. Null, Newburg, Cambria Co., Pa.,
. McLanahan, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
. L. Cilley, Exeter, N. H.,
. T. Williams, Ormsby, Pa.

or terms and information concerning the College,
ress JENKINS, SMITH & COWLEY,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

portant to Merchants, Manufac-

ers, Bankers, Insurance Companies, and Business n of Pittsburgh—A Useful and Practical Idea—Our tal Improvements.—We are pleased to learn that . J. C. S. Fitzpatrick (inventor and patentee of the proved clock dial railway time indicators) has de arrangements with the managers of the Monahela, St. Charles, St. Clair, Scott, and other hotels, cluding the new Union Depot,) to post up in each ise large and elegant advertising frames, having in centre the running time of all passenger trains to l from this city, to be changed whenever any altera- of time occurs, and to be surrounded by neatly played business cards, under glass. The new and utiful office of the Monongahela House will con- two of these frames, in which our enterprising iness men would do well to secure conspicuous ds, as the proprietor very properly objects to have house lettered with handbills, or his walls disfig- d with frames and unsightly posters. The frames Mr. Fitzpatrick are at once elegant and useful, ntaining, as they will, information that is of direct portance to every one visiting the city) and the iness cards which they contain will consequently brought under the eyes of thousands daily. We be- ak for Mr. F. the encouragement and patronage of business men, and wish him the most abundant cess in his enterprise.

Rare Chance.

House for sale. Two story brick; range with hot l cold water; bath room; gas; marble mantles; ed yard; 10 rooms; house nearly new; finished in t class style. If desired, the whole of the furnish- will be sold with the house, as the owner's family in declining health. The whole, or either, will be d at a bargain. Inquire at No. 124 Wood street.

At Wholesale.

ull lines bleached and brown Sheetings and Shirt- , Prints and other staple goods, at less than east- prices, at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

The Dry Goods Trade.

ot only have prices advanced, but there is every bability that they will be much higher, making the right time to increase stock for all those who h to take advantage of a rising market. We are d to be able to say in this connection that Pitts- gh stands in the front rank, as a market, at this e. Not only can goods be had cheaper here than he East, but a full supply, also. If any doubt this y have but to visit the establishment of Barker & , 59 Market street, and they will be satisfied that are speaking by the book. Country merchants e notice.

Silks and Dress Goods.

n immense stock and prices greatly reduced at ker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

e Great Final Closing Out Sale

Cloaks and Shawls at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market et.

Shawls and Cloaks.

e are closing out these regardless of cost. J. W. ker & Co., 59 Market street.

Cloaks,

y cheap, at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

A. A. A.

ctors, actresses and artisans all use Sawyer's Bar Soap. Only thirty cents a cake.

A Letter from an Old Traveler.

essrs. Prince, Walton & Co., Gentlemen:—As you aware I have been engaged up to a short time past traveling agent for J. C. Ayer & Co. I was taken y sick with a billious attack while travelling in the te of Indiana. I had taken Ayer's pills before for same difficulty, but with no good effect. A trav- g friend who happened to be stopping at the same el, recommended me to try some Roback Pills. I fess frankly that I had no confidence in them at time, but through the importunities of my friend I s persuaded to take them; and with astonishing ef- they entirely removed the bile, and operated on liver so effectually that in one day I was as well sual. I unhesitatingly recommend them to be best pills in the market. You are at liberty to blish this, as I deem it a duty I owe to the public to e my (unsolicited) testimony in their favor. Chas. Coburn.

The Turkish Ambassador

coming.

Purviance's Card Photographs,

taken in any weather, in all the various popular les, singly or by the dozen, at 25 cents each. We rantee satisfaction. Gallery corner Fifth and Mar- streets.

The Turkish Ambassador

coming.

Silks and Dress Goods.

or these go to the great closing out sale at Barker Co.'s, 59 Market street.

Look Out

r the Turkish Ambassador.

Shawls,

ling at greatly reduced prices at Barker & Co.'s, 59 rket street.

Look Out

r the Turkish Ambassador.

Cloaks and Shawls.

reat bargains in these at the final closing out sale Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

Opera House.

Everybody go see Emilie Melville, the Prima nna and Comedienne to-night.

The Very Best Prints

25c, at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

The Little Cricket

irps at the Opera House to-night.

Fine Shirting Muslins.

We are selling at 25c, and extra quality yard wide uslin at 31½c. J. W. Barker & Co., 59 Market st.

Emilie Melville,

e Pet of the American Stage, at the Opera House night.

Notice.

Don't forget to hear Emilie Melville, the young and autiful Prima Donna and Comedienne, sing her eat song, El Bacio, or the Kiss, at the Opera House night.

Sponges

r the toilet, for cleaning, for carriage, or any pur- se, you will find the largest and best assortment in city at McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, 85 arket street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

Still Remember Me,

r I have just opened a very neat little saloon at No. Fifth street, under Gildenfenny's Bookstore: and I was the first one to bring the price of Shell Oysters wn to 25 cents per dozen, when on Hand street, I ean to do the same on Fifth street. All I ask of my d friends is to stick by me, with many thanks for eir patronage and encouragement while in my cel- on Hand street. Don't forget to give me a call, at . 45 Fifth street. The public's humble servant, mes M. Goukler.

STATE ITEMS.

Senator McConaughy, who has just been varded the seat in the State Senate claimed Mr. Duncan, Democrat, from the Adams and ranklin district, entertained the Republican nators and a few invited guests at the "Lo- hiel House," Harrisburg, on Wednesday night. on. Simon Cameron presided, assisted by eaker Fleming, of the Senate.

A lad named Charles Stine, aged ten years, hile playing in a warehouse in Hanover, ork county, on the 20th, accidentally fell into e chute of a corn bin, which was opened be- w for the purpose of loading a car. He became edged in the chute, and when discovered was sensible, having been nearly smothered and oked by grains of corn which had lodged in s throat. After lingering a few hours in great ony, the lad died.

On the 21st inst., Michael Quinney, an Irish- an residing in Williamsport, while drunk, ove his family out of the house and commit- d suicide by hanging.

Jacob Fritz, a carpenter, aged seventy years, account of domestic difficulties, cut his roat at his residence in Monterey, Schuylkill unty, last week, and died next day at the mshouse. He was a soldier of the war of 1812.

William Burgwin, Esq., formerly editor of the ranklin Citizen, and for two sessions a member the Legislature from Venango county, died his residence in Franklin, on Thursday, after brief illness.

The Sharon Furnace, owned by Messrs. Boyce Rawle, at Sharon, produced one hundred and venty-eight tons of pig iron last week, and e hundred and ninety-eight tons the week evious. This is the largest yield of iron ever oduced by any furnace in the Shenango val- y, and probably more than ever was made in e same time by any single furnace in Western ennsylvania.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

GOV. ORR AND THE SEA ISLANDS.

The Constitutional Amendment in the House.

Suggestion to Recommit it to the Committee.

THE CONTESTED ELECTION OF SENATOR STOCKTON.

Jeff. Davis's Private Secretary Paroled

The Improvement of the Ohio Harbors.

Counterfeiting Five Cent Currency Notes.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.
WASHINGTON, January 28, 1966.

The Freedmen and the Sea Islands.

The House committee on Freedmen have invited Mr. Trescott, of South Carolina, who was delegated by Governor Orr to carry a communication to President Johnson, urging in the most positive manner the turning over to the planters the Sea Islands and other lands now in possession of the negroes, to give them his views in regard to the matter. It is alleged by the planters that if the bill introduced by Senator Trumbull, enlarging the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau, becomes a law, it will result most disastrously to the cotton States. For if the negroes are allowed to hold the richest lands turned over to them for three years, there will be no cotton raised on those lands this season or the next, for the negroes, the Governor says, have positively refused to work or enter into any contracts whatever.

An Informal Caucus

Of Radical leaders, among whom were Messrs. Stevens, Bingham and Shellabarger, was held last evening at the private residence of a distinguished official, at which a radical programme was discussed, with a view of ascertaining whether, if the party screws were enforced, the Constitutional amendment now under consideration could not be carried. It was regarded as extremely doubtful. It was decided, however, to make the attempt.

The New Jersey Senatorship.

A delegation of leading Republicans are here from New Jersey to urge a majority of the Senate to reject the decision of the Senate Judiciary Committee in giving the present incumbent, Senator Stockton, his seat. The Committee stood six to one.

Burton N. Harrison,

Jeff. Davis's private secretary, arrived here today, having just been liberated from Fort Delaware on parole. He was captured with Davis.

The Closing Debate.

Messrs. Raymond, Stevens and Conkling close the debate to-morrow on the Constitutional Amendment. All of these it is understood will support the original amendment, as it came from the Committee.

Harbor Improvements.

The telegraph has largely increased the amounts named in Senator Wade's bill for improving the Ohio harbors. The bill really provides that the sum of two hundred and thirty-one thousand nine hundred and ninety-six dollars and fifty cents be appropriated to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the following manner, viz: For improving the harbor of Cleveland, Ohio, fifty-nine thousand, eight hundred and six dollars; for improving the harbor of Ashtabula, Ohio, thirty-four thousand, seven hundred and eight dollars and eighty-two cents; for improving the harbor of Conneaut, Ohio, twenty thousand, five hundred and thirteen dollars and seventy-four cents; for improving the harbor of Sandusky, Ohio, thirty-eight thousand, five hundred and eighty dollars; for improving the harbor of Huron, Ohio, thirty-nine thousand dollars; for improving the harbor of Vermillion, Ohio, fifteen thousand, three hundred and fifteen dollars and ninety-four cents.

A Resolution of Inquiry.

It has been ascertained that upwards of forty counterfeits of the five cent currency are in circulation. The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered them to be called in and another plate prepared. On the new plate is a vignette of the notorious Bingham Clark, which cost the government upwards of two thousand dollars. A resolution of inquiry has been proposed calling on the Secretary of the Treasury to know by whose authority this thing has been done.

The Reconstruction Committee

have notified several members of Congress that if they will recommit the constitutional amendment to the Committee, they will report it back in a form that will be acceptable to the House. The suggestion will probably be adopted.

OUR REVENUE SYSTEM.

Report of the Special Commissioners.

They Make No Recommendations.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.
WASHINGTON, January 28, 1866.

The special Commission appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, to make a thorough examination into the present revenue system and the laws appertaining thereto, with a view to a revision and modification, arrived here yesterday with their report completed and printed. It is a most voluminous document, occupying some six hundred pages of printed matter. The Secretary will transmit it to the Ways and Means Committee immediately. The Commission have accumulated a vast amount of material touching the whole question of revenue. They make no recommendations in favor of an increase or decrease of tax upon any particular article, leaving that matter entirely in the hands of the Committee of Ways and Means and Congress. The most elaborate portion of the report is upon the tax on whisky, which is the most easily evaded under the present law. The revenue from this tax, which the framers of the law thought would be very large, amounting to forty or fifty millions of dollars, yields scarcely a tenth of that sum. It is not proposed to reduce that tax, but to throw around it such restrictions and penalties as will prevent its evasion. It is the intention of the Committee of Ways and Means not only to simplify the law, but to make the collection of the revenue less expensive.

LATE FENIAN SENSATION.

Alleged Plot to Blow up Public Buildings in England.

London Custom House Undermined.

Ireland to be Placed Under Martial Law.

NEW YORK, January 27.—One of the morning papers claims to have a dispatch from London, by the last steamer, which says there is an ugly rumor in official circles. It is said that the Government has received information of a Fenian conspiracy to blow up the public buildings. It is asserted that the Custom House has been undermined, and that the Home Secretary has instructed the Chief of the London Fire Brigade to adopt precautionary measures. The Custom House, Somerset House, and other public buildings, are to be carefully guarded. From this continued panic, two results will ensue:—Ireland will be practically placed under martial law, and a definite demand will be made at Washington for the suppression of public Fenian demonstrations in the United States.

IMPORTANT IF TRUE.

Combination of Powers Against France and Austria.

NEW YORK, January 28.—A letter from Berlin says it is asserted that the Prussian Prime Minister is desirous of bringing about an alliance of Prussia and Russia, Prussia to operate against France on the Rhine, the Russians to attack the Austrians in Hungary and America with her navy, to keep the fleets of France in check, while her armies overcome Canada and Mexico.

Circle of Fenian Sisterhood Organized.

NEW YORK, January 28.—A number of ladies held a meeting yesterday afternoon in Brooklyn, and took prelimary steps to organize a circle of the Fenian Sisterhood.

The members of General Council of the O'Mahony Fenians in Union Square have concluded their labors, and adjourned. The O'Mahony bonds are being sent to different parts of the country.

THE LAKE TUNNEL AT CHICAGO.—This important enterprise is still going forward with most excellent prospects of success. Notwithstanding the varied weather, blustering storms and disagreeable thaws for the last few weeks, miners at either end of the lake tunnel have gone on delving and boring, unmindful and in defiance of the elements above. Far beneath the lake, whose most boisterous roarings are but faintly heard in the cavern-like passages below, they are steadily working on to the point of junction, constantly gaining courage and working more energetically as they near each other. From the shore end a distance of 5,100 feet has been reached. This, added to the 80 feet excavated at the crib end, makes 5,180 feet out of 10,560 feet, the whole distance to be excavated leaving only a little more than half to be completed.

XXXIXth CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION

WASHINGTON, January 27.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, Mr WASHBURNE, of Illinois, in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the President's annual message.

Mr. SMITH, of Kentucky, concluded the remarks heretofore commenced, saying among other things, that the doctrine which was initiated during the war by the Union party, was that secession is a heresy, and that it violated all principles of the constitution and laws on which our Government was established. In maintaining this position he referred to the record of authority made by Congress running through four years, and quoted from the remarks of distinguished gentlemen outside of this House. We, he said, carried on war as a Union party, for the express purpose of keeping the eleven Southern States in the Union, where they were from the beginning and are to-day. In maintaining this position, he did not intend to compromise any principle heretofore assumed by the great party of the Union. The Southern States, being in the Union, are entitled to representation. But he could not admit their members here, unless they could stand up here and swear that they had never assisted in the attempt to overthrow the Government. If they could not do this, he would send them back to their constituents to try it over again, and if they should not then return to locate here, men who would take that oath, he would again send them back, until they should answer the requirement, by sending hither Union men to legislate for the great American nation.

Mr. BAKER, of Illinois, said that, to his mind, two fundamental principles had been presented. One of them was firmly adhered to by the small Democratic opposition in this House. It was, also, apparently favored by a few of the members of the overwhelming Union party. It was that in order to restore the lately rebellious States to their normal position, Congress had nothing to do but to act under that clause of the Constitution which gives to each House the right to judge of the elections, qualifications and returns of its own member. The other fundamental idea was in keeping with the highest prerogative of Congress, and demanded by the people, viz: That we should go behind the mere surface of election, qualifications and returns of members. He held that it was the duty of Congress to fix up the House for future accommodation, and until that time, the Southern States should take back seats.

Mr. BROOMALL, of Pa., said the great problem was what should be done with the people lately in rebellion; on the solution of which depended the continuance of the country for ages. There were, he contended, no rights of the vanquished to embarras our action in revising the old statutes or keeping the conquered country in a territorial condition, as either may best subserve the interests of the entire nation. A conquered people have no rights, civil or political. The victor may exact all the guarantees necessary to prevent the recurrence of hostilities, and the conqueror is the sole judge of the guarantees. In a civil war, the conquered can be treated as the conqueror pleases.

The House adjourned.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The Paris correspondent of the *Independence Belge* says, it is known that the entire French Ministry are in favor of the evacuation of Mexico, and rumors run that in the last Council they obtained from the Emperor a promise to send no new troops to Mexico. The assertion is also added that a speech from the throne will make mention of this projected evacuation

Letters from Brownsville give a detailed account of the recent capture of Bagdad. The capturing party was composed of a miscellaneous crowd of Mexicans, sutlers' clerks, adventurers and idlers, who appear to have engaged in the affair as a good piece of sport, and though it is believed there were among the captors some United States soldiers, every one of them was present on the other side of the river to answer to his name at roll call on the next morning. According to these accounts the capture was planned and executed without the knowledge of either Gen. Ecobedo, Gen. Crawford or any other chief of great renown.

Letters from the city of Mexico represent as existing among the Imperialists in that capital a profound anxiety on account of the embarrassed condition of the Imperial finances, and prospects of the Empire generally. The demands for money to carry on the government are great, but the Treasury is empty, and there are no available sources from which to replenish it.

Advices from Charleston say General Sickles, commanding the Department of South Carolina, has prescribed regulations for the government of all concerned. He decides that all laws shall be applicable alike to all inhabitants. No person shall be held incompetent to sue, make complaint, or testify because of color or cast. He directs that no penalties or punishments different from those to which all white persons are amenable, shall be imposed on the freed people, and all crimes and offenses prohibited under existing laws shall be understood as prohibited in case of freedmen, and if committed by any freedman, he shall, upon conviction, be punished in the same manner as if committed by a white man.

The Colorado Territorial Legislature has granted two liberal charters to Benjamin Halladay, one for a road through Middle Park, shortening the distance to San Francisco two hundred miles, the other for the Halladay Mail and Express Company.

Gonzales and Pellicier, the murderers of Otero, were on Saturday sentenced by Judge Gilbert to be hanged on the ninth day of next March. The prisoners received their sentence without any emotion.

Sydney, Australia, advices of November 11th, state that public affairs still remained in an undisturbed state. There has been an extensive strike by the workmen of the Western railroad, but it was quieted down, and they resumed their work. Rain had finally commenced to fall, doing much good to the country.

No clue has yet been had to the identity of the bogus policeman who so ingeniously robbed Mr. Thomas Quinn, the porter of the Greenwich Savings Bank in Carmine street, New York. It is now stated that the cash box taken from Quinn contained six thousand dollars in bills and four thousand dollars in checks.

General Grant has summoned to Washington the leading Generals of the army, for the purpose of holding a council on affairs in their several departments, and in regard to the new army bill.

GUBERNATORIAL.

A correspondent "Jackson," of the Philadelphia *Press*, urges the nomination of Hon. Jas. K. Moorhead, of this city, for Governor, and admits the claims of the West to the Union nomination. The writer refers to the active movements of the free traders, and says upon Pennsylvania—

"Will devolve the honors and responsibilities of leadership, should we be forced into open conflict with our foreign rivals. It is, therefore, eminently proper that for the three years succeeding the term of the present executive, a great manufacturing State like ours should have for its chief magistrate a representative of those interests which are the source of its wealth and power. That individual is now presented by the Republicans of Allegheny in the person of James K. Moorhead, a leading manufacturer in the great manufacturing city of Pittsburgh. His life-long devotion to the principle of protection, coupled with his individual interest, constitute a sufficient guarantee that he would be neither a lukewarm nor a doubtful champion in the hour of trial; and his successful career as a man of business, his uprightness as a citizen, his pure record as a representative, attest his qualifications for the proper discharge of the duties of the station."

The Muncy *Luminary* and Jersey Shore *Vedette*—both published in Lycoming county—have declared their preference for General Geary as the Union nominee for Governor, and say that by so doing they express the views of the Republicans of the county.

A Harrisburg correspondent of the Bedford *Inquirer* says that nearly every day brings forth a new candidate for Governor. Dr. Wilmer Worthington, Senator from Chester, and E. W. Davis, of Philadelphia, are being urged for the nomination by their friends.

The Democracy of Beaver county have appointed Samuel B. Wilson, Esq., Senatorial, and E. B. Daugherty, Esq., Representative delegate to State Convention, and they will support General George W. Cass for the gubernatorial nomination.

The Democracy of Venango county have appointed George R. Snowdon, Esq., Senatorial, and General Alfred B. McCalmont, Representative delegate to the State Convention. Agreeably to the usage of the party the delegates were not instructed, but it is understood they will support the nomination of General Cass.

The Easton, Northampton county, *Free Press* comes out for Gen. Moorhead for Governor, and pronounces him the man for the place and occasion. It says:

"Our candidate should be a man whose sentiments on public measures are well known, well defined, fixed and permanent. He should be in full harmony and sympathy with the great interests of our State, not merely as of yesterday, or in theory, but whose public acts all point unerringly in the same direction. We want a man who has an opinion of his own, and who will dare say, 'this is right,' and pursue it in spite of snarling politicians, and newspaper editors or correspondents. This will, of course, demand a man of sterling integrity, of independence of character, of fixedness of purpose and principles. Such a man is Hon. James K. Moorhead, of Pittsburgh."

The *Union Flag*, published at Mauch Chunk, Carbon county, has a correspondent who says:

"In the name of her past, and by the hope of her future, I demand that her next Governor be of such a cast as will add to her glory, not detract from it. Such a man we believe General Moorehead, of Pittsburgh, to be; and, thus believing, offer him candidly to the consideration of our fellow citizens. In urging his high claims I hope not to detract from the merit of others, nor to disparage any. I urge him, not that we love some already named less, but him more. His sympathy, voice, purse, time, all he had, or was, or could control, he lavishly gave to his bleeding country, and for the furtherance of the best interests of his native Pennsylvania, what man dared, he dared."

The Montour *Republican* and the Towanda, Bradford county, *Union*, have both declared for nomination of General Moorhead for Governor.

AMERICAN VS. FOREIGN NEWSPAPERS.—Those who are disposed to grumble at the present price for daily and weekly newspapers in this country, will do well to notice what European journals cost. The London *Times* costs $45 a year. The Morning *Chronicle*, Daily *News*, *Globe*, *Herald*, and *Post*, charge the same rates. The London Evening *Mail* is published three times a week at $25 a year. The London semi-weeklies $12. The French daily papers, large ones, are about the same price as the London prints. Those about the size of ours cost $20 and $25 a year. The German papers cost from $22 to $36 a year. The cost of paper and composition, and indeed everything connected with the make up of a paper, is much less in Europe than in this country, so that the American journals are even cheaper than would appear from the disparity of prices.

IN describing a reception at the White House, the Washington *Star* says: A peculiar style of wearing the hair last evening among the ladies, was the subject of much comment, and the remarks were, for the most part, altogether in its favor, as a becoming substitute for the waterfall. The hair was allowed to fall its full length, without fetter or bond of any description, and was thought by many to be the most graceful style the ever-changing empress fashion has yet presented to public patronage.

Washington Topics and Gossip.

THE NEW AMENDMENT.

The fate of the amendment as to suffrage, is doubtful. There is great danger that in multiplying propositions of amendment Congress will fail to adopt any. Scarcely a day passes without the offering of a new constitutional amendment. Many of the Republican members prefer to limit the number of amendments so as not to confuse the public mind. There is reason for believing that the President will not regard the Conkling amendment as impolitic, and that he will use his official influence hereafter in favor of its adoption.

THE BAKER TRIAL.

There is much interest manifested in the trial of Lafayette C. Baker, for false imprisonment, extortion and assault and battery, the complainant upon whose testimony the indictment was found being Mrs. Lucy R. Cobb, known as the pretty female pardon broker. Mr. Baker—mustered out of service by the express order of President Johnson—does not appear in the uniform of a Brigadier General of the United States army, as he did at the commencement of the case, and he must be conscious that many of the spectators hope for his conviction. Yet, personally, he has but obeyed orders. He has received instructions—he has carried out those instructions to the letter—he has reported what he has done—and he has a record of his official actions, showing his authority for so doing. Perhaps before this case has been concluded there may be some strange developments made; at any rate, if they are not disclosed in Court, they will appear in a Congressional document. Meanwhile, Mr. Lafayette C. Baker is not the man to be made a scape-goat of.

A DROLL SCENE.

During the morning hour in the House, Mr. Williams, of Pennsylvania, sent a resolution to the Clerk's desk, which he affirmed to be in favor of a speedy trial of Mr. Davis by Military Commission. The Clerk, who from much practice in reading excessively bad penmanship rarely hesitates whenever the tracks of a pen can be distinguished, promptly ejaculated, "Whereas,"—his voice is always heard—its sudden cessation attracted the attention of all. Again he began, "Whereas"—and after partially completing a sentence, was again checked and fairly snagged on the projecting branches of the ink. The Clerks on his right, and those on his left came to his aid—all cunning men in deciphering and translating—but for once their skill failed them. They did succeed in getting the chief Clerk off from the snag which had caught him, but then the danger that all would sink together.

It was a comical scene. The House had its attention fixed—which is rare; the galleries fully comprehended what was going on, which is rarer still. The Clerks stood crowded together, and as the reader caught up their various suggestions, it was difficult to tell whether the paper favored Mr. Davis's trial or immediate discharge, or whether it declared him already dead. All this time Mr. Williams was pacing the space in front of the desk, and at intervals ejaculating words which were as indistinct as his writing, and rather increased than diminished the perplexity and the labors of the Clerk. With every check which the strange devices on the paper caused, the merriment increased, until at length a spark was applied which produced an explosion of laughter. Mr. Chandler, of New York, rose to a point of order. He desired to know whether a gentleman who was in favor of restricted suffrage, and a qualification of intelligence at that, when judged by his own opinions, had any claims upon the attention of the House, it appearing that he himself was unable to write.

Upon this Mr. Williams asked permission to read his resolution in person, which he proceeded to do, in so low a tone that many began to wonder whether reading as well as writing had been among the neglected branches of his youth, or was one of the lost arts of his maturity. "Louder," "louder," came up from various parts of the hall, and the suppressed laughter was like the babbling of many mountain brooks, while the whole scene was as invigorating as pure mountain air. The usual stagnation of the morning hour was gone.

At length the clerk began again, and, with Mr. Williams behind him, made fair progress, stopping often to be prompted—as in the old drill the man in the front rank fired and waited for a loaded gun to be passed up from the rear. So at length the sentences, prompted by Mr. Williams as rear rank man, were all fired in succession by the clerk.

GRADE OF GENERAL.

Mr. Washburne's bill creating the rank of General, will be favorably reported upon, with some slight amendments, not effecting its main object. There is no doubt of its passage through the House. The feeling of gratitude and admiration entertained by the people at large toward Gen. Grant, is shared by its loyal representatives in Congress. The all but universal conviction is, that, if the triumphs gained by the national arms through his generalship at Vicksburg and Chattanooga entitled him to the rank of Lieutenant General, the capture of Richmond and the capitulation of Lee's army, with the accompanying results of the prostration of the military power of the Confederacy, gave him a just claim to a much more signal recognition of his unequalled services at the hands of Congress, and moreover, the disposition among members to bestow the very highest national honors upon him is increased by their knowledge of the fact, that to Gen. Grant the country is indebted as much (if not more) as to any other official for the immediate inauguration of a thorough and general system of reduction and retrenchment in our military establishment directly after the cessation of hostilities. They know that through his influence an immense amount of money has been saved to the national treasury, and hence will not hesitate to vote the increase of pay the bill proposes to attach to the rank of General. Even with the additional pay contemplated in the bill, the pay of Commander-in-Chief of our armies will be one-third less than that of a Marchal de France.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Quite a number of National Banks having objected to the payment of the duties on their surpluses, on the plea that they are not deposits, General Spinner has notified them that he will withhold their dividends until they comply with the regulation.

The Committee on Commerce will soon report a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to sell such of the marine hospitals throughout the country as in his opinion can be dispensed with. There are between thirty and forty of these institutions.

Information has been received here that three Chilian war steamers, contracted for in England several years ago, will be ready for sea in March. The probability, however, is that they will not be allowed to leave the British ports until after a settlement of the Spanish-Chilian difficulties is effected. The steamers cost one million of dollars each, and are far superior to any in the Spanish navy.

Letters from influential conservatives in the New England States are pouring into the city, urging their Senators and Representatives to avoid a rupture with the Executive, and abide as far as possible, by the policy he has seen fit to mark out for the restoration of the Union.

There are vague hints that the executioner's block is soon to be introduced into some of the public departments in Philadelphia, but the President, with his usual reticence, does not let fall a word as to who the victims will be.

It is reported that the House Judiciary Committee, in consequence of the hostile legislation of some of the Southern Legislatures in regard to the freedmen, have determined to report a universal suffrage bill. Some of them claim that the second section of the amendment abolishing slavery, confers upon Congress the power to regulate suffrage in the States.

British Iron Trade.

In a late English paper the following summary of the official statistics of the British iron trade during the past year is given:

The great advance in the value of iron in 1865 form an important feature in our commercial history. Production has increased, the demand for home use and export has been somewhat active, and even a seven per cent. bank rate has not prevented Scotch pig iron from advancing to 65s per ton. The production of iron in Scotland last year was 1,135,000 tons, being an increase of 4,000 tons as compared with 1864. The particulars are as follows:

	Tons.
Production	1,135,000
Carron make	29,000
Stock, December 31, 1864	760,000
Total	1,924,000

	Tons.
Shipments, Foreign	360,184
Coastwise	311,057
Forwarded per railway	61,259
Consumed in local foundries	310,000
Consumed in works	221,500—1,264,000

The stock on hand is now 660,000 tons, or about 100,000 tons less than it was at the close of 1864. This great decrease indicates much healthfulness in the trade, and in a measure accounts for the rise in prices during the past year. In England the transactions in metals generally have been extensive. The quotations have consequently steadily improved, although the importations from abroad have been on a liberal scale. Returns for the United Kingdom give the annexed arrivals during the first eleven months, as compared with 1863 and 1864:

	1863	1864	1865
Copper ore, tons	71,058	57,736	67,348
Copper regulus, tons	19,218	23,157	32,422
Copper unwrought, cwts	211,980	423,280	355,160
Iron in bars, tons	42,225	43,963	42,209
Steel, tons	2,887	6,835	4,966
Lead, tons	23,538	26,781	27,240
Spelter, tons	27,785	27,416	24,825
Tin, cwts	42,405	83,813	85,973

The aggregate supplies of metal received in 1865 were about equal to 1864; so that, with an improved demand, those now on hand are very moderate for the time of year.

The extent of the demand for metals for export purposes is shown in the following comparisons:

	1863.	1864.	1865.
Iron, pig, tons	447,421	439,023	489,903
Iron, bar, &c., tons	301,109	264,471	231,924
Iron, railroad, tons	424,057	377,322	400,277
Iron, wire, tons	18,263	16,838	21,398
Iron, castings, tons	76,386	62,618	81,317
Iron, hoops, &c., tons	127,194	114,925	105,817
Iron, wrought, tons	101,014	99,513	116,266
Iron, old, tons	2,167	566	2,189
Steel, tons	26,197	24,852	20,868

The figures represent the following amounts:

1863	£1,535,218	1865	£1,479,958
1864	1,403,601		

Russia was a very large customer for iron last year. Of railway parcels she took 30,421; of castings, 11,897; of hoops, 5,240; and of wrought, 7,757 tons. Belgian competition does not, therefore, appear to have extended itself to Russia. Upward of 25,000 tons of wrought iron were forwarded to India last year. To the same quarter nearly 100,000 tons of railway iron were shipped. The gradual extension of the railway system in India and Russia, and the trifling quantities produced in the latter country, must long continue to have an important bearing upon the trade in the United Kingdom. Some of the shippers of pig-iron may hesitate to operate largely at present prices; but it is well known that the quotations in most of the markets of the world are above our own, and that, even now, large profits are realized without difficulty.

THE free trade cry is that the West reaps no benefit from a protective tariff, and that it operates exclusively in favor of New England cotton and Pennsylvania iron. Let us see. The following is a careful estimate of the Western iron product for the year past.

	Tons Pig.	Amount.	Tons Bar, etc.	Amount.
West Virginia	3,800	$ 28 000	22,344	$3,351,600
Kentucky	15,942	1,195 650	13,456	2,012,400
Ohio	159,234	10,710,735	65,853	9,877,950
Indiana	....	....	12,733	1,915,950
Michigan	19,405	1,455,375	6,400	960,000
Illinois	....	....	14,500	2,175,000
Missouri	16,544	1,240,800	10,000	1,500,000
Wisconsin	1,927	144,522	....	....
Total	216,852	$14,976,082	145,286	$21,792,900

Total value of pig and wrought iron, $36,768,982

Advices from Guayamas to the 16th inst., state that the Imperialists were defeated, by Morales, at Matarpha. Morales was subsequently badly defeated, losing one hundred and twenty men killed. The Liberal General Martinez had captured the city of Alamos. The roads are very insecure, and commerce is reduced to almost nothing.

PENNSYLVANIA AND THE WAR.

Interesting Report of the Adjutant General.

The Adjutant General of Pennsylvania very appropriately begins his report by a reference to the military organizations of Pennsylvania that were in the field twelve months ago. At that period the Commonwealth had in the field two hundred and ten regimental organizations, and many unattached companies of infantry and cavalry, and independent batteries of artillery. To-day our State has in the service of the United States six regiments of infantry, one regiment of artillery, and one battalion of cavalry.

There were organized during the past year, under the President's call on December 19, 1864, three regiments of infantry, comprising 2,657 men. There were raised and sent to regiments in the field, 75 companies, numbering 6,988 men, forming an aggregate strength of 9,645 men During the year the Superintendents of the volunteer recruiting of the State sent to the field, to be incorporated with the regiments in the service, 9,133 volunteers, and 6,675 drafted men. The State, in the same period, furnished 387 soldiers to the regular army, making a grand total for the year 1865, and the first three months of the current year, 25,840 men.

Since the cessation of hostilities, and up to November last, 1,557 Pennsylvanians entered the regular army.

The quotas of the State from the breaking out of the rebellion are next given in the report.

Under the first call for troops, volunteers for three months, the State sent 20,979 men.

The first quota was sent to the field as an organized army, under general officers selected by the Governor from among those commanding the volunteer troops of the State. In this respect, it differed from the mode of procedure under other calls, where men were furnished by regiments, and subsequently brigaded under general officers appointed by the President.

Under the act of July 22d, 1861, authorizing four independent regiments to be raised in Pennsylvania, there were 4,711 men.

The Reserve Volunteer Corps of Pennsylvania, organized by act of Pennsylvania Legislature of 16th May, 1861, and called into United States service July 22, 1861, numbered 15,856 men.

On requisitions of the President, under act of Congress of July 22, 1861, together with organizations authorized by the War Department, to be raised by individuals, and afterwards, by order of the War Department, September 25, 1861, placed under the control of the Governor, there were raised one hundred and thirty-six regiments, with an aggregate strength of 15,100 men, and eight batteries of artillery for three years, and one for one year, numbering 1,358 men.

Recruits for three years' regiments forwarded by Captains Dodge and Lane, and Lieutenant Colonel Ruff, superintending volunteer recruiting service, at Harrisburg and Philadelphia, during 1862, 9,259.

Enlistments of Pennsylvania in organizations of other States and in the regular army to December 31, 1862, estimated, 5,000.

During the year 1863 the 19th regiment of cavalry was raised for the United States services, and the State raised a body of militia for its own defense. The report says, the aggregate strength of the "Emergency" militia was 7,062, officers and men.

It thus appears that the total force organized in the Department of the Monongahela was 5,166, and in the Department of the Susquehanna 31,422.

Recruits forwarded to regiments in the service, by Captains Dodge and Lane, superintending volunteer recruiting service at Harrisburg and Philadelphia, during the year 1863, 4,458.

Enlistments for the regular army, as reported by returns of United States recruiting officers, 934.

In the year 1864, on special authority from the War Department, there was raised for the term of three years, eleven regiments, containing 9,867 men. Under the call of July 6, for one hundred days' men, the State furnished 7,675 men. Under the call of July 27, for 500,000 men, we raised and furnished ten regiments, numbering 16,094 men.

During the year Lieutenant Col. Bomford and Majors Dodge and Gilbert, superintending volunteer recruiting service at Harrisburg and Philadelphia, forwarded to regiments in service

26,567 volunteer recruits	26,567
And 10,651 drafted men and substitutes	10,651
Recruits for regular army, as reported by United States recruiting officers	2,974
Re-enlistments of Pennsylvania volunteers as appear from the muster-in rolls returned to this Department, and accredited to Pennsylvania, viz:	
Infantry	13,862
Cavalry	2,834
Artillery	799
Pennsylvania re-enlisted and accredited to other States	381—17,876

Organized during the year 1865, as hereinbefore stated.

Under call of the President, of December 19, 1864, for three hundred thousand men for the term of one year.

215th regiment of Infantry, Colonel John A Gorgas.

214th regiment Infantry, Col. David B. McKibben.

215th regiment Infantry, Colonel Francis Wister.

Aggregate strength, 2,656.

And for the same term of service, 75 companies of infantry, hereinbefore enumerated assigned to regiments in service.

Aggregate strength, 6,988.

During the year Lieutenant Colonel Wm. N. Grier, U. S. A., and Major William B. Lane, U. S. A., superintending volunteer recruiting service at Harrisburg and Philadelphia, have forwarded to regiments in service 9,133 recruits	9,133
And 6,675 drafted men and substitutes	6,675
Recruits for the Regular Army, as reported by returns of United States recruiting officers, from January to April, inclusive	387
Recruits for Regular Army to November inclusive	1,944

The troops sent into the service of the United States since the commencement of the rebellion (including the ninety days' militia in the Departments of the Monongahela and Susquehanna, in 1863) may be recapitulated thus:

During the year 1861	130,594
During the year 1862	71,100
During the year 1863	43,946
During the year 1864	90,704
During the year 1865, up to when recruiting for volunteer organizations ceased	25,840
Total	362,284

An official list of casualties has not yet been prepared. Though the Adjutant exerted himself to do so in season for the present report, the exigencies of the war prevented this desirable and praiseworthy object.

All the regimental flags and standards which had been issued to Pennsylvania organizations, under the authority of joint resolutions of the Legislature of May 16, 1861, and, at the date of the last annual report, returned to be deposited among the archieves of the State, as provided by law, have been placed under the charge of the Quartermaster General, and all returns since that period have been made directly to that officer.

The report concludes with a statement of the disbursements of the Adjutant General's office for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1865. The sum total is but $35,209 93.

The Titusville Incendiaries—The Men not Hanged but Sent to Buffalo.

The Buffalo (New York) *Courier* says: "A rumor was quite prevalent on the streets Monday night, which we could not trace to any reliable source, that three Buffalo roughs, well known to our city police, had been hanged about nine P. M., by an excited crowd, at Titusville, without the usual resort to the formalities of a trial and condemnation by a civil court of justice, but under the inexorable edict of Judge Lynch. On inquiry, yesterday, we learned that the rumor originated from the arrest at Titusville of George Robinson, Henry Vandenberg and R. Vance *alias* 'Stone House Jack,' for the crime of arson. All of these parties are well known vagrants about the 'Points,' and have been arrested for almost all kinds of petty crimes. Robinson is about thirty-five years of age, and was one of the vagrants hauled at the late raid; but let off with a gentle reproof. He was convicted some six or seven years ago, for practising the 'confidence game' and served some two years or more in the State prison. Vandenberg is about twenty-three years of age, is a common vagrant, and said, by the police, to be an expert in his line of business. Vance *alias* 'Stone House Jack,' is about thirty years of age, and is a most unconscionable rough.

"Since the above was in type, we learn from the agent of the Associated Press that these three suspected incendiaries were escorted to the cars, yesterday morning, and are probably by this time in Buffalo. The Titusville people thought better of the hanging."

Petroleum as Fuel.

The use of crude petroleum as fuel has been satisfactorily determined by continued experiments, made at the Morgan Iron Works, New York, by Col. Julius W. Adams, in behalf of the Petroleum Light Company. These experiments were made under a marine boiler, with internal flue and return fire tube, the shell measuring thirteen feet and nine inches in length by six feet in diameter, and containing fifteen hundred gallons of water. The fire bars were removed, and in their place was inserted a coil of three-quarter inch wrought iron pipe, through which the crude oil was fed and supplied the fuel. The flame produced was vivid and intense, and was entirely under the control of the fireman, who at his pleasure could reduce it to the flicker of an expiring lamp, or extend it by a single movement to a volume filling the large flues and furnace with its dimensions. No smoke or unpleasant smell was perceptible, and the combustion was complete and entirely manageable. Steam, at atmospheric pressure, was raised in the boiler in twenty-nine minutes from the time of admission of oil into the coil. Mr. Adams sums up the advantages of oil as a fuel for marine engines as follows:

'Rapidity with which steam may be raised—reduced dimensions of boiler and furnace below that required for coal—the continuous firing effected by feeding the fuel through a pipe into the furnace, thereby preventing the great loss of heat in the furnace, every time a fresh supply of coal is thrown on, and the rush of cold air upon the opening of the furnace doors—the freedom from smoke, cinder, ash, or refuse of any kind, which in coal reaches from seven to over sixteen per cent of the whole amount. In the ability to command a forced fire almost instantly, without a forced draught, which, under some circumstances at sea, is of vital importance. In dispensing with the numerous class of coalheavers, stokers, &c., and all the inconvenience of raking clinkers and ash from the furnace-rooms; and finally, the diminished space occupied in the storage.

THE SCHUYLER FRAUD.—Our readers may remember that the famous case of Robert Schuyler et al. against the New Haven Railroad Company to recover the value of the stock fraudulently overissued by the former, was decided by the court of appeals last month in favor of the innocent holders of the bogus stock, by awarding judgment and costs to the amount of $900,000. In order to satisfy this lien, the directors met on Monday last, and voted to increase the capital stock to $5,000,000. The stock was originally $3,000,000, and the over issue $2,100,000. Much of this was bought up by compromising with the holders, the latter giving two shares for one. The road is considered worth $10,000,000, and with these "bad debts" wiped out, will doubtless enter on a new career of prosperity.

THE NATIONAL ROAD IN OHIO.—From the report of Col. J. A. Blair, resident engineer of the National road in Ohio, it appears that the total expenses for the year were $25,088 92. Total receipts, including balance of last year, $29,831-33, leaving a balance to the credit of the road of $4,742 41. The non-paying travel over the entire length of the road was 1,500 army wagons and 10,000 mules and horses by the Government. Sixty culverts and one toll house have been built; one hundred miles of the road ditched and sufficient material placed on the road to keep it in good order.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

Equal Suffrage.

Opinions of the President.

The District Suffrage Bill Ill-timed and Uncalled For.

HOW HE WOULD AMEND THE CONSTITUTION.

WASHINGTON, January 28.—The following is the substance of a conversation which took place to-day between the President and a distinguished senator. The President said that he doubted the propriety at this time of making any further amendments to the Constitution. One great amendment had already been made, by which slavery had been forever abolished within the limits of the United States; and a national guarantee thus given that the institution should never again exist in the land. Propositions to amend the Constitution were becoming as numerous as preambles and resolutions at town meetings, called to consider most ordinary questions connected with the administration of local affairs. All this, in his opinion, had a tendency to diminish the dignity and privilege attached to the constitution of the country, and to lessen the respect and confidence of the people in their great charter of freedom. If, however, amendments are to be made to the constitution, changing the basis of representation and taxation, and he did not deem them at all necessary at the present time, he knew of none better than a simple proposition, embraced in a few lines, making in each State the number of qualified voters the basis of representation, and the value of property the basis of direct taxation. Such a proposition could be embraced in the following terms: "Representatives shall be appointed among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to the number of qualified voters in each State; direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to the value of all taxable property in each State." An amendment of this kind would in his opinion place the basis of representation and direct taxation upon correct principles. The qualified voters were for the most part men who were subject to draft and enlistment, when necessary to repel invasion, suppress rebellion, and quell domestic violence and insurrection. They risked their lives, shed their blood, and spent their all to uphold the Government and give protection, security and value to property. It seemed but just that property should compensate for the benefits thus conferred by defraying the expenses incident to its protection and enjoyment. Such an amendment, the President also suggested, would remove from Congress all issues in reference to the political equality of the races. It would leave the States to determine absolutely the qualifications of their own voters with regard to color, and thus the number of representatives to which they would be entitled in Congress upon the number upon which they conferred the right of suffrage. The President, in this connection, expressed the opinion that the agitation of the negro franchise question in the District of Columbia at this time was the mere entering wedge to the agitation of the question throughout the States, and was ill-timed, uncalled for, and calculated to do great harm. He believed it would engender enmity and strife between them which would result in great injury to both, and the certain extermination of the negro population. Precedence, he thought, should be given to more important and urgent urgent matters, legislation upon which was essential for the restoration of the Union, the peace of the country and the prosperity of the people.

THE SPANISH INSURRECTION.

Address of General Prim to his Soldiers.

NEW YORK, January 28.—A Paris letter contains the following proclamation of Gen. Prim:

"SPANIARDS: We have arrived at the terrible moment when revolution is the only recourse of the nation and the main duty of honorable men. I am at the head of considerable military forces, and a great number of armed countrymen hasten on all sides to fight under my orders for the cause of freedom and fatherland. My banner is the last manifesto of the Progressista Central Committee. With it in my hands I will fight with my wonted valor against a Government which dishonors us abroad and ruins us at home, to the point of making us a laughing stock among foreign nations, and bringing us to the verge of shameful bankruptcy. Soldiers, who have already fought under my orders, you are aware I have never forsaken you, and that if you stand by me in this enterprise, I shall know how to lead you, first showing you the path to victory, and next remunerating your endeavors. Fellow citizens! men of honor! aid me, you too, to bring to a happy end a political revolution which may do away with the necessity of that social revolution with which we are threatened. Spaniards! Hurrah for Liberty! for the programme of the Central Progressista Committee, and for the constituent Cortez.

[Signed] JUAN PRIM."

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

The Market—Fatal Affray—Schooner Neptune Wrecked—Texas Freedmen Making Contracts.

NEW ORLEANS, January 28.—Cotton active, with sales of 4,100 bales. Sugar—fair 14½c. New York checks ¼ discount. Gold 140. freights unchanged.

A fatal affray occurred on Gravier street yesterday, in which H. S. Newburg was killed, and Captain Oldham severely wounded. The young man who shot Newburg surrendered himself.

The schooner Neptune, hence for Rio, with forty-five passengers, was lost on the 10th, off the Cuban coast. The passengers and crew were saved, and arrived here by the Guiding Star. The vessel was a total loss.

The steamer Anna Perrett, bound for New Orleans, was sunk in Red River on the upper falls. Her cargo was saved.

Capt. Creighton, of the bark J. Bell, who saved the passengers of the wrecked steamer San Francisco some years ago, gives better accounts from Eastern Texas about the freedmen making contracts. The steamer Wilmington, from New York, arrived at Galveston; the Huntsville and Missouri sailed this evening for New York; the Guiding Star leaves to-morrow.

FROM MEXICO.

Whereabouts of the Liberal Government—News from the Interior Encouraging.

WASHINGTON, January 28.—Official news up to the 29th of December has been received from El Paso, the present seat of the Mexican Government. After the occupation of Chihuahua by the French, they sent an expedition to El Paso against President Juarez, who collected at that place General Ferrago's division, and made other preparations to resist the invaders with every chance of success. When the French heard of this, they marched back to Chihuahua, thus abandoning the idea of attacking El Paso.

The news from the interior is represented as quite encouraging. The impression prevailed in the whole country that the French would soon abandon Mexico.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Diamonds, Gold and Silver Discovered in Idaho—Heavy Failure—Flood.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 27.—Humboldt papers give a glowing account of discoveries of diamonds, gold and silver in Idaho.

Amos Phenny & Co., extensive lumber dealers in this city, have failed. Their liabilities are reported at $400,000.

Notwithstanding the water in the river at Sacramento is nearly twenty-three feet above low water mark, the levee still held back the flood. The low lands of the surrounding country are flooded, and families driven from their homes. A change of weather indicates a relief from greater danger and the escape of Sacramento.

VIRGINIA.

The Present State Government to be Superceded—The President to Appoint Another.

NEW YORK, January 28.—The *Herald's* Richmond correspondent says one of the Virginia delegation now awaiting admission to Congress, telegraphed to that city from Washington, on last Wednesday, that it is the intention of President Johnson to supercede the present Virginia State Government by a provisional one. This has received credence in Richmond, and has therefore, of course, created much commotion and consternation in financial as well as political circles there.

The Reward for the Assassin Conspirators.

NEW YORK, January 28.—Dispatches from Washingto say a member of Congress from New York called at the War Department yesterday, to inquire into the cause of the delay in announcing the names of parties to whom the reward for the capture of the conspirators is due. Secretary Stanton answered that Judge Advocate Holt had already prepared a list of successful claimants, and the announcement would be made early next week. Mr. Stanton said that he had taken trouble to go through the entire evidence, and that it was very voluminous. The delay had been unavoidable.

Meeting of Newspaper Men.

WASHINGTON, January 28.—Various correspondents and editors of the newspaper press, representing all sections of the country, last night gave a complimentary supper to their popular and highly esteemed fellow-journalist, Samuel M. Carpenter, who is on the eve of changing the field of his professional duties to South America.

Representatives Hubbell, of Ohio, and Whaley of West Virginia, in additon to John L. Thomas, of Maryland, have sought to have their names recorded against the District of Columbia Suffrage bill, but the request has been denied because of their absence from the House at the time the vote was taken on the passage of the bill.

Railroad Accident.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., January 28.—As the Albany passenger train for New York on the Hudson River road, which left this place at 7-30 o'clock, last night, reached a point a short distance north of Croton Drawbridge, below Peekskill, the parallel rods attached to the locomotive broke, throwing the engine and tender from the track. The train at the time of the accident was going at its usual rate of speed, but none of the passenger cars sustained any injury, nor were any of them thrown from the track. The train was delayed over two hours. Nobody was hurt.

General Sweeney.

NEW YORK, January 28.—The friends of Major General Sweeney, he Fenian Secretary of War, lately discharged from the regular army of the United States, for absence without leave, are making strenuous efforts to have him reinstated, and are confident of success.

OIL INTELLIGENCE.

The intelligence from the Venango county oil regions last week was of the most gratifying character, four wells having been struck on Pithole creek, and as many more on Oil creek and adjacent tributaries. On Thursday last a new well was struck on Rickett's Farm, on Cherry Run, near Plumer, at a depth of seven hundred and seventy feet, which is pumping twenty-five barrels of heavy oil per day. Same day, another strike took place on Bennehoff Run, the well, which is owned by William Spence, J. O. R. Wilson, William J. Runcil, and Ayers Coddington, doing seventy-five barrels per day, but will no doubt reach two hundred.

The Homestead well, on Pithole creek, has started again, and is now pumping and flowing about one hundred barrels per day, with a prospect of regaining its old figure. Well No. 2 on lease No. 2, Thomas Holden farm, commenced pumping at the rate of one hundred barrels last Saturday, and at last accounts was still increasing. Well No. 109, Sumner & Pratt tract, Rooker farm, was struck last Wednesdy. On pulling the sucker road preparatory to taking up the old and putting down the new tubing, the oil spirted forth in large quantities, saturating everything about the derrick, and necessitating the immediate connection of pipes with the tank, which was done as expeditiously as possible. The flow is not by fits and starts, but in an uninterrupted steady stream, the most of the time with the full volume of the pipe. The lower valve is still in the well, on the drawing of which it is predicted, from being a two hundred barrel well now, the figures will stand nearer four hundred than any other, and rank No. 109 as one of the great wells on the creek.

The Island Well, which ceased flowing in the early part of November last, is now, says the Pithole *Record*, producing at the rate of about forty barrels per day. It would probably do better, only that the water cannot be fully exhausted. It floods from some of the neighboring wells.

ROOKER FARM.—No. 4, Williams's Lease, which was abandoned some time ago, resumed operations a few weeks since, and is now producing fifteen to twenty barrels, and is mending. No. 19 commenced testing on Wednesday.

T. HOLMDEN FARM.—No. 6 is being tested with a very fair show of oil. No. 75 has been testing for several days, with most excellent indications. On taking up the sucker rods on Wednesday to replace a defective rod, the oil followed to the top of the tubing. No. 76, which stopped flowing some time since, is now pumping at the rate of about 100 barrels per day.

HYNER FARM.—No. 1 on lease two is testing—pumping oil and water occasionally. No. 2, on the same lease, which had been a pretty fair pumping well until being interrupted by the filling in of mud a few weeks since, has been thoroughly cleaned out and re-commenced pumping Wednesday with more gas than at any time previous, and oil in some quantities. Well No. 5 has had the same difficulty with mud, it having filled up the well for a depth of twenty-eight feet. After removing the mud a few days ago, she commenced pumping oil, and is now increasing. No. 23 is testing, with some gas and a little oil. No. 29 retubed Wednesday, and commenced pumping Thursday morning. No. 33 is testing, with a very good show, gas considerably.

MOREY FARM.—The Clara well was doing splendidly on Wednesday, and was adding more tankage, the two tanks on hand being insufficient. No. 2, lease five, Morey Farm, is also having additional tanks erected for a similar reason. On drawing the sucker rods, it is believed, this will equal the Clara.

From the Cumberland Oil Regions.

The Fredonia *Censor* says that it learns by a private letter from the oil regions in Tennessee, that the excitement in that State is on the increase. Mr. T. S. Higgins, of Fredonia, who has recently returned from Tennessee, states that the show is very flattering, and that the boat which left the oil region brought five hundred to Nashville, on the day he left, and five thousand barrels more were awaiting shipment at the same well. The surface indications are better than are found at Oil Creek. Mr. H. is connected with a company which has eight thousand acres of the oil land. It is known as the Tennessee and Cumberland Oil Company, of which A. G. Sanford, formerly of Utica, is President, and Rev. C. L. Hequemberg, of Dunkirk, is Superintendent. A good well has been struck at the depth of fifty feet. The lands are about one hundred and twenty miles above Nashville, up the Cumberland, near the celebrated Burksville well.

The Nashville *Press*, of last Saturday, has the following interesting particulars of affairs in the newly developed oil regions on the Cumberland river: A gentleman who has recently visited Burksville has posted us regarding the oil region. Burksville is an old-fashioned, Kentucky, out-of-the-way place. It is the county seat, has three hotels, crammed to repletion with prospectors, has a branch of the Northern Bank of Kentucky, and a college. It is badly situated, in the bottom, about half a mile from the river, and is overflowed at high water stage. In consequence of the insalubrity of the location, parties have laid off a town a half a mile above Burksville, and Dr. Edgar, a capitalist, has set up another a half mile below. Bakerton is six miles above, and not much of a town. There is no oil at Burksville or Bakerton, but within easy reach of it there is "lots" of it. The country is overrun with the "Yankees" prospecting and boring. The residents lease their lands and look on while others "develope." Carthage and Gainsboro are dilapidated concerns. Hartsville is a finished place. "The people holler for lie," says our informant, "but show no energy in getting it." At Burksville are such men as Messrs Cutter and Sleeman, of St. Louis, and Mr. Douglas, President of the Illinois Central Railroad. They have struck oil in that immediate region. Eight miles from Burksville a flowing well has been opened. Another is flowing on Crecus Creek; the Cumberland & Tennessee have another on Obey river. A five barrel well is flowing on Bear Creek. At Creelsboro there is a fifty barrel well, not flowing, however, but pumping at 112 feet. On Crocus Creek there are five thousand barrels in tanks, and no barrels. It is thought there are eight or ten thousand barrels more ready for shipment. The Obey river well was flowing, and promised a magnificent result. Cumberland and Tennessee Oil and Mining Company stock went up from $5 to $10 per share yesterday. Gen. Milroy is working back of Carthage, with fine indications. Parties came down who have gone to Cincinnati to get some portable houses to put up in the oil regions, where accommodations for man and beast are scarce and inferior. There is great excitement among the speculators, who pronounce the country unequaled in oil indications, of which the present wells give but faint ideas, good as they are. There are wanted barrels, and we are glad to learn that a Company has been formed for their manufacture, and that the Legislature will promptly give a charter to it as well as to the oil refining companies.

TROUBLE BETWEEN TERRITORIAL OFFICIALS.—Governor Cummings and Secretary Samuel Helbert, of the Territory of Colorado, are having a quarrel over the custody of the great seal of the Territory, which is now in the hands of the Governor. The Governor refuses to give it up on demand of the Secretary, and charges the latter with carelessness of his trust as keeper of the great seal, leaving it exposed to use by any one who desired to do so. The Governor charges that the most infamous attempt at fraud was made last year in connection with the votes cast in an election held under the Congressional Enabling act, but he does not choose to affix it upon any one. The Governor also charges the Secretary with an attempt to break up the Territorial Government, which, of course, puts the Governor out of office, and puts the Secretary's father-in-law, United States Senator Evans, into office. To this the Secretary replies, first by a letter from the Executive Clerk, and then by a letter of his own. The Clerk virtually admits the attempted frauds in the election returns, but denies that the Secretary had anything to do with them, and both the Secretary and Clerk deny the other allegations made by Governor Cummings, and make, in return, many serious accusations against the Governor. And thus the quarrel stood at last accounts. The Territory is now applying for admission into the Union as a State, and the application is bitterly opposed by the defeated candidates for Congressional honors by the officers of the Territory, including Governor Cummings, who has just been confirmed, and is scarcely warmed in his chair before he is threatened to be ousted, by the Democrats, of course, and as their time has not yet come, by sundry other elements whose influence is of minor importance.

The State Revenue Laws.

In the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, Mr. Quay, of Beaver, has introduced the following act to amend the revenue laws of the commonwealth:

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That from and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of the cashier of any bank of this commonwealth, whether incorporated under the laws of this State or of the United States, to collect annually from every stockholder of said bank a tax of one per centum upon the par value of the stock held by said stockholder, and to pay the same into the State treasury on or before the first day of July in every year hereafter, commencing on the first day of July, A. D. 1866, and the said stock shall be exempt from all other taxation under the laws of this commonwealth.

SEC. 2. That in addition to the taxes now provided for by law, every railroad, canal and transportation company incorporated under the laws of this commonwealth, and not liable to the tax upon income under existing laws, shall pay to the commonwealth three-fourths of one per centum upon the gross receipts of said company. The said tax shall be paid semi-annually upon the first days of July and January, commencing on the first day of July, 1866, and for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of the said tax it shall be the duty of the Treasurer, or other proper officer of said company to transmit to the Auditor General at the dates aforesaid a statement, under oath or affirmation, of the amount of the gross receipts of the said company during the preceding six months, and if any such company shall refuse or fail, for a period of thirty days after such tax becomes due, to make said return or to pay the same, the amount thereof, with an addition of ten per cent. thereto, shall be collected for the use of the commonwealth, as other taxes are recoverable by law from said companies.

SEC. 4. From and after the passage of this act the real estate of this commonwealth shall be exempt from taxation for State purposes, except the half-mill tax imposed by the act of May 15th, A. D., 1861, pledged for the redemption of the loan created by said act. *Provided*, That this section shall not be construed to relieve the said real estate from the payment of any taxes due the commonwealth at the date of the passage of this act.

Nicholas Reilly has been convicted in the Blair county Criminal Court of murder in the first degree, for killing James Crawford, a clerk in a store in Hollidaysburg, a few months ago.

CITY MATTERS.

"MOSES—THE PROPHET OF GOD."

Sermon by Bishop Kerfoot.

The Right Dr. Rev. Kerfoot, Bishop of this (Pittsburgh) Diocese, delivered his first sermon in his new official capacity as a prelate in the church yesterday morning, at St. Peter's (P. E.) Church, (Rev. S. G. Fuller, rector,) corner of Grant and Diamond streets. The church was filled, and the exercises of unusual impressiveness. The rector, Rev. Mr. Fuller, read the morning service, to the Litany and the prayer following, which were said by the Rev. Richard Smith, missionary at Meadville. The choir, acquitted itself in most admirable style, rendering the chaunts, psalms and hymns, with marked taste and feeling. Bishop Kerfoot then ascended the pulpit, and concluded the service with his discourse. He selected the following text for the basis of his discourse: "And Moses was a hundred and twenty years old when he died: his eye was not dim, nor his force abated."—Deuteronomy, XXXIV chapter, 7th verse.

The Bishop proposed as the theme for the morning's meditation, the "Life and character of Moses," who was the chosen leader in Israel. In these days of false and pretentious philosophy, some careful observation was due to the peculiar facts in the lives of the great persons mentioned in the word of God. They were held up as myths by the wicked and gainsaying of this world, and all the precious truths of the gospel of Jesus Christ were being assailed from without, in a form and spirit that called for vigorous resistance on the part of the church. Moses was eminently a type of the Son of God, as is proven by every part of his personal history. His career among men dated back thirty-four centuries—before the time of the cities of Troy, Carthage, Rome, etc.; before the old philosophers lived and taught their doctrines and theories; before the earliest poetry, by at least six hundred years, and so familiar were we with his name and doings that these dates and histories are not unfrequently lost sight of. We possessed no record so wonderfully magnificant as that of Israel's prophet—so rich with incident and sterling facts, so complete in all its details and results to the human race, except in that other history so familiar to every one—the story of the Saviour of the world. Moses loomed up at once a personage of extraordinary powers, both natural and inspired; gifted with wisdom far in excess of the most learned of many either before or since his time, and the authenticity of his writings, his history, prophecies, sayings, etc., were more clearly and satisfactorily proven than those of any of the profane writers and philosophers in any age of the world. It was hard now to discover any traces of the old rulers and monarchs. The lines that marked their paths are obliterated and no traces remain to guide our researches. Here and there, perhaps, a single vague circumstance seemed to indicate that still further on in the deep darkness of their past history some of the light of other days may be discovered, but always, this hope was vain. Not so with the prophet lawgiver God in Israel. We could go back, from age to age, and define his entire personal history and career, from its earliest beginning down to the day when his unknown grave closed over him, more than three thousand years ago. His history bears the light of examination better than profane history. All is real—living—substantial—matter of fact. The creed of the church: "I believe in God the Father Almighty, maker of Heaven and earth," etc., was Moses's prophecy. Many stones of his laying were seen in our social fabric of the present generation. His legislation guides our lawmakers; his statutes underlie the *dictum* of our courts. God set him over the rest of mankind—a bright beacon light to shine throughout all time to guide the children of men. He endowed him with more than human power and wisdom. And from his eminent greatness in all respects was to be deduced a strong support against the wiles of skepticism. We should keep in mind the fact, however, that the glory of other distinguished men who acted under God in the early stages of the church was not the less great on this account. The prophet Isaiah, the psalmist David, the apostle Paul, etc., all were mighty men of God, blest with wisdom, filled with energy, and working out successfully God's ends, and their righteous glory must forever excite our highest admiration and praise. Moses was, under God, the author to whom we were bound to go for a history of the creation, and there were ten proofs of the sacred character of his writings to one of the authenticity of the sayings of the old philosophers. We gleaned from the opening pages of the Bible, Moses's historical work of the beginning of the world. The Pentateuch was divinely inspired from first to last. It was in verity the word of the Lord, for He had said "Moses wrote of Me." He was raised especially for the work—for the deliverance of God's people, and, as the historian of God's operations, working miracles of mercy and wrath, and tracing out all the details with which his writings abound, Moses's display of faith presented a glorious example of the doctrine of the Church on that subject. He was always the same confiding man in the power and mercy of God. Firm under all trials and unshaken to the end, his works lived on to this day, as the good deeds of a good life, and showed him forth as a chosen prototype of the personal character of Christ.

The Bishop alluded to the connection of inspiration with the action of the human mind, showing that the characteristics of the latter remained unchanged in their adaptation to divine ends in this way. All deficiences were supplied, however, by the Holy Spirit, and was undoubtedly done in the case of Moses, for such a work as the history of the creation and the subsequent events that are embraced in it required that the wisdom of the author be something more than human. And when we read of the death of Moses we see the hand of Joshua carrying the record up through the years that followed, and so to the end of the history we received a truthful account. Thus Moses restored to men's consciences the truth of the existence of God. The doctrine was lost before this, and millions groveled in darkness. How did the prophet obtain it—how did he learn to prophecy of "one God, the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth," etc., except by inspiration? No revelation had before enlightened the land and the question had often vexed the minds of the old philosophers: whence came this universe which we see? It was a problem none had been able to solve as yet. Various answers were given to this questioning, but none thought of a Being eternal in the heavens. But the truth was made known to Moses in the lesson at the burning bush, and he proclaimed it unto all the world.

The Bishop exhorted his hearers to strive and catch some of the same spirit that inspired Moses; to emulate his reliance on God's promises to the faithful, and in the end, to realize His glory in the amplitude of its fullness. The works of Moses were precious and venerable, penned under the inspiration of the Holy Ghost. He was the child of faith. He caught it from those who gave him birth. He was learned in human wisdom, and the glory of God hallowed his intellect. His task was often hard and thankless, but he never faltered. He trusted in God, and had been set high in the Kingdom of His eternal glory. The Bishop urged upon the congregation to rely upon God—to trust in His power and salvation till the end, and to bring themselves within the everlasting tabernacle of His glory and dominion.

THE CHURCH HOME.

Anniversary Exercises at St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal Church.

St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal Church, (Rev. Dr. Preston, Rector,) on Hand near Penn street, was crowded on the occasion of the anniversary of the "Church Home," an organization which alleviates the wants of friendless children and provides for the maintenance of the indigent. The children who are at present inmates of the "Home," were placed in the front seats, and remained during the introductory exercises. The Right Rev. Dr. Kerfoot presided, and among other clergymen who were present we noticed Rev. Dr. Preston, Rev. Wm. A Snively, Rev. Cornelius A. Swope, Rev. Dr. Page and Rev. A. Ten Broeck, A. M. After a well executed voluntary on the organ by Professor D. C. Holmes, the opening sentences, general confession, prayers, psalter, etc., to the *Gloria in excelsis*, were read by the Rev. A. Ten Broeck, A. M. The scriptural lessons—Jeremiah, XXII Chapter—and the creed, were read by the Rev. Dr. Page, the choir chaunting the *Cantate Domino*, and *Benedic anima mea*. Bishop Kerfoot was then introduced by the Rev. Dr. Preston, to preside. The Bishop remarked that it afforded him intense gratification to take part in the anniversary exercises. It was a missionary work in its character, and well entitled to the earnest sympathy and support of every churchman. Christ was in the midst of his people watering their labors with His holy spirit, and he urged his hearers to unite zealously to promote God's glory in just such a work as the "Church Home." He alluded to the fact that the late Bishop Bowman founded the institution, and it gave him unspeakable joy to labor in behalf of any enterprise in which that good man was interested. He pledged himself to give the institution his cordial support, and exhorted his brethren to do likewise, bearing always in mind the beautiful charge of Christ to His Apostles—a charge of pathos and tenderness—"Feed my lambs."

The Rev. C. E. Swope, rector of Trinity (P. E.) church, then read the annual reports. From these it appears that the object of the "Church Home" is two-fold, viz: 1st. To support aged and infirm members of the Episcopal Church, and 2d. To take care of destitute children. During the past year fifty-four children have been provided for at the "Home," nine of whom have been placed in good families. The family now consists of three adult inmates; forty-five children; a matron; a seamstress; three female teachers, and a gardener, making in all fifty-five. Thirteen of these children are soldiers' orphans, placed at the "Home" by the Rev. Dr. Burroughs. The "Home" is not full, and the managers are willing to receive all who come, believing that the church will nobly sustain the enterprise. The Treasurer's report showed the receipts and expenditures for 1865 to have left on hand a cash balance of only $345 70. After the reports were adopted, Hon. Thomas M. Howe, Treasurer of the Board of Trustees, read a report by which it appears that the whole receipts since the organization of the "Home," now seven years ago, have been $14,709 93, all of which has been applied to the extinguishment of the debt on the "Locust Grove" property. The Trustees are still in arrears $2,000, with accrued interest, making in all the sum of $2,800, and when this amount is paid the church will be in full and undisputed possession of this property.

The following permanent officers for 1866 were then elected *viva voce*, without opposition, viz: President, Mrs. John H. Shoenberger; Vice President, Mrs. Ex-Governor Johnston; Secretary, Mrs Mary H. Crittenden; Treasurer, Miss Indiana Traner, together with lady managers from all the Protestant Episcopal Churches, and the following gentlemen as Trustees, viz: John H. Shoenberger, Esq., Hon. Thomas M. Howe, Josiah King, Esq., H. Burgwin, Esq., John Chislett, Sr., Esq., F. R. Brunot, Esq. and N. B. Hogg, Esq. Some amendments to the charter were then authorized to be made, the Legislature consenting, and Messrs. Howe and Burgwin appointed to present the subject to that body for its consideration.

The Rev. William A. Snively, assistant minister of St. Andrews, then gave out the 36th selection of Psalms, which was sung to the tune of "St. Ann." The reverend gentleman then ascended the pulpit and delivered a discorse appropriate to the occasion, taking for his text the words of the Redeemer—"Inasmuch as ye have done it to one of the least of these, ye have done it unto me."—St. Matthew, XXV:40. It was a noble effort in behalf of a noble charity, and abounded with touching allusions to the want and suffering which is in the world—the result of that terrible crash which threw the whole machinery of the universe into disorder. But he presented the thought that the very scene which witnessed the triumph of evil, shall also witness its complete and entire overthrow—"when sin abounded, grace hath much more abounded," and the very sorrows of human life have become the subject of our divinest discipline. Take away the sorrows of life and you take away the charities which they have called into being—you blot out from the human heart its most unselfish love; you take away at once the will and the work which is most God-like in the human soul. The preacher presented a series of appropriate suggestions, which grew out of his subject, and applied them in a forcible manner to the case before them, concluding his discourse with an exhortation that the gifts to be made to the "Home," at the close of the sermon, should not interfere with the annual subscriptions, and that the "Home" should be with every one present an object of their systematic beneficence.

The offertory was then taken up, and, we learn, that it amounted to a very handsome contribution.

After singing the 116th hymn to the tune of "Meer," the concluding prayers were read, and the benediction pronounced by Bishop Kerfoot.

The choir of St. Andrew's deserve especial notice for the admirable manner in which it executed the musical portion of the exercise. The choir consists of the following ladies and gentlemen, who are well known as finished vocalists: Soprano, Miss De Ham; Alto, Miss Moody; Basso, Mr. Cust; Tenori, Mr. Wade; Organist, Mr. Holmes; Leader, Mr. Cust.

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Lecture.

The leading Eastern papers have given us the most flattering criticisms upon the lectures of Miss Susannah Evans, a young, beautiful and gifted woman, born and educated in Wales, who had achieved a European celebrity as an orator, ere attaining her sixteenth birthday. After speaking in her native town, she went to Manchester, London and Liverpool, in each city gathering multitudes to hear her impassioned eloquence in the cause of temperance. She was induced to visit this country, and made her debut in one of the popular churches in Brooklyn, before some two thousand people. In Cooper Institute, New York, Musical Fund Hall, Boston, in New Haven, and elsewhere, she has lectured before thousands, and now she is under an engagement at Cincinnati. The Lecture Committee of the Allegheny Library Association have secured an engagement for one lecture, to be delivered in Excelsior Hall, to-morrow, (Tuesday) evening. We would urge our readers to secure tickets and hear Miss Evans, on that occasion. The committee deserve encouragement in their efforts to cater for the moral and intellectual entertainment of the public.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—Sadie Nelson, a young girl, aged about sixteen years, was seriously injured on Friday last, at Armstrong, Bro. & Co.'s cork manufactory, on Third street. She was engaged in the factory, and having occasion to go near the machinery, her hand caught between two cog wheels, drawing her under a heavy shaft. The workmen noticing her position, threw the belt off the driving wheel, and stopped the machinery. They then lifted her up, when it was found that her right arm and shoulder bone were broken and her side terribly larcerated. The unfortudate girl was removed to the residence of her mother, on Webster street, Sixth Ward, where is lying in a precarious condition.

ATTEMPTED FRAUD.—Some four months since, a woman named Mrs. Williams, residing in Allegheny, hired a melodeon from Mr. C. C. Mellor's establishment, on Wood street. She paid the rent regularly for a few months, but latterly failed to meet her engagement. A search was instituted for her a day or two ago, when it was discovered that she had left the city. An information was made before the Mayor on Saturday, when the missing article was found in E. Le Roy's establishment, on Smithfield street, where it had been pawned for about one-half its value. The melodeon was taken to the Mayor's office, where it yet remains.

REFUSED TO PAY BOUNTY TAX.—Two residents of the Fourth ward, Allegheny, named William Rensebrink and William Fask, have been committed to jail for refusing to pay a bounty tax of $27 50, which had been assessed against each. They alleged that as they were aliens, they were not entitled to pay the tax, but Mr. Robert Bole, the Collector of the ward, thought differently, and accordingly made information against them, which resulted in their imprisonment.

LARCENY.—James McAuley appeared before Alderman Strain, and made information against James Munholland and an unknown man, charging them with larceny. It appears McAuley got on a spree, and strolled into a tavern on Wylie street, and while there was robbed of his pocket book containing eighteen dollars by the defendants. Munholland was arrested on Saturday, and was committed to jail in default of three hundred dollars bail, for his appearance at Court.

For further Local News see Fourth Page.

Execution of Four Hardened Youths in their Teens.

The four Hefferman murderers were hung on Friday last, at Nashville, Tennessee. Their names are Jas. Knight, Thos. Perry, Geo. Crab and Jas. Lysaught. All of them were under nineteen years of age, and two of them had been in the rebel army. They all professed the Roman Catholic faith, but their bearing showed that they had agreed to brave it out, and they certainly met death with as little show of fear as possible to imagine in youth not out of their teens. On the fatal day they exhibited great hardihood, singing such pieces as "Bold Jack Dunaho" and "Bingen on the Rhine," and were stolid, frivolous and careless, joking about their doom. Perry had a parting scene with his brother, in which both were overcome. Crab was asked to tell who shot Hefferman. He replied, "That is not a fair question; I'll never tell that in this world." The priest having read a touching letter from Lysaught's afflicted parents, and some one in the room having a looking glass, he jumped up, exclaiming, "By golly, I must look at my face once more." Then turning to Crab, he remarked, "Look at yours—it is your last chance." Crab replied, "It ain't any use." Lysaught asked, laughingly, "Afraid you'll break the glass?" when all four seemed much tickled. Crab having eased Lysaught's handkerchief, the latter playfully snatched it away, saying, "Let me smell it for everlasting," then, turning to Crab, said, "You're enough to make a monkey grin." Perry was asked if he feared to die. He replied, "I don't dread it a bit. It's best to take it easy, it's got to come."

When the priest left them for a few moments they began to chat and joke about the ropes that would hang them, the feeling of contrition being evanescent. An immense crowd, numbering fifteen thousand persons, were on the ground. At twenty minutes past eleven, the prisoners were brought to the gallows, which they mounted with a firm step, and stood gazing around for nineteen minutes, while the charges and specifications and sentence were read. Perry composedly leaned against one of the uprights and surveyed the crowd. Crab took hold of the noose before him, and viewed it with a comic look, testing its strength with his thumb, and rubbing his head against the rope. Knight buttoned his coat, chewing his cud of tobacco violently and showing nervousness. As his arms were bound his face quivered a moment. During the prayer he knelt, bowing his head and holding his handkerchief to his face, which was bleeding.

Lysaught took a farewell chew of tobacco, saying, "Pretty rough, ain't it?" Crab also asked forgiveness for his misdeeds, and shrugged his shoulders and exclaimed, "Its kind of cold." A chum called on him on the platform, and was affectionately kissed by Knight and Crab, as he went down the steps, the former called out, "Take warning by this." Just before the drop fell, Perry held out his hand and said, "Jim Johnson, give my brother that." At thirteen minutes after 12 o'clock the rope was cut, and the four bodies fell with a heavy thump. Lysaught's neck was broken. The knot slipped with Knight and Crab, who died with many struggles and convulsive writhings. Perry died by strangulation, but did not move much. After hanging twenty minutes, the bodies were cut down and placed in common pauper coffins.

A bill is about to be presented to the Legislature to establish an additional court in Cambria county, which is to be known as the District Court, with power to exercise all and singular the powers and jurisdiction of the Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas of Cambria county.

On Wednesday, 17th inst., while engaged in loading a sawlog on the fore wheels of a wagon, near Madison Furnace, Clarion county, Reed M. Mills, a returned soldier, was struck on the back of the neck by the tongue of the wagon and almost instantly killed.

DIED:

BAYARD—January 27th, FANNIE, daughter of Stephen and Lucy Bayard, aged 2 years 6 months and 25 days.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from residence of J. P. Goff, East Birmingham, at 2 o'clock, P. M., MONDAY.

McGREW—At the residence of his father, on Observatory Hill, Lord's Day morning, at 3½ o'clock ROBERT McGREW, in the 36th year of his age.

The funeral will take place THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. Carriages will leave the Market House, Allegheny, at 1 o'clock.

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The world-renowned Comedienne,
MAD'LLE OTTILIE GENEE,
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The Daily Commercial

MONDAY, JANUARY 29, 1866.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence on matters of public interest is solicited and will be thankfully received from our friends in all parts of the country, when accompanied by responsible names. More especially, whatever relates to the discovery and production of oil lands and reliable oil intelligence in general, will be acceptable and is desired. Events of local interest, mechanical and agricultural results, inventions and improvements of every description, clearly and briefly described, are solicited. To secure attention, communications should be brief and entirely reliable, and should be sent as promptly as possible.

Letters concerning the business department of the newspaper or printing office should be addressed to the Business Manager. Communications designed for the paper should be addressed to the Editor.

LET THERE BE WISDOM THAT THERE MAY BE SAFETY.

That, in the progress of the discussion and legislation on the question of negro suffrage, there would be a moment when men would be brought to comprehend that, in spite of anything, it would become a local as well as a general political issue, we have never doubted. If that moment has not been reached, we think those who observe the drift of matters must perceive it has been rapidly approached. From the outset, in what we have had to say, we have kept this in view; and, therefore, we have continually applied the question to Pennsylvania as well as to the Southern States, in the wish that public men might be made to perceive that, manage it as they would, sooner or later the question must come home to them as a local issue, working good or evil to them and to the principle itself. It has not been difficult to perceive, that there was danger of men, charged with high duties, and favored with unequaled opportunities, wrecking themselves and sacrificing, or if not sacrificing, at the very least imperiling, the principles committed to their hands. The sacredness of a principle is no certain protection against such a catastrophe. It should, but unfortunately it does not always, inspire men to be prudent and wise. On the contrary, the zeal of men, placed under such circumstances not unfrequently leads to recklessness, ending in the defeat of the enterprises which with the best of motives they undertook to manage.

Whether or not there is in the present attitude of Congress, in the purposes or in the action of the majority, touching suffrage, and on the grave questions incident to public affairs, the need of more prudence, a calmer scrutiny of the difficulties in the way, a deeper sounding of popular sentiment, it may be well for that majority itself to pause to consider. We beg leave to remind men that as things are going on, they must prepare to meet negro suffrage as a local issue. They ought to know how this will effect them. How it will effect the cause to which they are so sincerely devoted, And they ought to take time to make soundings that will indicate clearly the safe channel in which to steer the ship they are navigating.

One fact must be apparent to all men: They who carried the country through the struggle of the Rebellion must settle rightly, if they ever so settled, the momentous questions growing out of it. This fact should never be lost sight of. Men must be politicians as well as statesmen. If they are not, they will, by results, prove themselves to be neither the one nor the other, but unsafe leaders, with a long train of ruined followers. It is not too much to say that the life of the Republic itself is still, as it was throughout the war, dependent on the Union party. When you do anything to disturb its harmony, you imperil the country. There is no need of argument on this point. Conviction follows in the mind, when for one instant it considers the question, who will succeed to the management of public affairs in case the Union party, under issues created by itself, should be overborne? Manifestly all the varied and vast elements of secession, embracing the Democratic party in the North, recruited perhaps from our broken ranks, and almost the entire South, rolled into one party, ready to repudiate the public debt, or if not that, to levy a tax in order to pay the rebel as well as the loyal debt, and bent on taking the back track on all the questions and ideas in the interest of Civilization and Freedom growing out of the war. If the bare thought of such a state of things is not enough to impel men charged with the grave responsibility of managing the momentous questions of the day, involving the issue of life or death, we know not what will. In the management of general principles due regard should be had to the specific application they will necessarily have, the issues that must spring out of them, and the effect that will follow these. Wise men will not disregard this view of the responsibilities, but will so study their action as not only to husband all their resources, but perpetuate the power providentially committed to their hands for the salvation of the Republic.

The other day in the Senate, Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts, to whom for his great services the country owes an incalculable debt, with a courage that has characterized his public life throughout, announced that they who have in charge the great questions of the day would stop at nothing, but would put them through at will, and that all who were not prepared to go through with them must take themselves out of the way or they would be run over. While we admired the devotion to principle in this bold, almost defiant, proclamation by the Massachuetts Senator, we could but deplore the apparent if not real danger in such a spirit ruling at this time. Devotion to principle, without a wise study of means, is fatality itself. The only parallel which occurs to our mind is the reckless engineer, who proclaims that in spite of everything his train will go through, and who heeds not the warning, from a prudent, thoughtful source, that from the raging of the elements there is no track ahead, and that ruin must follow the attempt. To Mr. Wilson and his friends we wish to suggest that public opinion is the track they should make sure of, and we beg to say, also, that measures may be put through Congress, but a long array of immolated members and the country transferred to the hands of its enemies may be the result. Let men remember that they are creating issues to be tried at home,—tried as one was in Connecticut, in Michigan and in other States, in every one of which negro suffrage went down.

We have striven by every means in our power, from first to last to regard this question, as men are coming to regard it, in the light of a local question, of local application, not that we were ready to sacrifice principle on the altar of expediency, but because we conceived that it was a case in which you should study expediency if you would be faithful to the ends in view. Let our friends in Congress—everywhere—be wise; it is not beneath them, in their sublime devotion to grand ideas, to study expediency. Let them be sure there is a track before them, that they are not running on an imaginary one, practicable and even splendid in theory, but not an existing fact. There is a North as well as a South. In its keeping are the destinies of the Republic. That they may be well kept, let us have union, union between Congress, the President, the people, so that the strength and harmony which carried the Republic through the struggle of the rebellion may be long preserved to control the questions growing out of it.

The Reason Why It Could Not Stand It.—The Pittsburgh *Dispatch* explains that it could not stand the enlargement, over which, a few weeks ago, it made such a fuss, because the advertising patronage of that paper fell off to such an extent that it was forced to retreat to its old size. This confession is a creditable piece of frankness, and, on the whole, though a disagreeable thing to do, shows good business tact on the part of the proprietors, who doubtless will profit by the unlucky venture. Under the circumstances we can pardon our testy little neighbor for the remarkable liberty it takes with the truth when speaking of the Commercial. It is but natural that, perceiving us going ahead all the time, while its spasmodic attempts to imitate us all fail, it should seek to conceal its mortification by talking about our "sinking over $50,000 in a single year," "one thousand circulation," and the like. Persons who know not how to publish a successful paper—one which the reading public must have and will not be without—are naturally astonished at those who do. Perceiving that the Commercial has all the time been rapidly growing in business and influence, and that it is read everywhere, while all the attempts by our neighbor to make that little concern something else than what it ever has been, is now and ever will be, have failed, it very naturally concludes that we must have lost *at least $50,000*, because it has lost a much *smaller sum*,—a sum large enough, however, to cause it to beat a hasty retreat, without so much as a single word or note of warning, into the small corner from which it so lately came forth with such a flourish of trumpets that made people wonder what would take place next. Those who were curious on the point did not have to wait long, at least so far as the *Dispatch* was concerned.

As for the Commercial, it has lost no "$50,000," nor any other sum. Its success is complete. Its circulation is larger by far than that of any other paper in all this part of the country. Its business in every department is growing daily, and the prospect before it is all that could be desired. And that is just what is the matter!

We said the other day that the hitch in the House of Representatives on Mr. Stevens's amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which in the most extraordinary manner he undertook to rush through, without debate or examination, under the previous question, was likely to prove something more than a temporary halt. And so it turns out. Thus far the opposition has been from members of Mr. Stevens's peculiar class—"radicals," we believe they are sometimes called—who do not perceive things in the light he does. For instance, Mr. Ashley and Mr. Julian think the proposition yields a principle by conceding to the States sole control over suffrage. Mr. Shellabarger, one of the ablest "radicals," denounces it because "it violates the fundamental principles of the Government and is intrinsically unjust." Mr. Lawrence, General Schenck, Mr. Farnsworth, Mr. Broomall, Mr. Pike, Mr. Eliot, Mr. Baker, and others of the same school, oppose it for distinct reasons. If these impediments do not prove to be fatal, they at least show how mistaken was Mr. Stevens in judging the temper of the House, and how tyrannical and dangerous was the attempt at suppressing debate under the "previous question." In some quarters, we perceive, the opinion is entertained that the scheme has wholly failed, but to our mind this is not by any means certain. We do hope, however, that the delay will prove beneficial in producing a better understanding and harmonious action on the part of the friends of freedom and right.

CONFIDENCE AND CAPITAL.

Many have expected that, on the cessation of the war, great financial difficulties would be experienced in this country, involving both individuals and the nation in embrrassments from which they could extricate themselves only with great loss, difficulty and delay. This opinion has prevailed, perhaps, more extensively abroad than at home. The English, who might prove their own experience, know something of the capabilities of a nature for having great changes and sudden augmentation of debts, have been particularly free in anticipating a financial crisis for the United States. From the experience of our state of peace, we do not perceive any very startling indications of the expected crisis. And we hope that the caution and prudence of the people may lead them so to conduct business and so to limit their expenditures, as to avoid the danger altogether. From present appearances, a financial crisis is quite as likely to occur as soon in England as in this country. And if we do encounter the difficulties and the ruin involved in a general crisis, it is quite as likely to reach us from abroad as to originate at home.

The same causes that produce embarrassment and loss in one country will do it in another. And among these cases none is more common, either in England or here, than the abuse of credit. This exists and operates in various ways—in incurring liabilities in excess of all certain or even probable means of payment, in extending business to hazardous lengths, in undertaking business projects whose remunerative returns are extremely uncertain while the expenses of them are constant and heavy.

All these may be called the abuse of credit, or, in other words, the substitution of confidence for capital. In England, within three years past, it is said that no less than eight hundred joint stock companies were formed for various business purposes, with a nominal capital of over three hundred and fifty million pounds sterling, or more than seventeen hundred million dollars. Now it is perfectly obvious that such an amount of capital was greatly in excess of the legitimate or even the possible increase of business in the time specified. So that had that amount of money been really set apart to these new enterprises, the results directly on the stockholders, and indirectly on the other business of the country, would be highly injurious. But it is absurd to suppose that such an amount of capital, or any approach to it, was thus invested in new enterprises. Confidence probably supplied the place of a good deal more than half. The high valuation set on blockade running stock, for example, risked mainly on the uncertain profits of the business—the confident hopes of the parties being the measure of its value. The like characteristic has distinguished mining enterprises both in England and America. Numerous oil companies have had the same character, resting to a small extent on capital and to a large extent on confidence.

Delay of profits when prolonged destroys confidence, and enterprises without capital soon go down. But those with capital then prosper the better. That the number of speculative enterprises has been unusually large in this country, as it has been in England, for the last three or four years, is undoubtedly true. And indirectly many of them may have been stimulated by the war. But their failure, even though it should be extended to them universally, would no more impair the credit of the nation than it would of those well established and sound institutions of business whose capital is not imaginary but real. And although, from over trading, from reckless speculation, from misplaced confidence in fancy stocks, and from wild and impossible schemes of enterprise, there may be serious individual losses and embarrassments, yet we believe the finances of the nation will be maintained in a healthy condition, and that the capital of the country will be most profitably employed, for years to come, as in years past. Confidence as a support to capital, as a substitute for it, is, of course, indispensable in human transactions. And this, with industry, integrity and prudence, will carry the country safely through every danger.

THE PATH OF MANY DIFFICULTIES.

Impatience of delay, without reference to the cause or occasion of it, is childish. Slow movements are often demanded by safety, and, in fact, secure, in many cases, desired results more surely and more speedily than rapid ones. During the war, the demand of loyalty was a safe, honorable and enduring peace. This end was patiently and steadily pursued. So, the safe, honorable and permanent reconstruction of the government should now be steadily and patiently pursued. Mistakes may be made, as they were in the war, and time must be taken to correct them. United counsel and action must be maintained, among those whose co-operation carried through, to triumph, the terrible conflict. Nine months could not reasonably be expected to repair the damage, to all interests and relations, effected by a four years' war. Wonderful progress has been made and is still making. But much remains to be done, before the entire machinery of government is entirely in gear and in good working order.

This conflict was different from ordinary wars between nations. In international war, much of the negotiation for peace goes on while the contest is yet in full progress, and when an agreement is reached, the recurrence of peace finds all arrangements and conditions complete and ready for ratification. It could not be so here. Submission was the first, the last and the only condition of peace. And when that was rendered, the measures of restoration had to be commenced. Here, too, the office and responsibility rest wholly on the government, which, while extending protection to the subdued, has the paternal duty devolved upon it of at once maintaining its own authority and seeking the welfare of its erring children. Other countries wonder that we get on in this momentous business so well, considering the difficulties. The difficulties overcome and the progress made should secure our admiration and gratitude too.

Baltimore and New Orleans.—The fine steamship Cuba is now loading at Baltimore for New Orleans. She will make a round trip monthly, and will carry the United States mail. She will sail on Wednesday of this week. She can take about eighty cabin passengers and a large freight.

THE WAY IT WILL AFFECT PENNSYLVANIA.

The practical effect in Pennsylvania of Mr. Stevens's proposition to amend the Constitution relative to representation in Congress, if adopted, will be to deprive the State of the colored population in the apportionment, until the negroes have had conferred on them the right of suffrage. Whether this will precipitate the question of negro suffrage into our local politics, is a question that very naturally comes up in connection with the pending proposition.

Hon. P. C. Shannon.—The Blairsville *Era* announces that it has been informed that Hon. P. C. Shannon, of this city, is to be appointed Governor of one of the Territories. Judge Shannon's fine abilities peculiarly fit him for the discharge of the duties of such an appointment, and his eminent services to the Union party are entitled to this recognition by the Government.

The Manufacturing Products of Pittsburgh.

In view of the report made to Congress, that the value of the manufacturing product of Pittsburgh is but eleven millions of dollars, the following list of the leading branches is interesting. It includes not all, but the principal establishments, leaving hundreds of others, but by no means important ones, unrepresented.

Rolling mills	31	Oil refineries	53
Machine shops	33	Breweries	30
Boiler factories	12	Cotton factories	5
Nut, bolt and washer factories	4	Tanneries	30
Copper smelting works	1	Tobacco factories	58
Blast furnaces	7	White lead factories	4
Locomotive works	1	Chemical factories	4
Wrought-iron tube factories	4	Woolen factories	4
Malleable iron factories	2	Carriage factories	10
Cast steel saw factories	2	Potteries	16
Gun barrel factories	2	Flouring mills	5
Chain factories	3	Cannon foundry	1
Forges making large shafting, &c	10	Copper manufactories	8
Plow and agricultural implement factories	9	Ax and shovel manufactories	2
Tile factories	3	Ship yards	11
Steel works	5	Marble works	8
Iron foundries	46	Wagon factories	12
Brass foundries	10	Large manufactories of clothing (not tailor shops)	20
Copper rolling mills	2	Collieries attached to the coal trade of the city	175
Glass factories	50		

The oil refineries alone foot up nearly one-half the eleven millions. The steel works will probably make them double that sum, to say nothing of the rolling mills, iron foundries, glass factories, etc., etc. We understand that means are to be taken to make a suitable correction of the gross and injurious errors resulting from the imperfect census.

Faithless Emigrants.—Mr. J. J. Mhoon, of Memphis, Tennessee, engaged at Castle Garden, New York, a few days since a car load of German emigrants, to go to Memphis and work for him on his farm, he agreeing to pay their fare. The party arrived at Cincinnati on Friday, and while waiting at the depot for reshipment on boat to Memphis, the Germans were induced to forsake their benefactor, and stop with the Germans of Cincinnati, thus defrauding Mr. Mhoon of about $1,000, which he had expended for their fare. It was a shameless affair on the part of the Cincinnatians.

Retrenchment.—A bill will soon be introduced in Congress abolishing the position of Naval Officer and Surveyor of Customs at the principal ports of entry in the United States, on the ground that they are mere sinecures and can be dispensed with without detriment to the service. It is estimated that between one hundred and fifty and two hundred thousand dollars will be saved annually to the Government by the measure.

Spool Cotton.—There are 9 establishments in Maschusetts for the manufacture of spool cotton, 3 in Bristol County, 4 in Essex, and 1 in each Hampden and Plymouth. The total value of cotton used was $865,538; value of cotton made $1,336,098; capital invested, $990,098; hands employed, 867.

Another Chicago Mystery.—A short time ago a hydrant emitted a human finger. On Wednesday last two human arms were picked up in the street. What next?

Louisiana Episcopal Diocese.—A New Orleans correspondent of the Boston *Post* writes as follows: Since the death of Rt. Rev. Leonidas Polk in the Confederate army, we have had a church here without a Bishop as we have had a State without any certain Governor. The various parishes, however, have recently been reorganized, several classes fitted for confirmation, and recently Bishop Wilmer, of Alabama, whose own churches were closed by order of General Thomas, invited here to perform the apostolic rite. No objection was made to it till the Trinity class had been confirmed, but when the Bishop was preparing to perform the same rite at Christ's, the church in which Dr. Leacock succeeded Dr. Hawks, of New York, he was notified by the District Commander, General Sherman, that he would not be allowed to proceed. He therefore wisely returned to Alabama, without going to the church, where an orderly was waiting to serve the formal military notice, if necessary, and left unto Cæsar the things that were not Cæsar's. Subsequently arrived Bishop Gregg, of Texas, who confirmed a class at Calvary, but that of Christ's is still without the saving sacrament. Since these events the General Commanding in Alabama has removed the disability under which Bishop Wilmer labored, reopened the doors of his churches, and in a spiteful, personal attack delivered over the Bishop "to his own conscience." One would naturally be curious to know how this plain recital will read in some page of our country's history or among the records of heaven.

A Perilous Journey on Floating Ice.—The St. Louis *Democrat*, of the 23d inst., says that a man named Daniel Collins, of Jersey Co., Illinois, started from his home at Grafton to cross the Illinois river, about three o'clock in the afternoon of the 22d inst., but before reaching his destination, his skiff was wrecked by hug pieces of floating ice, and without any means of extricating himself, he floated in his frail craft a distance of forty miles, to St. Louis, on reaching which place he aroused himself and attracted the attention of Capt. Dressler, by crying for help at the top of his voice. The man was nearly exhausted from hunger and cold, and his face, hands, legs and feet were so badly frost-bitten that he was unable to walk. He was brought to the shore on the ferry boat, and sent in a carriage to the office of the board of health, where Drs. Stark and Grisson administered restoratives, and sent him to the hospital.

The President's Appointments.—As a further encouragement (?) to those who are waiting to see President Johnson turn his back upon his friends in the Union party and appoint to office none but rebels, rebel sympathizers, etc., we feel gratified in recording the recent appointment of Dr. A. P. Dostie as Surveyor of the port of New Orleans. Dr. Dostie, is rather an ultra radical. He was driven out by the rebels, and for a time lived in Chicago, but returned after General Butler occupied the city, and has since been there engaged in the various radical measures of reconstruction that have been agitated in Louisiana. He was elected Auditor at the same time that Mr. Hahn was chosen Governor; but when Mr. Wells succeeded to that office, Dr. Dostie was turned out. His selection for the important place of Surveyor cannot be very agreeable either to Governor Wells or to the rebels who now bear sway in Louisiana.

Bishop Colenso and His Diocese.—Late European exchanges give a report of Bishop Colenso's arrival at Natal, in South Africa, where he at once proceeded to exercise authority, but was interfered with by the Bishop of Capetown, his metropolitan, aided by a portion of the clergy. Bishop Colenso preached in the Cathedral on the Sunday after his arrival, but not until a decree of court was served upon the Dean and church wardens, interdicting them from closing the doors, and the reading of a protest to the Bishop, as he ascended the church steps. The ropes were taken off the bells, and the linen cloth removed, and the harmonium locked up. The Cathedral was crowded and the service proceeded without further interruption; and, it is added, that to avoid the difficulty presented by the locking up of the harmonium the Bishop "pitched the tune" himself.

Secretary Harlan made a serenade speech in Washington on Thursday evening, which he concluded as follows: I need hardly say that during the brief period I may remain in my present position I shall not fail to discuss these opinions or urge my convictions in the proper quarter; nor am I disposed to say to-night that such views would be distasteful to the great and good man who is the Chief of the Republic. Heretofore he has had the capacity to speak for himself. I believe it has been his purpose to leave the great question of admission with the two houses of Congress."

The Philadelphia Steamships Again.—The *Bulletin* repeats what has been asserted ever so many times, that "the six hundred thousand dollars required to start our Southern steamship line have been *nearly* collected, and, in a short time, the company will be chartered. The capital will at once be employed in the purchase of first-class steamers, which will run regularly to New Orleans, Mobile, Savannah, Charleston and Wilmington."

PERSONAL.

—Rev. Dr. Muhlenberg's sermon at the funeral of the late Robert B. Minturn, Esq., is the shortest on record, though several are recorded with as few words. He read the words of the Prophet Micah: "He hath shown thee, O man, what is good: and what doth the Lord require of thee, but to do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God? And then added: "So did he."

—The palace of Claremont, heretofore inhabited by the Orleans family, having reverted to the British Crown by the death of King Leopold, to whom it had been ceded as a grant only during his lifetime, Queen Victoria has gracefully waived this privilege, and intimated to Queen Amelie of France that she is delighted to place the palace at her disposal in the future as in the past.

—Rev. Mr. Carroll, of the South Church in New Haven, in a funeral sermon last Sabbath, stated that the entire amount expended by the late Gerard Hallock in the erection of that church, and the support of preaching there, was $119,000.

—A movement has been inaugurated in Texas to provide a homestead for General John B. Hood, of the late rebel army, in that State, which he claims as his home. A meeting was held in San Antonio, and a subscription in each county recommended; the funds to be forwarded to John S. Sellers & Co., of Galveston, as Tresurers of the "Hood Homestead Fund." An address to the people of Texas was also prepared, which speaks in high terms of the character and reputation of General Hood, and urges his fellow citizens to contribute of their means to provide a permanent home for him, especially as he has lost one limb in the war, and received wounds which deprive him of the use of another. A traveling agent was appointed to solicit and collect contributions.

—Parson Brownlow, referring to the loyalty of certain districts of Tennessee, says:—If Jesus Christ came down from Heaven to-morrow with any number of glittering stars on his shoulder-straps, and the twelve Apostles for his staff, they would all, bag and baggage, be expelled by the rebels of Davidson county.

—The Rev. Reginald Heber Newton, son of the Rev. Dr. Newton, has accepted the rectorship of St. Paul's church, Philadelphia, made vacant by the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Goddard, Mr. Newton has lately been officiating in Sharon, Pa.

—The Lieut. General is now in full possession of his residence, on Douglas' row, and everything is in tip-top housekeeping order. The event will be duly celebrated by a fitting reception on the evening of the 29th, at which the President, his Cabinet, and other distinguished individuals will no doubt be present.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

A private letter from London, dated January 6, says: "The lease by the Atlantic and Great Western railroad contemplates the establishment of a line of ocean steamers from Philadelphia. When one half of the stock necessary is subscribed, the railway company agree to furnish the other half. Negotiations are in progress for the extension of the Atlantic and Great Western railroad to Chicago, If successful, flour will be carried to Philadelphia and New York for $1 25 per barrel, and Indian corn at 25 cents per bushel, time guaranteed at four days, and no terminal expenses."

Letters from Charleston, S. C., represent that there are still two million bales of cotton in the South; they also state that there is great activity in the sale of this product, and that notwithstanding the impression generally prevalent as to its scarcity, it is steadily being brought into the market. The prospect of securing a fair yield of cotton in the interior of the State is encouraging, and the freedmen are generally industrious and self supporting.

In the late severe weather David H. Pertler, of Meeker county, Minnesota, had his feet frozen, and after the frost was taken out by immersing them in cold water, kerosene was applied for about a week, when he died. Under the penetrating and weakening qualities of the oil, his strength rapidly failed. Its influence on his mind was singular. He thought the oil would burn him to death, and frequently fancied he could see the flame in the room.

It is asserted that the departure of Mr. Campbell for Mexico is not deferred because of an apparent unwillingness on the part of the Senate to confirm him, but because the Government has hinted to him that it would be advisable to remain, and await "further instructions." It is not at all probable that Mr. Campbell will ever leave for Mexico.

The lower House of the Wisconsin Legislature yesterday adopted a resolution in favor of enacting laws to protect the people against railroad and steamboat monopolies. A bill was also offered incorporating a company to construct a railroad from Oshkosh southwest through the Fox River Valley to some point on the Mississippi river, in Grant county.

A sensible New York judge said in a recent case when $3,000 damages were awarded: "It is as much the duty of the vehicle to keep out of the way of pedestrians, as it is for the latter to escape being run over by the former. Therefore drivers have no right to monopolize the privileges of the streets as they now do, and foot passengers should make them understand the fact by a few legal experiences."

At the Dead Letter Office in Washington a letter was recently received containing a check for eight thousand dollars in coin, directed to a lady in New York, requesting her "to accept the inclosed as a return for the kindness shown my father and mother," dated at the Astor House, and signed "John," who was to start immedtately for Europe. The Postmaster General directed thorough search for the lady and at last found her.

Besides Roman Catholic journals already established, the following new ones have appeared during the year: *The Catholic Standard* at Philadelphia, *The Spectator* at Washington, *The Catholic Monthly, The Catholic World, Ava Maria, Nomad: St. Louis Guardian, Spare Hours, Catholic Journal*, (German,) and *The Old and New World* (German.)

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has received a communication from a farmer, inquiring whether farm products sold in 1864, that have been assessed in 1863, are liable to taxation. In reply, the Commissioner says that there is no provision of law for exempting farm products from tax when sold on account of their having paid a tax already; and in the second place, it is clear that in a majority of cases, it is only apparently the fact that a second tax is paid, and consequently the tax will be assessed upon the value of a year's crop.

It has been ascertained that there were shipped from various points in this State, during the navigable season of 1865, of wheat alone, eight million, twelve thousand five hundred and sixty-five bushels.

Owing to the vast increase in our commercial relations with the Celestial Empire, it has been proposed that the interests of the United States would be advanced by the establishment of a college, that flowery kingdom, and the project, we hear, is now under discussion by the Foreign Committee.

The United States Commissioner of Customs has received information from Dacotah that the Canadian smugglers for some time past have been engaged in smuggling large quantities of goods into that Territory, enough to supply the demand there. Measures will at once be taken to put a stop to the contraband traffic.

The commanders of the several military departments in the South and Southwest have been directed from headquarters in Washington to issue stringent orders for the protection of the freedmen against the negro vagrant laws passed by most of the Southern Legislatures.

The New Freedmen's Bureau Bill.

The bill to enlarge the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau, which passed the Senate, by 37 to 10, is in substance as follows:

Sec. 1. Original act to continue in force. President to establish 12 or less districts, with an Assistant Commissioner for each, to be appointed, or, in his discretion, detailed from the army.

Sec. 2. The Commissioner to assign sub-districts, with one agent to each. Assistant Commissioners may have six clerks, agents of subdistricts two; military jurisdiction to extend over all employees of the Bureau.

Sec. 3. Secretary of War may direct such issues of provisions, clothing, fuel, &c., for refugees and freedmen, as he deems needful.

Sec. 4. President may reserve for freedmen and refugees 3,000,000 acres of unoccupied land in Florida, Mississippi, and Arkansas, which the Commissioner of the Bureau shall allot in 40 acre parcels; rent thereof to be based on a valuation of the land, and occupants may purchase at assessed value.

Sec. 5. Titles to Sea Islands, &c., under Sherman's order, confirmed for three years.

Sec. 6. Commissioner shall purchase lands required for support of dependent freedmen and refugees, and build asylums and schools; Congress to provide appropriations for the same and the lands are not to be sold at less than cost.

Sec. 7. Where rights of labor, of contract, of inheritance, of property, the equal benefit of laws, security of person, are denied to freedmen, the President shall extend military jurisdiction and jurisprudence for their protection.

Sec. 8. Whoever subjects any freedman to slavery or involuntary servitude except for punishment for crime, or discriminates between white and black in penalties, shall be punished by fine of $1,000 and one year's imprisonment. Officers of the Bureau to have jurisdiction of all such complaints, so long as and whenever such discrimination on account of color continues, and wherever State and United States Courts are not in full and peaceful operation.

Aspect of our Foreign Relations.—It is asserted that leading secession spirits of the South are secretly working for trouble between this country and Mexico, in the hope that war with France will be the result. Senator Guthrie, of Kentucky, in a late speech, thus alluded to the aspect of our foreign relations:

> Mr. President, let me say that in my opinion we are not in a condition to continue the state of things now existing in the Southern States. Our relations with foreign countries are in a very unsettled state. Our difficulties with England still remain unadjusted. Our relations with France are not settled. This Mexican question remains environed with difficulties. Whatever may be thought of the Monroe doctrine, we cannot but feel that it was unkind on the part of the Emperor of France, while we were engaged in our domestic troubles, to import an army into Mexico and set up an emperor there right opposite to us; a man who, according to the newspapers, is now shooting by wholesale all the prisoners that he captures.

It is hoped, however, that the firm yet forbearing attitude assumed by the United States in Mexican affairs will avert all present danger from that quarter.

Society in Washington and the President.—We have frequently had occasion to record brilliant and large receptions at the Executive Mansion, but that which took place last evening was the largest and most brilliant of the season. The company began to arrive early, and before nine o'clock, when the President appeared in the Blue Parlor and joined his daughters, Mrs. Patterson and Mrs. Stover, in receiving the salutations of their visitors, the three parlors and East Room were filled with such an assemblage as we believe has seldom been surpassed in this country for distinction in the various walks of life. The President was in excellent health and in fine spirits, and received his fellow-citizens with his characteristic ease and cordiality. He does not seem at all oppressed with the cares of government, and evidently enjoys the recreation of an hour or two among his fair country-women, and in exchanging greetings with the people on these occasions. Indeed, he more than once spoke of it as a relief from the office attendance. Mrs. Patterson and Mrs. Stover must have been gratified with the manifestations of interest and attachment shown to them on all sides—an attachment which has been conciliated by their genuine sincerity and unaffected kindness of heart and demeanor.—*Washington Intelligencer.*

FOR PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

For the finest and most elegant Perfumery,
For Sponges of all kinks,
For any and all Patent Medicines,
For Medicinal Liquors of all kinds,
Go to McClarran & McKennan's.

The above house keeps in store at all times one of the finest and best assortments of pure and fresh Drugs and Medicines in the country, and will spare no pains to provide for their trade the best and most reliable goods at prices low.

Remember the place.

McCLARRAN & McKENNAN,
McCLARRAN & McKENNAN,
85 Market street,
85 Market street,
ja24 Corner Diamond, near Fifth.

PRIME CARBONATE OF AMMONIA.

Prime Carbonate of Ammonia.
Prime Carbonate of Ammonia.
Prime Carbonate of Ammonia.
Prime Carbonate of Ammonia.
A fresh importation.
A fresh importation.
A fresh importation.
A fresh importation.
For sale at low rates at
For sale at low rates at
For sale at low rates at
For sale at low rates at
FLEMING'S Drug Store, No. 84 Market street,
Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.
Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.
Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.
Pittsburgh.
ja29 Pittsburgh.

ARTHUR KIRK,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

CARBON OIL GLASS LAMPS,

of all patterns, styles and prices.

A large stock of

AMALGAM BRONZE AND SPELTER LAMPS AND CHANDELIERS.

Also, the celebrated National Refining and Storing Company REFINED CARBON OIL constantly on hand.

ARTHUR KIRK,
ja27 3m 172 and 174 Federal st., Allegheny.

TO FARMERS AND GARDENERS

EUREKA AMMONIATED
BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,
AND
BRADLEY'S PATENT
Tobacco Fertilizer.

Having received the Agency for the sale of the above invaluable Fertilizer, we are prepared to furnish them in any quantity, at Manufacturers' prices. Send for pamphlet, containing testimonials, directions, prices, &c.

J. KNOX,
ja27 2wds-w-2w-w No. 29 Fifth street.

CRANBERRIES.—50 bbls choice Eastern Cultivated Cranberries, just received and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
dec5 141 and 143 First street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAUGHT AFLOAT—

A flatboat bottom, 160 feet long, 24 feet wide. Also an oil flat about 90 feet long, 16 feet wide, was caught afloat by the subscribers on January 19th, at Cork's Run, Gilmore's Landing, opposite Manchester. The owner will please come and take property as soon as possible.
J. E. McCLEARY,
ja29-1t —SIMPSON.

TO LET—

NEW BRICK HOUSE

Of five rooms, in Seventh Ward. Inquire of
C. F. EWING,
ja29-tf Attorney at Law, 103 Fourth street.

TO LET—

WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE ROOM,

No. 144 Water street. Also a pair of mules, harness and wagon for sale. Inquire of
MODES, RYRIE & CO., Lawrenceville.
ja29-1t Or on the premises.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE—

Consisting of a large 2 story brick dwelling, with extensive back building, well suited for a dwelling—or could be easily converted into a store and dwelling. Situated near to the junction of Fifth and Wylie streets. This property is offered at a bargain.

Apply at once to
B. McLAIN & CO., Real Estate Brokers,
ja29 103 Fourth street.

THE CONFESSION OF MARTHA

GRINDER has been published in pamphlet form by Messrs. JOHN P. HUNT & CO., 56 Fifth street, Masonic Hall. This is the ONLY AUTHENTIC STATEMENT of the LIFE and CRIMES of the "*MODERN BORGIA*" published. It is a most STARTLING REVELATION of her DEEDS AND MOTIVES that actuated them. THIS IS NOT A MERE REHEARSAL of the reports of the DAILY PAPERS. Sent postpaid on receipt of the PRICE, 25 CENTS.
ja29-3t

RELIABILITY GUARANTEED.

NOW IN PRESS A NEW

GAZETTEER OF INDIANA,

A complete and reliable work of

Commercial Information

For the use of WHOLESALE

Merchants and Manufacturers

Who are doing any business in Indiana.
Full extended descriptions of every

CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE

IN THE STATE,

Representing correctly the manufacturing, commercial and educational facilities of each.

Names of Business Men.

PROFESSIONAL MEN AND MANUFACTURERS, in every city, town and village in the State, well arranged for reference.

PRICE, FIVE DOLLARS A COPY,

PAYABLE ON DELIVERY.

Advertising Rates:

One page, with copy of book	$50 00
Half page, with copy of book	30 00
Quarter page, with copy of book,	20 00
Eighth page, with copy of book	12 00

This work is averaging a circulation of 40 subscribers in a county, and fully 2,000 copies will be taken in Western cities. It offers to Jobbers and Manufacturers the cheapest and most durable medium of advertising extant.

ROSSER, SPRING & COWEN,
ja29 2t Publishers, Lafayette, Indiana.

NEW GOODS,

LOWER PRICES.

OPENED THIS DAY AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal st., Allegheny

NEW PRINTS,
NEW DELAINES,
NEW GINGHAMS,
NEW CASSIMERES,
NEW FLANNELS,
IRISH LINENS,
SHIRTING MUSLINS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
&c., &c., &c.

At prices to correspond with the recent decline in the Eastern markets.

Wholesale and Retail Buyers

Will always find a good stock, at as low prices as they can be found anywhere, at

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal street,
ja29 ALLEGHENY CITY.

PLUMBING,

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

Our facilities for executing orders in the above lines are not surpassed by any in the trade. Our

STOCK OF MATERIAL

Is large and well selected. We avail ourselves of the best

Mechanical Skill,

And personally superintend all work entrusted to our care. All orders promptly attended to.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

167 SMITHFIELD STREET,
ja29 PITTSBURGH, PA.

Assistant Quartermaster's Office,
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 29th, 1866. }

GOVERNMENT SALE OF STORES

Will be sold at public sale to the highest bidder, at the Government Store-house, on Penn street, opposite the Fort Wayne Railroad Depot, in this city, on THURSDAY, February 8th, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following condemned clothing, camp and garrison equipage, viz:

2 cap covers,
1 sash,
1 uniform jacket, "P,"
5 pairs boots,
196 bed sacks (single)
10 bed sacks, (double)
308 spades,
7 shovels,
319 knapsacks,
95 haversacks,
1 bugle, "E M P,"
2 bugle cords and tassels,
1 camp color,
10 guidons,
6 bugles,
3 fifes,
2 guidon cases,
3 drums,
1 drum head batter,
2 drum slings,
5 pairs drums sticks,
21 tents, (wall)
17 tent flies, (wall)
153 tent pins (No.)
18 tent poles (wall) sets,
803 tents, common,
91 canteens,
20 axes,
15 axe helves,
144 camp kettles,
231 mess pans
13 camp hatches,
12 hatchet handles,
1 garrison flag,
2 garrisonflag halliards
2 storm flags,
304 tent poles (common) sets,
1595 tent poles (common) No.,
1 tent pin (common) sets,
3 tents, hospital,
2 tent flies, (hospital)
7 tent poles (hospital) sets,
393 tent (shelter) pieces,
54 pick axes,
35 pick axe handles,
2 color belts and s'kets
4 paulins,
1 axe sling,
1 picket shovel,
1 trumpet,
1 morning report book

Terms cash, United States Currency.

E. E. CAMP,
ja29-td Brevet Lt. Col. and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

ROSIN AND TAR.

500 bbls North Carolina Rosin for Brewers and Soap makers' use.
500 bbls North Carolina Tar, for sale by
W. S. BATCHELDER,
ja9 19 Irwin street.

WANTED.

Advertisements appearing under this head will be charged ten cents per line. *No advertisement will be inserted for less than* fifty cents.

WANTED—APPRENTICES.

WANTED—Apprentices for the Navy. For full information apply to Commander T. H. STEVENS, U. S. Navy, Commanding Naval Rendezvous, Erie, Pa. ja29-1m

WANTED—TO SELL.

WANTED—TO SELL—An interest in a Rolling Mill. Address MANUFACTURER, Commercial office. ja26-6t

WANTED—SITUATION.

WANTED—A young man of good address and steady habits, desires a situation. Is quick and correct at figures, and has a fair knowledge of Book-keeping. Address E. W. JONES, Pittsburgh Postoffice. ja26-2t

WANTED—A WAREHOUSE.

WANTED.—A large Warehouse for a term of years, to be used for manufacturing purposes. Address G. H. W. Commercial office. ja19-2w

WANTED—AX GRINDERS.

WANTED—Ax Grinders and Polishers, for which the highest price will be paid. Address for one week. to
H. WHITE SONS,
ja5-3w Salem, Columbiana county, Ohio.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED.—TO RENT—A House containing nine to twelve rooms, suitable for boarding house. Address JOHN HANNAN, at this office, giving location and where owner may be seen. ja23 tf

WANTED—TO CAPITALISTS.

WANTED—To dispose of one-half interest in valuable Oil Property, lying adjacent to Green river in Kentucky, and immediately contiguous to producing wells. The land consists of 190 acres in fee simple, and leases upon about 1,200 acres more. The property would be valuable to add to a large company's properties, or would be sufficient basis for separate organization. A liberal charter from State of Kentucky goes with the property. Address H, Commercial office, Pittsburgh. dec1-tf

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED — Great chance for agents—What the people want—the STANDARD HISTORY OF THE WAR, complete in one large volume of over 1,000 pages, splendidly illustrated with over 150 fine portraits of Generals, battle scenes, maps and diagrams. This work has no rival as a candid, lucid, complete, authentic and reliable history of the war. It contains reading matter equal to three large octavo volumes. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address JONES BROTHERS & CO. Philadelphia Pa. oc24-d&w3m

FOR RENT.

TO LET.

WAREHOUSE,

No. 268 Liberty street, occupied by Messrs. Watt & Wilson. Inquire of
B. F. JONES,
ja26-5t Of Jones & Laughlins.

TO LET—

A LOT OF GROUND,

Above Smithfield street, running through from First to Second street, 53 feet wide by 160 feet through. This Lot is very eligible for a CARRIAGE SHOP, BRASS FOUNDRY, or any manufacturing business requiring considerable room. Possession given June 1, 1866. Apply to
ja18-tf LYON, SHORB & CO.

FOR RENT.

Warehouse No. 61 Wood street, between Third and Fourth, embracing Store Rooms in first and second stories, with cellar; from April.

Several Rooms in second story front, of Lafayette Hall Building suitable for offices or sample rooms.

Two Rooms in second story, on Fourth street, near Wood, as above.

Also, a Photographic Gallery, on Fourth street near corner of Wood.

Possession of three of the small rooms can be given immediately. Apply to

ROBERT M'KNIGHT,
ja12-tf 133 FOURTH STREET.

TO THE LADIES.

GEORGE H. REED & CO.'S

LIQUID

DOMESTIC DYES,

WILL NOT FREEZE.

The constant demand we have had for LIQUID DYES has induced us to put up a complete line of

FORTY SHADES, ALL LIQUIDS.

Which will recommend themselves to every one who has ever used Liquid Dyes for

Brilliancy of Color,
Simplicity of Use,
Certainty of Satisfaction

(Complete directions for use with every package.)

☞ USE THE BEST ARTICLE.☜

See certificates from eminent Chemists on each package.

Samples actually dyed with each of the colors on silk and woolen, may be seen at the Drug Stores.

☞ Sold everywhere.

If you desire to insure GOOD COLORS, inquire for REED'S DOMESTIC DYES, and take no other kind.

GEORGE H. REED & CO.,
Boston, Manufacturers.

For sale by

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,

corner of Wood and Second street,

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,

At manufacturers' prices. ja20 3mm THAS

TO FARMERS,

Tobacco and Fruit Growers.

Your attention is called to the

EUREKA AMMONIATED
Bone Super-Phosphate of Lime
AND
Bradley's Patent
TOBACCO FERTILIZER,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

ALLEGHENY FERTILIZER COMPANY,

OF PITTSBURGH.

These Fertilizers are the cheapest, most reliable and convenient Manures ever manufactured insuring to the Farmer a large return for a small outlay, increasing the crops from forty to fifty per cent. In proof of this we submit the following Analysis made by Prof. OTTO WUTH, of this city, with the accompanying letter:

Analysis of Phosphate made by Prof. Otto Wuth, for the Allegheny Fertilizer Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., January 20, 1866:

	Moisture	6.30
	Carbonaceous Matter	25.82
Soluble in water.	Hydrate of Phosphoric Acid	13.58
	Lime, Magnesia, Per Oxyde of Iron	0.45
	Sulphate of Potash	1.23
	Sulphate of Ammonia	12.21
Difficult to disolve in water	Gypsum	36.47
Soluble in Acids	Phosphoric Acid	2.16
	Lime, Magnesia, Per Oxyde of Iron	1.03
Insoluble in Acid	Sand and Clay	0.75
		100.

Pittsburgh, January 20th, 1866.

Allegheny Fertilizer Company.

Gentlemen: Enclosed I send you the Analysis of your Eureka Ammoniated Bone Super-Phosphate of Lime. The immense value of the Super-Phosphate is well known to every Agriculturalist; also the fact, that the different Fertilizers is always in proportion to the amount of Soluble Phosphoric Acid and Salts of Ammonia. The "Eureka" contains over four-fifths of its Phosphoric Acid in the soluble state, also, twelve per cent. of Sulphate of Ammonia, and a considerable quantity of organic matter of fermenting quality. It is obvious that a Fertilizer of such a composition cannot be surpassed, and it gives me a great deal of pleasure to recommend your "Eureka" as the most reliable Fertilizer which has come to my knowledge.

Yours, respectfully,
OTTO WUTH,
Analytical and Consulting Chemist,
corner of Third and Smithfield streets.

For pamphlets containing directions for use, address ALLEGHENY FERTILIZER COMPANY, Box 1517, Pittsburgh, Pa., or 96 LIBERTY STREET.
ja23-3awlm-4tw

PITTSBURGH AND BALTIMORE

Lumber, Oil and Mining Co.,

CONSISTING OF SIXTY ORIGINAL SHARES.

PAR VALUE $1,000 EACH.

OFFICERS:

President	CHARLES SEIBERT.
Vice President	FREDERICK EVERT.
Treasurer	C. HOEVELER.
Secretary	J. C. DICKEN.

DIRECTORS:

Charles Seibert,	C. Hoeveler,
Frederick Evert,	John Bleicher,
Adam Becker,	C. P. Mugele,
William Mazet,	J. C. Dicken.
L. Schmidt.	

This Company has been organized under a charter from the State of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of manufacturing and selling Lumber, Mining and disposing of Coal, boring for and producing Oil, &c., upon their property, which they own in fee, consisting of 2,630 Acres of Land, adjoining the town of Rawlesburg, on the Baltimore and Ohio RR., in Preston co., West Virginia, the land extending upon and along the Cheat river for five miles, and being well timbered. Also, a lease for ten years of 62 acres of land on the Monongahela river in Westmoreland county, Pa. The title to the property has been carefully examined and found to be perfect; it is known to be rich in minerals, and covered with the best of timber. The original shares have nearly all been taken.

The books of the Company are now open at the office of C. HOEVELER, Esq., German Insurance Company, Liberty street, where a prospectus, giving full particulars, may be seen. ja27-MWStf

WOOLDRIDGE

OIL REFINING COMPANY,

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN WATT President.
HENRY M. LONG, Secretary and Treasurer.

Works in Temperanceville.

OFFICE, NO. 2 DUQUESNE WAY,
(Near Suspension Bridge.)

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

BRAND, "LUCIFER,"

This Oil cannot be excelled for burning properties, color or fire test, and is put up in well seasoned barrels suitable for HOME USE or EXPORT.

☞ Orders solicited.

DIRECTORS:

John Watt,	C. B. Herron,	Robt. Wallace,
Robert Lea,	H. H. Collins,	D. W. C. Carroll,
George Black,	C. L. Caldwell,	J. W. Porter.

ja27-3m

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE— A Farm, one-half mile from Freeport, Armstrong county, Pa., and 28 from the city of Pittsburgh, containing 117 Acres, and underlaid with Coal, which is only a few rods from the Railroad. The coal will be sold with or without the surface. Soil good, well watered and timbered, with Dwelling House and Orchards of the choicest fruit—say 1,400 or 1,500 bearing trees, together with a Nursery of fruit trees and grape-vines. This property affords a rare opportunity for a profitable investment. For terms and particulars inquire of R. ORR, No. 25 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja27-1tw-fe3

SUNDRIES—

500 boxes Goshen Cheese;
100 do Hamburg Cheese;
30 sacks Dried Peaches, halves;
30 barrels New York Dried Apples;
50 do do White Beans;
20 do Eastern cultivated Cranberries;
25 do Kiln dried Pearl Hominy;
20 do Missouri Fire Clay;
10 do Manganese;
30 casks Pearl Ash; for sale by
JNO. B. CANFIELD,
ja27 141 and 143 First street,

FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE.—Desiring to quit the Grocery Business, I now offer for sale my stock of Groceries, Flour, Feed, &c., and my large and commodious

STORE ROOM AND DWELLING,

situate on the corner of Main and Ellsworth streets, Salem, Ohio. This establishment enjoys an excellent run of custom, and has sold upwards of $30,000 worth of goods in the year just past. Business increasing every year, and is all cash. Address, for a few days,
GEORGE L. BROOKS,
ja27-6t Salem, Columbiana county, Ohio.

VALUABLE

PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT

FOR SALE.

The Proprietor of the AMERICAN STANDARD, published at Uniontown, Fayette county, Pa., will sell the good will, Types, Presses, and fixtures of this establishment to a good Republican capable of conducting a first-class Weekly Newspaper. It has a large and excellent sdbscription list,

SPLENDID JOB OFFICE,

And a patronage which will remit to an energetic business man $10,000 per annum clear of all expenses—the foreign advertising alone amounting to over $8,000 during a year, in Philadelphia, New York and Pittsburgh, exclusive of a valuable local advertising and job patronage.

It is located in one of the healthiest and most delightful country towns in Pennsylvania, in direct railroad communication with all the great Eastern and Western cities.

I am only induced to sell this establishment as my oil interests require so much of my time that I cannot give it the attention it requires.

The establishment is

WORTH $5,000,

but $4,600 will be taken if purchased within two months from this date. Address

J. W. BEAZELL,
ja26-3t Uniontown, Fayette County, Pa

FOR SALE—

THE STOCK AND INTERESTS

Of one of the best Millinery and Cloak establishments in Allegheny city, as the proprietor is about to quit business. Address Lock Box No. 134, Allegheny P. O. ja18-2w

HIDES, &c., FOR SALE.

5,000 dry salted city butcher Hides;
1,300 green salted butcher Hides;
75,000 lbs Beef Cracklings;
50 bbls Tanners' Oil.

The highest price paid for Hides, Tallow and Grease.
JAMES A. HOLT, 18 Second street,
between Main and the River, LOUISVILLE, KY.
☞ Storage can be had in cellar and upper floors of store. [ja19-1m] J. A. H.

FOR SALE—

One river Oil Boat, dimensions as follows: length 124 feet, width 16 feet, depth, 32 inches, bottom 3 inches, width 12 feet, oak on each kake.

Also, 1 canal Oil Barge, dimensions as follows: length 78 feet, width 14 feet, depth 38 inches, with cabin.

For further particulars inquire at No. 50 Federal street, Allegheny city, Pa. ec31-tf

BARGE FOR SALE—

100 feet in length, 18 feet breadth and 4½ feet depth, now lying at foot of Taylor street, Allegheny river.

Inquire of
GUTHRIE, JONES & CO.,
no14-tf No. 43 Market street.

FOR SALE.

AN ENGINE,

With boiler, fly wheel and everything in complete running order. Engine twelve inch cylinder, four feet stroke, boiler 22 feet, 40 inches diameter; two flues, fly wheel 15 feet. Apply at
je6-tf No. 107 FOURTH STREET.

FOR SALE.

1 Oil Still, capacity 15 barrels.
3 Boilers, 32 in. 14 ft.
5 Boilers, 32 in. 16 ft.

D. F. AGNEW & CO.,

Boiler Works, corner Carson and Butler streets, Ninth Ward. oc24

FOR SALE.

One Engine—15 inches diameter of cylinder, 4 feet 6 inches stroke, 18 feet heavy fly-wheel, with hot and cold water force pumps, blow-off safety valve, patent packing. This Engine is nearly new, and is of superior workmanship, all the castings being heavy. Also,

Four Engines—7½-inch cylinder, 24-inch stroke, suitable for oil wells. One is new, the others have been little used.

Four complete sets of Derrick Rigging—includes bull and band wheels, boring tools, castings, ropes, &c. Also, 1,200 feet of 2½ tubing, brass joints, pump barrels, rods, &c.

Thirty barrels of Bone Charcoal.

About 10 tons of Scrap Hoop Iron.

About 10 tons of Scrap Cast Iron.

Eighteen Wooden Tanks, 24 feet diameter, 16 feet staves, capacity 1,200 barrels each. Apply,
STANDARD REFINERY,
24 Wood street,
del8-tf Or at Refinery, near Sharpsburg Bridge.

RIVER BLACKSMITHS.

JAMES KENNEDY L. B. KENNEDY.

KENNEDY & SON,

Blacksmiths,

NO. 38, COR. OF WEST AND WATER STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Steamboat, Oil Tools and Railroad work in all their branches. ja5-3m

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT

SOUTH & ROSS'S,

63 Market street.
dec23

GENTLEMAN'S CALF BOOTS

AND CONGRESS GAITERS.

A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable prices.
S. DALZELL.
No. 122 Smithfield St., fourth door from Virgin Alley

MISCELLANEOUS.

AGENTS WANTED TO TAKE ORDERS for the best selling book now published. "Thrilling Stories of the Great Rebellion." Comprising heroic adventures and hair-breadth escapes of soldiers, scouts spies and refugees; daring exploits of smugglers, guerrillas, desperadoes and others: tales of loyal and disloyal women: stories of the negro, &c., &c., with incidents of fun and merriment in camp and field. By Lieut. Col. Charles S. Greene, late of the United States Army. Handsomely illustrated with engravings on steel and in oil colors. Send for circulars and see the liberal terms offered. CHARLES S. GREENE & CO., Publishers, No. 134 South Third street, Philadelphia. ja25 6t

WANTED.—AGENTS.—$150 PER MONTH, to sell the improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, cord, braid, bind, gather, quilt, and embroider beautifully. Price only $30. Every Machine is warranted three years. For terms address or call on C. BOWERS & CO.

Reception Rooms, No. 255 South Fifth street, Philadelphia. ja22-2w

I WANT TO RENT

OR BUY FOR CASH, A

Small but Comfortable Dwelling.

Possession desired during February or March.
ja17-tf T. W. MYERS, 26 Wood st.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

BRONZE LAMPS,
GILT LAMPS,
BOHEMIAN LAMPS,
STUDENT LAMPS,
FRENCH LAMPS

For the Holidays, at

WELDON & KELLY'S,

164 Wood Street, near Sixth.
dec15

WINTER BOOTS AND SHOES.

JAMES P. TANNER,

No 56 Wood street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Has just received a large and entirely fresh stock of Ladies, Misses' and Children's, Men's, Boy's and Youth's

BOOTS,
BALMORALS,
POLANDERS, &c.

BUFFALOES,
ARCTIC GAITERS and
RUBBER OVERSHOES,
BUSKINS, &c.

Which will be sold by the case or dozen, at a small profit.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

ORDERS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO.

J. P. TANNER,
dec22-9m 56 Wood street.

10 TONS

CAUSTIC SODA,

10 TONS

SAL SODA.

Arriving and for sale by
J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
ja19 63 WOOD STREET

WINTER GOODS.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN BEAVER, NUTRAI & SEAL

Caps, Gloves and Mufflers.

LADIES' FUR GLOVES,

SUPERIOR QUALITY.

FOR SALE BY

R. H. PALMER,
no29 84 Wood street.

M. A. JONES & CO.,
(Successors to J. P. Scott,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, OILS AND SPICES,

No. 296 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh.

SOLE AGENT

For Capt. E. Holbrooks Banner Brand Tobacco o Louisville Ky ja12-3mwas

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, as the firm of A. H. Harvey & Co., in the Barge and Lumber business, on Herr's Island, has been dissolved by mutual consent. The affairs of the company will be settled by any of the members of the firm, at the office of the company, on Herr's Island, or at the office of Beckham & Long, No. 69 Federal street, Allegheny city. All persons indebted to said firm will please make settlement, and those having claims against the firm will present them for payment.

A. H. HARVEY,
H. McNEILL,
FRANKLIN OSBURN.
Pittsburgh, January 25, 1866. ja26-tf

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—Notice is hereby given that the Partnership between JOHN ROBSON, ROBERT CAMPBELL and WILLIAM WOODS, have dissolved by mutual consent on the 23d day of January, 1866 so far as relates to the said William Woods. All debts due to the said partnership are to be paid, and those due from the same, discharged by said ROBSON & CAMPBELL, who will continue the business of the late firm, under the name and style of ROBSON & CAMPBELL.

JOHN ROBSON,
ROBERT CAMPBELL,
WILLIAM WOODS.

IN RETIRING FROM THE BUSINESS of the above firm, I cheerfully recommend Robson & Campbell to my friends and patrons.
ja26-1w WM. WOODS.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP existing between the undersigned, under the style of Geo. B. Jones & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on January 1, 1866. The business of the old firm will be settled at the old stand, No. 141 Water street.

GEO. B. JONES,
HENRY E. CAMPE,
OLIVER B JONES.

HAVING SOLD OUR INTEREST in the firm of Geo. B. Jones & Co. to Edward Moye and G. Stengel, we would cheerfully recommend our successors, Campe, Moye & Co., to our former patrons and the public generally.

GEO. B. JONES,
OLIVER B. JONES.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED having associated themselves under the style of Campe, Moye & Co., for the purpose of carrying on the Wholesale Grocery and Commission Business, would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage bestowed on the old firm.

EDWARD MOYE,
HENRY E. CAMPE,
ja24 1m GOEFFREY STENGEL.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the style of Bissell & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the first day of January, 1866, by the withdrawal of Charles S. Bissell. All persons indebted to the late firm will please make payment at once, and those having claims against said firm will please present them for payment at the old stand. No. 235 Liberty street, where the business will be continued by F. S. Bissell, under the same style as heretofore.

CHARLES S. BISSELL,
FRANK S. BISSELL.

IN RETIRING FROM THE FOUNDRY business I cheerfully recommend my successor to my friends and patrons.
ja25-1w CHARLES S. BISSELL.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between Wm. Ward, James Ward, Jr., and William Ward Jr., under the name and style of JAMES WARD & CO., is this day dissolved, James Ward, Jr., having purchased the entire interest of William Ward and William Ward, Jr. All business of the late firm will be settled by JAMES WARD & CO.

WILLIAM WARD,
JAMES WARD Jr.,
WM. WARD, Jr.
Falcon Iron Works, Niles, O., Dec. 9, 1865.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

James Ward Jr., of Niles, Ohio, and William H. Brown, of Pittsburgh, Pa., have this day associated themselves together under the name of JAMES WARD & CO., for the purpose of continuing the manufacture of iron in all its various branches at the well known

FALCON IRON WORKS,

Niles, Trumbull County, O.

The reputation of these works for making the best quality of Iron, Nails, &c., being so well established, we will say to the community that we shall endeavor to keep up the reputation and merit their patronage.

JAMES WARD, Jr.
WILLIAM H. BROWN.
Falcon Iron Works, Niles, O., Dec. 9, 1865.
ja15-2w

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of S. JONES & CO., is dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by their successors, JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

MICHAEL JONES,
JAMES T. BRADY.

In retiring from business I cheerfully recommend JAMES. T. BRADY & CO. to my friends and patrons.
MICHAEL JONES.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have associated themselves together under the name and style of JAMES T. BRADY & CO, for the purpose of conducting the General Banking Business.

JAMES T. BRADY,
CALVIN ADAMS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Successors to S. Jones & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

CORNER OF FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS,

Pittsburgh, Pa.
ja3-1m

DISSOLUTION.

The co-partnership heretofore existing under the name of Wilson, Carr & Co., in the Wholesale Dry Goods Business, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by its successor, Carr, McCandless & Co.

JOHN A. WILSON,
JESSE W. CARR,
DAVID McCANDLESS.
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1866.

ON RETIRING FINALLY FROM the Dry Goods Business in Pittsburgh, the undersigned tenders his grateful acknowledgements to the trade for their continued support and confidence througout his twenty-seven years connection with it. He takes pleasure in bespeaking for his past associates and successors, Carr, McCandless & Co., a continuance of the favors heretofore so freely bestowed, and of which they are eminently worthy.

JOHN A. WILSON.
Philadelphia, January 1, 1866.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day associated together, under the name of Carr, McCandless & Co., for the purpose of transacting the Wholesale Dry Goods Business at the old Stand, No. 94 Wood street. They respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage so liberally extended to the late firm.

JESSE W. CARR,
DAVID McCANDLESS,
JAMES B. HAINES.
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1866. ja1:80t

NOLEN'S MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL

THE STANDARD
OF
EXCELLENCE.

PURE, FRESH, and TASTELESS.

THE SUREST REMEDY FOR

COUGHS & COLDS,
CONSUMPTION,
SCROFULA,
RHEUMATISM,
General Debility,
AND
Emaciation

"No brand of Oil so fully merits the appreciation and patronage of the public, possessing as it does, every requisite of purity, freshness, sweetness, cheapness and uniformity of preparation.

Sold wholesale in this city by
WOODSIDE & WALLACE,
No. 37 WOOD STREET,
And the Proprietor,
CHARLES W. NOLEN,
ja23-3m No. 123 S. Front st., Philadelphia.

TIONESTA OIL AND

Barrel Manufacturing Co.

CAPITAL	$100,000.
SHARES	$1 each.
President	JOHN GRAZIER.
Secretary	A. N. McGONIGLE.
Treasurer	WM. DOUGLAS.

This Company have 2½ acres of Land, situated in the Borough of Tionesta, on which is a Barrel Factory with Engine and Machinery complete for making barrels on a large scale, including the necessary Buildings for the same. The capacity is 150 barrels per day, and may be increased to 200 barrels. The present cost of making Barrels at the Factory is $2 30, and they sell at from $3 25 to $3 30 each.

The Company has also one hundred and eighty (180) acres of land which they own in fee, about four (4) miles from the Allegheny river. Near these lands are some four (4) or six (6) wells going down, and should they develope favorably it will be of great value to the property.

The Railroad from Irvine to Oil City passes within one-quarter mile of this property, bringing their Barrels into a market in the best Oil producing regions.

Persons wishing to invest safely can at a glance see the advantages which this Company has over many others.

BOOKS NOW OPEN at the office of

JACOB GLOSSER,

NO. 115 FOURTH STREET,
ja24-6t Pittsburgh.

SMOKE, SMOKE, SMOKE.

SNOWDON & WILKINS'S

Patent Smoke Preventer,

The attention of those using steam boilers is respectfully directed to the above apparatus, which is in successful operation in several places in the city and environs. Its objects are to prevent smoke and economize fuel. That it does so we have the testimony of some of the most practical and scientific gentlemen of the city, (see our circulars,) and we invite those interested to call on Messrs. Davis & Phillips, Brass Founders, No. 110 Water street, Zug & Co.'s Iron Works, Fifth Ward, Moorhead & Co.'s Soho Iron Works, and judge for themselves. As we are largely increasing our facilities for manufacturing the instrument, which is very simple, easily managed, and not likely to get out of repair, we hope to be able to supply the demand. All orders left with Messrs. DAVIS & PHILLIPS, No. 110 Water street, will be thankfully received and promptly executed. Terms easy.
de28-1m SNOWDON & WILKINS.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

CHARLES T. NEALE has been admitted to an interest in our firm, to date from 1st inst.

WHITMORE, WOLFF, DUFF & CO.
Pittsburgh, January 11, 1866. ja12-2w

W. WHITMORE C. H. WOLFF G. J. DUFF.
T. H. LANE C. T. NEALE

WHITMORE, WOLFF, DUFF & CO., (Sign of the Anvil,) Importers and Dealers in
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY
Three doors above St. Charles Hotel. No. 50 WOOD STREET Pittsburgh

STEAM GUAGES, &c.

ASHCROFT'S Guages and Low Water Detectors
Shaw & Justice's Mercury, Steam and Blast Guage.
Eastman's and other approved Guages.
Clark's Patent Damper for saving fuel and regulatin power at any desired amount of steam.
Steam Guages tested, repaired and adjusted.
CHARLES MAGGI,
my2-1y-M,W&F Agent for the above. 113 Third

PITTSBURGH CITY LAUNDRY.

Hotels, Steamboats, Boarding Houses and privat amilies or individuals, wanting their

LAUNDRY WORK

executed with perfect neatness, certainty and dispatch will please leave their orders at the following places and the Laundry Express will call for and deliver the goods: James Howard's Paper Warehouse, Liberty street; Fenneck, Ball & Co.'s office, 31 Market street; Abel's Drug Store, corner of Fifth and Grant streets; Stevens's Drug Store, Wylie street, Sixth ward; S. M. Gardner's Drug Store, Penn street, Ninth ward; Gardner's Drug Store, Lawrenceville; Kelly's Drug Store corner of Leacock and Federal streets, Allegheny city; Kelly's Drug Store, Diamond, Allegheny city; Dr. Brown's Drug Store, corner of Federal and North Common, Allegheny, and at the Laundry, in Manchester.

All orders promptly attended to. Prices moderate
no7-3m G. M. JOHNSON & CO.

PRODUCE.—

50 bbls. Green Apples;
3 " Flaxseed;
2 " Eggs;
3,000 lbs. Buckwheat Flour. In store and for sale by
J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
Nos. 190 and 192 Second street.

FINE DOUBLE BARL'D SHOT GUNS—Made by Wesley Richards, W. Greener, Moore & Harris, and other celebrated makers, just received and for sale by
JAMES BOWN,
y8 136 Wood street.

NOTICES.

The Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh, January 20, 1866. }

☞ **BY AUTHORITY FROM THE** Comptroller of the Currency, the Directors of this Bank have declared a dividend of fifty per cent. out of the reserved profits, payable in shares of new stock to the amount of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000), making the capital fifteen hundred thousand dollars ($1,500,000).

Stockholders will have credit on the books of the Bank with one new share of fifty dollars for each two shares held on the twenty sixth day of January, A. D. 1866.

When this allotment makes one-half of a share a portion of the dividend, the owner may complete the share by a payment of twenty-five dollars, or receive that amount as an equivalent; but this option will cease upon the completion of the increase to the capital, when all remaining fractions will be paid in cash.
ja26-2wD&W H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

☞ **THE ANNUAL MEETING** of the Stockholders of the Hutchison Oil and Refining Company, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of First and Ferry street, Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, the 1st day of February, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing officers to serve for the ensuing year.
ja27 2t H. S. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

☞ **BUCK RUN LUBRIC OIL** COMPANY—A special meeting of the Stockholders will be held on MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 29th, at Purviance's Photograph Rooms. Business of the highest importance. ja27 2t

☞ **CHERRY RUN CENTRAL OIL** COMPANY—All persons holding certificates of Stock in this Company and not transferred to them on the books of the Company, will find it to their interest to either have the same transferred or notify the Secretary of their ownership. Office corner Wood and Fifth street.
ja27 6t WM. F. GARDNER, Sec'y.

☞ **TAKE NOTICE.—A MEETING** of the Stockholders of the DUNKARD CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY will be held at Templars' Hall, in third story over Dollar Savings Bank, Fourth street, near Market, on TUESDAY, January 30, 1866, at 2 o'clock, P. M. A full attendance is requested, that the necessary steps may be taken to tube and pump the Well as soon as the weather may permit.
ja25-4t BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

Office of Pittsb'h and McKeesport Car Co., Pittsburgh, January 22, 1866. }

☞ **AN ADJOURNED ANNUAL** meeting of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH AND McKEESPORT CAR COMPANY will be held on MONDAY, the 12th day of February, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the rooms of the Board of Trade, Wood street, Pittsburgh. An election of officers for the ensuing year will be held at the same time.
ja25-td THEODORE WOODS, Clerk.

Office of Pittsburgh Insurance Co., January 23d, 1866. }

☞ **ELECTION.**

An election for Directors of this Company to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at its office, corner of Market and Water streets, Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, February 6th, 1866, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.
ja24-2w JAMES COLLORD, Sec'y.

Office Western Penna. RR. Co., Philadelphia, January 23, 1866. }

☞ **AN ADJOURNED ANNUAL** MEETING of the Stockholders of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company, will be held on TUESDAY, the 6th day of February, 1866, at 12 o'clock, M, at No. 238 South Third st., Philadelphia. An election for President and Directors will be held same day and place.
ja22-td JOSEPH LESLEY, Sec'y.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the part of the Fisher Farm lying on the west side of Little Beaver Creek, Columbiana county, Ohio, is surveyed into ACRE LOTS, and is OFFERED FOR SALE, on reasonable terms. The location will recommend itself as one of the most favorable sites for boring for oil, being near Island Run, and lying adjacent to lands of Glasgow Oil Company, north side. Purchasers can see the land by calling on M. M. MARQUIS, at Darragh's Boarding House, at mouth o. Island Run, or addressing him at Postoffice, Darlington, Beaver county, Pa. ja4 1m

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE TURTLE CREEK DIVISION CONSTRUCTION BONDS—Holders are hereby notified that the Interest Coupons on the above Bonds, due February 1st, 1866, will be paid on and after that day, on presentation and delivery, at the First National Bank, Pittsburgh.
JOHN H. PAGE Jr.,
ja18-3tawtd Treasurer.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING made arrangements are now prepared to

RE-SHIP PITTSBURGH GOODS

through to Oleopolis, Henry's Bend, McCrea's Landing and Tionesta, without delay, any goods consigned to us will be reshipped to the above ports without additional charges, from the original bills of lading.
PARKER & CARTER.
Oil City, November 10, 1865 no14-3m

SALE OF FORFEITED STOCK.

Notice is hereby given that 1047 shares stock in the Mass Mining Company, of Pittsburgh, has been forfeited for non-payment of assessments, and the same will be sold at the office of the Treasurer, in the city of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, February 5th, 1866, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, A. M., unless sooner redeemed, by payment of assessments, interest and charges to the Treasurer.

By order Board of Directors. JAS. M. COOPER,
no27-td Treasurer Mass Mining Co., of Pittsburgh.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE SECOND SESSION OF

PROF. R. S. ROBB'S

(formerly Wakeham's) Select School will commence MONDAY, February 5th, 1866.

School Room on the East Common, Allegheny.
ja16 3m

THE

WEST CHESTER ACADEMY,

AND

MILITARY INSTITUTE.

The second term of the Scholastic Year commences on the 1st of FEBRUARY, and closes on the 28th of June next.

Boys and Young Men thoroughly prepared for business or college. The Principal, who is also the head teacher, is assisted by ten gentlemen of ability, tact, and experience.

Having purchased the large and commodious school property near West Chester, lately occupied by the Pennsylvania Military Academy, he designs removing his School there in a few weeks. After the removal the Military Department, though at present very efficient and prosperous, will be abandoned.

For catalogues apply to the Principal,

WILLIAM F. WYERS, A. M.,
ja24-1m at West Chester, Penna.

THE PENNSYLVANIA

MILITARY ACADEMY

Will resume its duties JANUARY 11, 1866, at CHESTER, DELAWARE CO., PA. This Academy affords the most thorough Classical, Scientific, Mathematical, and Military Instruction. The Accommodations are ample, the Discipline efficient. Young Men desiring to enter the Academy as Cadets can obtain Circulars by applying to

COL. THEODORE HYATT,
President P. M. A.,
Chester, Delaware Co., Pa.
ja1-1fel

BREWERS.

H. DARLINGTON; J. M. CARSON, W. STEARNS

WHEELING BREWERY.

MALT,
MALT,
MALT.

30,000 bushels Prime Spring and Fall BARLEY MALT, for sale at the lowest market rates, by

H. DARLINGTON & CO.,
(Successors to George W. Smith,)

Malsters, Hop Dealers, and Brewers of Ales, Porter Brown Stout and Lager Beer,
ja10-3m WHEELING, W. V.

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER JAS. M'KAY

SPENCER & McKAY,

Malsters & Brewers

OF

ALE, PORTER, AND BROWN STOUT,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-1y

JOHN GANGWISCH,

UNION LAGER BEER BREWERY.

WHOLESALE OFFICE

No. — PENN STREET, FIFTH WARD,
jy30-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

GROCERIES.

GEO. W. HAHN GEO. D. RIDDLE

HAHN & RIDDLE,

Wholesale Grocers.

No. 20 Diamond,
dec19-3m ALLEGHENY, PA.

25,000 POUNDS NEW DRIED PEACHES, halves and quarters;

15,000 HOOP POLES;

NEW BACON, LARD AND LARD OIL;

In store and for sale at

COOK, BROS. & CO.'S,
ja25 12 Smithfield street.

353 BAGS COFFEE, prime to choice;
50 bbls Jersey City Syrup;
To arrive and for sale by
ARBUCKLES & CO.,
ja17 242 and 244 Liberty st., Pittsburgh.

FISH—

5 tons Codfish, Grand Bank;
50 hf bbls No. 3 large Mackerel;
100 boxes No. 1 Herring;
100 boxes Scaled do;
25 bbls Shore Mackerel, No. 1;
20 qr. bbls Shore do do;
25 hf bbls Bay do No. 2.
For sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
ja24 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin st.

KERR & EMERY.

1,000 bush Potatoes;
4 bbls Roll Butter;
4 " Fresh Eggs;
50 sacks Onions;
100 bbls Onions;
40 kegs Lard;
20 dressed Hogs;
Received on consignment and for sale at 297 LIBERTY STREET. ja13

NEW S. C. HAMS AND D. BEEF

25,000 lbs. S. C. Hams.
25,000 " Dried Beef.
50,000 " Bacon Sides.
75,000 " " Shoulders.
Just out of smoke house, and for sale by
F. SELLERS & CO.,
dec11 corner Wayne and Penn streets.

20 HHDS. PRIME P. R. SUGAR.

15 hhds prime Cuba Sugar.
40 bbls. assorted brands Syrup, together with a full assortment of goods in our line. For sale by
GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
my28 141 and 143 Water street.

LIVERPOOL SALT.

50 bags for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
ja24 221 and 223 Liberty street.

SARDINES—

6 cases halves and quarters;
WINE VINEGAR—3 puncheons imported White Vinegar, for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
ja24 221 and 223 Liberty street.

WHEAT—

Michigan Amber and Club Wheat in store and for sale by
D. WALLACE,
dec16 357 Liberty street.

he Daily Commercial

A WOMAN'S CONCLUSIONS.

BY PHOEBE CARY.

I said, if I might go back again
To the very hour and place of my birth;
Might have my life whatever I chose,
And live it in any part of the earth;

Put perfect sunshine into my sky,
Banish the shadow of sorrow and doubt;
Have all my happiness multiplied,
And all my sufferings stricken out;

If I could have known in the years now gone
The best that a woman comes to know;
Could have had whatever will make her blest,
Or whatever she thinks will make her so;

Have gained the highest and purest bliss
That the bridal wreath and ring inclose;
And chosen the one out of all the world
That I might, or could, or would have chose;

And if this had been—and I stood to-night
By my children, lying asleep in their beds;
And could count in my prayers, for a rosary
The shining rows of their golden heads;

Yea! I said, if a miracle such as this
Could be wrought for me at my bidding—still
I would chose to have my past as it is,
And let my future come as it will!

I would not make the path I have trod
More pleasant even, more straight or wide,
Nor change my course the breadth of a hair,
This way or that, to either side.

My past is mine, and I take it all,
Its weakness—its folly, if you please;
Nay, even my sins, if you come to that,
May have been helps, not hindrances!

If I saved my body from the flames
Because that once I had burned my hand;
Or kept myself from a greater sin
By doing a less—you will understand—

It was better I suffered a little pain,
Better I sinned for a little time,
If the smarting warned me back from death,
And the sting of the sin withheld from crime.

Who knows its strength from trial, will know
What strength must be set against a sin;
And how temptation is overcome
He has learned who has felt its power within!

And who knows how a life at the last may show!
Why, look at the moon from where we stand!
Opaque—uneven, you say; yet it shines,
A luminous sphere, complete and grand!

So let my past stand, as it stands,
And let me now, as I may, grow old;
I am what I am, and my life for me
Is the best—or it had not been, I hold!

THE GREAT METROPOLIS.

eatures, Peculiarities and Vices of the Great City.

he following are some interesting facts about w York, furnished by the City Mission:

Until we have the official returns of the State nsus lately taken, we must rely on the United ates census of 1860 to furnish the number of people in New York, which was at that date ,669.

Of the population of the city in 1860, 429,952 re born in the United States, and 383,717 were rn in foreign countries of 42 different nationalities. The number of marriages in the city is 72. The number of births in the city during year is 6,424. The number of deaths in the y during a year is 35,196. There are 54,338 elling houses in the city. There are 155,707 nilies in the city. There are nearly three nilies on an average to every dwelling. There nearly 15 persons on an average to every elling. There are 15,000 tenant-houses, conning 486,000 persons. The city taxes are $18,- ,000 a year. The money spent in public usements is $7,000,000. For the support of police $2,000,000 a year is required. Seventeen thousand immigrants per month land at stle Garden. There are 350 churches, chapand missions of all kinds, with accommodations for 300,000 persons. There are 275 Protest- places of worship, with accommodations for 000 persons. There are 216 regularly organ- d Protestant churches, with an average memship of 300, which would give a total of 64,800 mmunicants. There are 350 Sabbath schools all denominations, with an attendance of 87,- pupils. There are 280 Protestant Sabbath ools, with an attendance of 70,000 pupils. number of children in the city between the s of 5 and 15 years is 146,460. In the schools, ler the care of the Board of Education, there n average attendance of 86,973. In parochial ools, industrial schools, private schools, col- s, &c., there must be 20,000 more. In the blic schools, private schools, &c., there are bably 104,973 regularly in attendance. Of the 87 of suitable school age still remaining unounted for, we may estimate that 25 per cent. detained at home by sickness and poverty; per cent. are at work, and the balance are to be found among the vagrants, ggars, pilferers and rowdies. Twenty- r per cent. of the population are between ages of 20 and 30 years. Taking the census 860 still as our basis, 24 per cent. of 816,669 lds us 195,280; the sexes being nearly equally ided, this proportion would give us, say 00 young men. It is probable there are as ny as 10,000 places where intoxicating liquor old. Suppose the receipts of these upon an rage to be only $500 each, we have $5,000,000 he gross amount expended in that direction. ere are hidden works of darkness that elude scrutiny and yet, from police investigations l medical testimony, we can make some calations of the numbers of those who are leada life of shame. It will be safe to say that re are 7,500 prostitutes, and 2,500 other women o visit houses of assignation, &c., making a al of 10,000. The value of the real and peral property invested in the business cannot hort of $5,000,000. And the amount of money nt in houses of ill-fame, and the amounts uired for the expenses of criminal and hune institutions growing out of the terrible , must make a total of $5,000,000 more. The rage duration of life after entering on a life prostitution is four years. So that more n 1,880 of these miserable women die every r.

Human Relics of the Rebellion.

visited the Medical Museum, on H street in shington, devoted to the collection and preration of remarkable cases of wounds and ries received by our soldiers, and in some s by rebels, during the war of the rebellion. number of specimens already exceed five usand, and is probably the most complete ibition of the kind in the world, worthy e of a visit to Washington by the student nedical science, and the curious in such tters. The wounds received were from sabre non ball, shell and rifle. The number of imens of amputation is very large. We no- d standing side by side the amputated legs our of our Generals, viz: of Gen. T. W. Sherat Port Hudson; Gen. Sickles, at Gettysg; and those of Gens. Taylor and Fessenden. Sickles was struck by a heavy shot and bones of one leg completely shattered.

mongst the skull wounds were those of a negro at the Fort Pillow massacre, exhibitclearly the ferocity and cruelty of the rebels that terrible occasion. Here also is the ll of a Union soldier taken prisoner at tysburg, but being unable to keep up with retreating rebels, was brutally cut down by onfederate officer, and left for dead upon the d. He was picked up, however, by the Union liers close behind, and lived long enough to his sad story.

ere also are curious evidences of the effects illet wounds, in some cases flattening against one, in others passing in and lodging there, le in still others the whole bone is cracked the passage in of the bullet.

n arm is also exhibited here that at the great le of Antietam was blown from the shoulof a soldier. Months afterwards a surgeon nd this arm lying upon the field without the t evidence of decay, except that the flesh dried up a little. When I looked at it toit was beginning to assume a mummy-like earance. The explanation given is that the laid upon light soil, and no rain falling it exposed to the action of drying wind, that erved it from putrefaction.

e cases of gangrene here show clearly the al character of this terrible foe of medical nce.

here is also exhibited here a portion of the e of one arm of the late jailor of the Andersville Confederate prison, Wirz, executed a months ago for his crimes against humanity. will be recollected that Wirz in his defense rted that the stories of his brutally striking n Union soldiers were false, for the reason he had submitted several years before to nemision of the bone of the right arm, which vented him from striking a strong blow. r death a surgical examination was made ascertain the truth of his assertion and it was nd to be altogether false. A muscle of the k of Wirz, which was broken by the knot of rope, when he fell, is also here, with a porof the rope itself. The Museum, a modest k building, hardly large enough for the ect designed, is under the charge of Surgeon , of Massachusetts.—*Correspondence Boston veller.*

London Times—Its Promoter—Its Editor.

e London correspondent of the Boston *Adser* dishes up the following:

r. Cobden, in his celebrated quarrel with *Times*, published the name of the editor of paper far and wide, and Mr. Delane has e appeared to like the distinction, and has no opportunity of publishing it himself. It ot so long since that the names of our leadjournalists were sacred mysteries, known to the initiated, and it is almost a new sation to hear people in the railway trains omnibuses asking one another if they have d of the violent dispute between Mr. De-, the editor of the *Times*, and Mr. Walter, chief proprietor. The *Times* suffers by this illarity. The superstition which has ated to it, through which people have really ned to think the articles were written by gods, is dispelled by the pulling aside of the ain, and the paper is ceasing to be the forable power it once unquestionably was. it the quarrel. Of this there are many acts, the most popular being that it rose from disapprobation of Mr. Walter, who is aiming peerage, with Mr. Delane for sneering at Russell and endeavoring to set him aside Mr. Delane's particular friend, with whom nay be seen arm in arm very frequently at Mall,—Earl Granville. This version goes to say that Mr. Mowbray Morris, the nager, and Mr. Dasent are also in the prorial black books, and that the three will p unless they can induce the other partners he paper to take up their defense. The gosis very definite, you see, and causes consile satisfaction to journalists, who, like other essional men, are always intensely interestin a scandal about a brother craftsman; but a of truth obliges me to say that the whole ative may ultimately prove a myth. Mr. ne, only yesterday, professed to be amused t; said it was all nonsense, and that he was excellent terms with the honorable gentle- who is supposed to be diplomatising for a age. However, one must not expect litermen to let go so precious a morsel directly. some of your good people, who won't take dentials of any of the Englishmen said to obtained allotments in the Confederate ,—so many of my friends shake their heads adhere to it that a revolution has broken n the office of the *Times*, and that we are ined to witness delicious disputes, plenty of personalities and abundance of ets. As to the peerage part of the business, ay add, that Mr. Walter has as much chance etting a distinction of that kind from the ent Premier as of obtaining the command hief of the American forces from President nson. Earl Russell, unlike Lord Palmerston, ps his nose in the air, so far as the press is cerned; and I really believe would not shake ds with a journalist from the selfish motive, ave his premiership. He has had relations the press,—the *Daily News* for instance,— he has never sought to bias it, and has been osed in much of his policy by the particular er which he most respects. To him the protor of the *Times* would be as a perfect stranand the ambition of the aspiring gentleman ore likely to be gratified through tory influ- s, if gratified at all, than through those of of the house of Bedford.

* * *

New York paper knows a lady far advanced years—nearer seventy than sixty, the widow wealthy man—who is said to have for years sued a system of petty depredations. She a fair income, and dresses stylishly, wearing winter a large fur cape well lined with secret kets in which she hides the produce of her ys. Her walks are usually in Sixth avenue the neighborhood, and she will return en with small articles, such as soap, purses, ket-books, gloves, and various knickknacks put out for sale by unwary shopkeepers. If y miss the goods, nobody can suspect a lady ll dressed! She has been taken before a ice magistrate on one or two occasions, howr; once when a diamond was purloined, and been compelled to pay roundly for her opetions. She is now more careful.

* * *

A large cotton factory is to be built at Minneso the coming season. General C. C. Washrn, of La Crosse, is the leading spirit in the [illegible]

MAZZINI.—Says a London letter: Poor Mazzini, with whom Mr. Stansfeld has had a life-long friendship, living with him in the family for many years, is apparently drawing near the end of his remarkable career. Some years ago I believed devoutly in his sagacity, and to a certain extent enjoyed his friendship. I felt great pleasure in assisting, with many other young men of the liberal school, in forwarding his propagandism; but since the Italian kingdom was formed, I have not been able to approve of his policy. He has just been returned to the Italian Parliament, I believe, for Genoa, and many here are anxious that the Italian government should allow him to return. I hope they will do so, even at the cost of angering the potentate at the Tuileries; but they would not be wrong, I think, in obtaining from him a pledge that he will not plot against the form of government which is now established. I saw this great republican chief whose name has been such an abhorence in Europe a short time ago, and was exceedingly pained by his appearance. That he was badly dressed was due, I have little doubt, to his careless habits; but he seemed also in wretched health. He talked, however, in his usual sanguine way, and displayed no vexation towards those who had left his banner.

* * *

OSAKA.—The Japanese port of Osaka, one of the five great imperial cities, and one of the most important commercial emporiums of the empire, as well as among the finest harbors of the southeast portion of the island of Niphon, has been thrown open with great solemnity, in presence of the Tycoon and of the diplomatic body, to all the foreign powers in treaty relations with Japan.

Osaka contains a hundred thousand inhabitants, and the Tycoon proposes to make the same cession of territory in that city which his Majesty made to his foreign allies at Yokohama.

Osaka will now become the station of British, French, Russian, and we trust of an United States consul. Our authorities will no doubt bestir themselves, so that American interests may fully participate in the advantages that must accrue to commerce from the opening of this new outlet for foreign trade with a nation, the intercourse of which with the world at large has been called into existence by American enterprise.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The Paris Universal Exposition of 1867.

NEW YORK, January 22, 1866.

A further extension of time for presenting applications for space, at the above-named exhibition, until the 1st of March next, having been arranged, it is desirable, with a view to a well-selected representation of the mechanical inventions of the United States, that the number of applications should be as large as possible; and all Engineers, Miners, owners of Mines, Agricultural and Mineral Producers, Inventors and Agents, or Assignees of Inventors, are therefore respectfully urged to forward to this Agency their names and residences, and those of all other parties known to them to be interested in, or having control of, useful inventions, in order that forms of application may be sent to them.

All applications should be made upon the proper blank forms, which are furnished gratuitously by the undersigned, and should be sent to this office before the 1st of March next; but parties whose applications shall be accepted, will have until the 1st of December for the delivery of their articles at New York.

Full printed information, circulars and documents, will be furnished by the undersigned, to all parties applying therefor, either personally or by letter.

J. C. DERBY,
U. S. Agent Paris Universal Exposition,
5 Spruce st. (Tribune Buildings,) and 40 Park Row (Times Building,) New York. ja26-4t

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COAL AND MINING COMPANY
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

Incorporated under the General Mining Laws of the State of Pennsylvania.

CAPITAL..............................$300,000.

Divided into 30,000 Shares at $10 per Share.

Reserved for Working Capital 5000 Shares.

For Contingent Fund..............2500 Shares.

OFFICERS:
President—NICHOLAS SCHNEIDER,
Treasurer—CHARLES SEIBERT, } Pittsburgh
Secretary—CHRISTIAN SEIBERT,
SUPERINTENDENT OF THE MINES:
LORENZ HOFFMANN, Webster, Pennsylvania.
GENERAL BUSINESS SUPERINTENDENT:
T. BOSWELL PHILLIPS, Philadelphia.
DIRECTORS:
Nicholas Schneider, | Joseph Reymann,
Charles Seibert, | Philip Eichenlaub,
Christian Seibert, | Pittsburgh.
Lorenz Hoffmann, | Joseph Seibert,
T. Boswell Phillips, | Jacob Dressel.

The Directors of this, the Black Diamond Coal and Mining Company, respectfully present to those who desire to make a safe and lucrative investment, the following report of its property, viz:

One hundred and ninety-one (191) acres and seventy-three (73) perches, strict measure, of choice mineral land, owned in fee simple, situate, lying and being in the township of Carroll, Washington county, and State of Pennsylvania, one mile above Monongahela City, on the Monongahela river, in the third pool of the slack water, and about forty (40) feet above water level.

This land contains two veins of bituminous coal, of a most excellent quality. The upper vein is three (3) feet, the lower one is five and a-half (5½) feet in thickness.

The latter has already entries and chambers driven and made in it, of sufficient capacity to accommodate one hundred and fifty (150) miners.

The other improvements, all of which are entirely new, consists in part as follows:

Tipple and iron shute, with everything attached in complete running order; railroad with double track, laid with T rail, extending from the mouth of the pit, or opening in the mines, to the tipple, say a distance of two hundred (200) feet; twenty-five (25) pit cars blacksmith shop, &c.; also, sixteen (16) double two-story new dwelling houses, built in a convenient and comfortable manner, with ample surface land for extensive operations.

Besides the coal, this land contains immense quantities of limestone, flagstone, &c.

The upper surface or top is excellent farming land. The farm could easily be rented for about three hundred dollars per annum. The Directors consider it, however, to the Company's interest, instead of renting to retain it for pasturage and raising feed for the mules required for drawing the pit cars, &c.

Adjoining this property on the north, the Company own all the coal contained in a tract of one hundred and fifteen (115) acres coal land, of like superior quality.

Practical and energetic business men having the management of the affairs of the Company, it is confidently and reasonably anticipated that the stock will heavily advance in value at a very early period. There are no grounds to doubt that this Company will not soon be able to declare large dividends.

Possessing a large working capital, backed by a large contingent fund, stockholders run no risk of being assessed at any time for additional means to prosecute the work with. Independent of which guarantee everything is already in complete working order.

Setting out with the determination of placing this upon a footing with the safest and most productive companies, the officers will be judicious and economical in the management of its affairs.

Parties inclined to invest desiring any further particulars, can obtain the sought-for information by calling at either of the offices, or addressing

CHRISTIAN SEIBERT, Secretary,
Office, No. 89 Water street, Postoffice box 1418, Pittsburgh, Pa., or,
T. BOSWELL PHILLIPS,
General Business Superintendent, Office, No. 204 South Fifth street, Postoffice box 349, Philadelphia, Pa. no17-3taw-3m

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SODA ASH,
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STATEMENT
OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Dime Savings Institution.
NOVEMBER 30, 1865.
Published in conformity with the Charter.

LIABILITIES		
Due Depositors		$103,253 11
3 Per Cent. Dividend out of earnings for 6 mos. ending May 30	$2,868 13	
3 Per Cent. do. do. Nov. 30	2,593 64—	5,461 77
Debts Payable		225 01
Profit and Loss		2,444 03
		$111,385 92
ASSETS.		
Bonds and Mortgages	$71,436 75	
U. S. Bonds, 5-20's. $9,000 Do. 10-40's. 11,000—	20,000 00	
Cash	7,543 76	
Bills Receivable	3,762 00	
Pitts'h, Alleg'y and Manc'r R. W. Bonds	3,000 00	
First Mortgage Bonds Pitts'h Branch Western Penna. R. R. Co.	2,000 00	
First Ward Alleg'y School Board Bonds	1,000 00	
Accrued Interest on Securities	2,293 41	
Office Fixtures	350 00	$111,385 92

D. E. McKINLEY, Treasurer.

The undersigned, Auditing Committee, respectfully report that they have examined the books and assets of the Institution, and find the above statement to be correct.
S. H. HARTMAN,
G. FOLLANSBEE,
ja26-6t ROBERT C. SCHMERTZ.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
Lessee and Manager..............WM. HENDERSON.

Re-engagement for five nights only of the popular actress, Mrs. F. W. LANDER, formerly

MISS JEAN M. DAVENPORT,

Who will give her wonderful personation of Charlotte Corday.

THIS (Monday) EVENING the great French drama of most thrilling interest, entitled

CHARLOTTE CORDAY.

Charlotte Corday..............................Mrs. F. W. Lander.
With the usual talented support of cast.
LOVE will shortly be repeated.

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JAMES THACKERY,
19 Diamond, over Lippincott's Grocery Store.

Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same. je28-1y

ALLEGHENY
Library Association Lectures.

MISS SUSANNAH EVANS.

The famous Welsh Temperance Orator, will deliver a Lecture under the auspices of the Allegheny Library Association, on

TUESDAY EVENING, January 30th,
IN EXCELSIOR HALL, ALLEGHENY.
SUBJECT—THE SOLDIER'S EMPTY SLEEVE.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Lecture will commence at 7½ o'clock. Tickets 50 cents, for sale at the Drug and Book Stores, at the Library Rooms, and at the door. ja25-td

CENTRAL SKATING PARK,
NINTH WARD.

The Management would respectfully announce that they have secured for ONE WEEK, commencing February 1st,

MISS CARRIE A. MOORE,
THE CONCORD SKATORIAL QUEEN,

Miss Moore has taken every Prize contended for, for graceful and stylish Skating, and is at present Skating before thousands, on the Central Park, Chicago, where she is creating quite a furore among amateurs old and young. A grand matinee will be given EVERY AFTERNOON, at which time Miss Moore will execute a Waltz and Vasviviene on Skates, and various other figures and unique posturing.

The price of admission will be as usual, 25 cents. Season tickets good. Ample room for ten thousand spectators. See papers of the day for notice of Miss Moore's arrival, &c., &c. ja17-tfel

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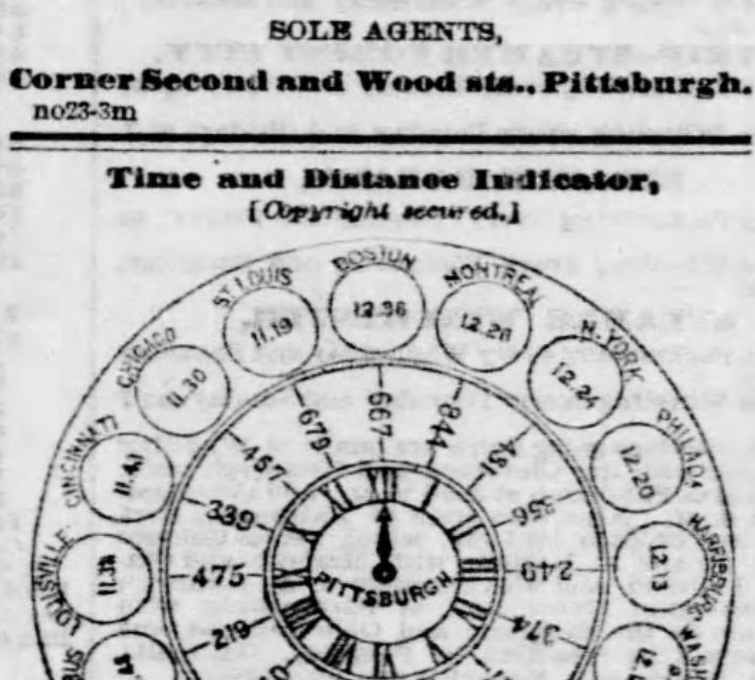

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First night of the engagement of the young and beautiful actress and vocalist

MISS EMILIE MELVILLE,

Who will appear in her great character of Fanchon, with song of "Il Bacio."

MONDAY EVENING, January 29th, will be presented the beautiful drama of

FANCHON, THE CRICKET.

After which MISS CARRIE B. MOORE, the Skatorial Queen, will appear and execute a variety of extraordinary feats on skates.

Clog Hornpipe...D. Sullivan.

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GARDNER & SCHLEITER,
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For $6 75 CLOAKS worth	$10 00.
For $10 00 CLOAKS worth	$15 00
For $12 50 CLOAKS worth	$18 00
For $15 00 CLOAKS worth	$22 00
For $20 00 CLOAKS worth	$35 00

POPLINS, Silk and Wool, at 62½c.; been selling at $1 12½.

DRESS GOODS, 37½c, cheap at 62½c.

BLACK FRENCH MERINOS, 75c, sold elsewhere at $1 25.

BALMORAL SKIRTS, $2 12½, cheap at $3 50.

ALL SILKS greatly reduced,

PANT STUFFS, TABLE LINENS, FLANNELS SHAWLS, all great bargains. dec12

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LOW PRICES.
GREAT REDUCTION.

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Shaker Flannel Shirts and Drawers,
Shetland Shirts and Drawers,
AND OTHER
WINTER UNDERWEAR

Have been MARKED DOWN IN PRICE. A full assortment of

WINTER GLOVES AND STOCKINGS,
AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.

All WINTER GOODS will be offered at BARGAINS during this month at Wholesale and Retail.

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PRICES MARKED DOWN!

We are closing out our

WINTER GOODS,
AT VERY LOW PRICES,

preparatory to taking stock. Bargains can be had in

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VESTS AND DRAWERS, of Shaker Flannel, Wool or Merino;
WARM GLOVES and WOOLEN HOSIERY;
WOOLEN SCARFS, MUFFLERS and NUBIAS;
HAND-MADE ZEPHYR ARTICLES;
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SKATES,
2,500 PAIR
Ladies,
Gents and
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SKATES
IN EVERY VARIETY.
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The business will be under the supervision of THOS SIMPSON, a member of the firm. dec7-3m

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Liberal cash advance made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum.
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No. 239 Liberty street, opposite Wood,
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Dealer in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Cheese, Butter, Fruits and all Farm Products.
☞ Best brands Family Flour always on hand.
Also, REFINED OILS.
Prompt attention given to consignments and Correspondence.
WEEKLY PRICE CURRENTS sent to consignors
☞ Orders and Consignments solicited. fe4

WILLIAM CARROLL...JOHN BEATTIE...CHAS. CARROLL.
(Late of Peoria.) (of Cincinnati.) (Late of Cin'ti.)
CARROLL, BEATTIE & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF
FLOUR, GRAIN, PROVISIONS;
Highwines, etc., etc.
No. 35 Chamber of Commerce, Chicago.
Refer by permission to City National Bank, Chicago; Second National Bank, Peoria; Commercial National Bank, Cincinnati, O.; David Dows & Co., New York; Daniel Wallace, Pittsburgh. no24-3m

CARD.
RUSSELL & HALL,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
69 Tchoupitoulas street,
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

REFERENCES:
DOUGHERTY, WOOD & CO., Baltimore.
GEORGE A. WOOD, Philadelphia.
DOVALE & CO., New York.
F. NICKERSON & CO., BALDWIN, BOTUME & CO., WISE & RUSSELL, Boston.
R. W. POINDEXTER, Pittsburgh.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.
oc28-3m

GEORGE COLHOUN.......................WM. B. EDWARDS
COLHOUN & EDWARDS,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE BROKERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
DEALERS IN
SODA ASH, CAUSTIC, BI CARB. AND SAL SODA
ACIDS, CHEMICALS,
CRUDE AND REFINED OILS, SALT, &c.
Office, NO. 23 WOOD STREET,
ja15-6m under St. Charles Hotel.

MERCER, ANTELO & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
for the sale of
COTTON, WOOL, HEMP, TOBACCO, &c.
Refer to John Harper, Esq., Cashier Bank of Pittsburgh. no9-3meod

MEDICAL.

J. J. BENDER & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.
NO. 341, CORNER LIBERTY AND WAYNE STS
no22 PITTSBURGH.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS,
AND
APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS,
Manufactured and repaired on the shortest notice. Also, the largest assortment of ready-made Trusses Supporters, Bandages, Dental and Surgical Instruments, Cutlery, &c. in this city. OTTO HELMOLD.
96 Smithfield street, near Fifth.
Ladies attended to by Mrs. Helmold. se14-1y

PARK & BRILL,
(Successors to J. P. Fleming.)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Perfumeries, Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods Generally,
ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
White Lead, Paints, Oils, Varnishes
Glass, Dye Stuffs, &c.
Purchasers will always find prices satisfactory.
No. 77 Federal Street,
Third door below R. R. Depot,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
au22-1y

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JNO. H. HAMPTON.....................................W. C. MORELAND.
HAMPTON & MORELAND,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
NO. 93 DIAMOND STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAMUEL HARPER,
(Late of the 139th Regiment,)
Has Resumed the Practice of Law,
In the office of C. B. M. Smith,
NO. 93 DIAMOND STREET.
Special attention given to military and all other claims against the Government. Pensions procured. se5-tf

R. C. MACKRELL...................................S. A. JOHNSON.
MACKRELL & JOHNSON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW AND U. S. LICENSED SOLDIERS' CLAIM AGENTS.
Bounties for wounded Soldiers collected in from ten to twenty days.
Office, No. 89 Grant Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Call with discharge and two witnesses. jy2

TEXAS LAW AND LAND AGENCY.
A. B. NORTON, Attorney, having offices at AUSTIN, TYLER and WOODVILLE, with competent associates, will transact a general collection and agency business throughout Texas. Lands bought and sold; taxes paid; titles investigated; money collected and remitted. Those having claims of any description in any part of the State can address accordingly. se2-tf

PENSIONS, BOUNTY AND BACK PAY.
W. J. & HALL PATTERSON,
SOLICITORS OF SOLDIERS' CLAIMS,
NO. 144 FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.
my18

E. S. MORROW,
ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER,
e8 No. 114 Fourth street

MORTON STREET
MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Are prepared to fill orders for Castings, Steam Engines and Machine Work and Coal Cars. Orders are respectfully solicited.
ja17 MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward.

100 BBLS. NEW CORN MEAL in store and for sale by COOK BROS. & CO.,
ja17 12 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE

I am authorized to sell fifty two acres of land, situated in Chartiers Valley, only three and a half miles from the city, and three-fourths of a mile from the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad. This property is well suited for gardening purposes, being all bottom land, and protected on the north by a hill, and having a southern exposure. It is well adapted for a country residence, having a front on two public roads.
JOHN D. BAILEY,
ja24 Wilkins Hall.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

Containing THIRTEEN ROOMS, including office, wash-room and finished attic. Residence of the late Dr. J. Brooks, No. 157 Fourth street. For terms inquire on the
ja23-6t PREMISES.

WIMBLETON FARM
FOR SALE.

The heirs of the late Hervey Giffin offer for sale that FINE FARM, situated in South Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Pittsburgh and Washington Pike, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, and about one mile from the line of the Chartiers Valley Railroad. The said Farm contains 220 Acres, about 170 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation the balance well timbered. Its value as a Stock or Grain Farm is unsurpassed. The whole place is underlaid with Coal, which will ere long be of great value. The improvements are one double two-story Brick House, one log House, a frame Stable, &c. The est to could be divided into two Farms, if so desired. For terms, &c. Inquire of the heirs of the late Hervey Giffin, or of
N. W. SHAFER
ja19-2w No. 81 Diamond st., Pittsburgh.

LIBERTY STREET PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

The large CORNER LOT on Liberty and Pitt streets, 60 by 120 feet, with two Brick Dwellings on Pitt, and one Brick Dwelling on Liberty street, with several frame shops. Address
JOHN WAY, JR.,
ja19-1m Sewickleyville, Allegheny co., Pa.

VALUABLE COAL LAND FOR SALE.—On the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and Columbus Railroad, only seven miles from Pittsburgh, a tract of Land containing 231 acres of best quality of Coal. The coal and surface will be sold together or separate as the purchaser may desire. Parties wishing to invest in Coal Lands would do well to examine this property. For further information address or apply to JOHN TORRINGTON, Second street, opposite Gas Works, or JOS. DORRINGTON, Temperanceville, Pa. ja8-1meod

$4,500 WILL PURCHASE a fine Property situated on the corner of Bank and Allen streets. For terms, apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES,
ja19 Butler street, Lawrenceville, Pa.

$4,500 WILL PURCHASE a well improved Property, situate on Harris street near Butler. For terms apply at the Real Estate and Insurance office of G. S. BATES.
ja19 Butler street, Lawrenceville, Pa.

ISLAND RUN OIL TERRITORY
FOR SALE.

Lands at the justly celebrated Island Run and Little Beaver Creek for sale, where as yet every well has proved a success. Also, interests or shares in wells producing, or in process of boring. Address
CHARLES B. HURST,
ja10-3m Rochester, Pa.

FOR SALE.
A VALUABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE,

At Edgewood Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, one-half mile from Wilkinsburg 11 acres, 136 perches of Land, a fine new dwelling, containing ten rooms and cellars underneath. Fruit and other conveniences on the premises. For further information call at No. 106 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises.
ja13-tf J. S. KING.

VALUABLE PRROPETY FOR SALE.

I offer for sale the desirable property on which I reside, Fourth ward, Allegheny City, consisting of a lot of Ground (on Second Bank,) fronting 50 feet on Canal and extending 274 feet to Liberty street, whereon is a substantial and well finished BRICK MANSION, two stories high, 44 feet front by 36 feet deep, with two story Brick Back Building, Wash House and Bath House, and other out houses; Brick Stable and Carriage House, &c., &c. The main building is finished with centre hall and a suit of rooms on each side, with folding doors, marble mantels, fancy grates, water fixings and heating furnace. Fancy Iron Fence in front, with spacious yards, grape vines and shade trees throughout. This cheerful and desirable residence (in first-rate finish and repair) will be sold separate, or if desired, the adjoining CORNER LOT will be sold with it, fronting, say 60 feet on Canal and 135 feet on Chestnut street. Title indisputable, without incumbrance and terms easy. W. B. COPELAND.
ja2-tf

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.--FOR SALE.—The Avery Mansion on Washington street, Fourth Ward, Allegheny. The Lot is about 200 feet deep, and the purchaser can have 75, 80, or 100 feet front as may be desired. Also, adjoining the above a number of beautiful building lots, on one of which is a frame cottage of 5 rooms. Inquire of
R. B. FRANCIS,
jan5-tf Controller's office, City Hall, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

A three story BRICK HOUSE, of nine rooms, situated near corner of Chestnut and North Canal street, Fourth ward, Allegheny city. Also, Brick House of six rooms, situated No. 291 Shannapin street, or North Common, Allegheny city. Inquire of
NELSON & EDMONDSON,
dec12-tf Attorneys at-Law, 114 Fifth street.

FOR SALE.

The commodious Dwelling House, No. 160 Fourth street, at present occupied by S. Fahnestock, Esq. The lot is 22 feet in front, and extends in depth half way to Third street. The house is three stories high with back building. Two large Rooms on first floor in front with separate entrance, for offices or store rooms. Apply to JAMES A. McKEAN,
At office of H. Brady Wilkins, 145 Fourth st.
ja17 tf

FOR SALE—
A Three Story Brick Dwelling House,

Situated on River Avenue, near Anderson street, Allegheny City, containing NINE ROOMS.
JOHN D. BAILEY,
ja17 Wilkins Hall.

LAND. LAND.

Three thousand acres to select from. Oil, Coal and Lumber only a short distance from market, at four dollars per acre. For particulars address
WM. H. BRILL,
dec23 77 Federal st., Allegheny city.

RESIDENCE IN EAST LIBERTY
FOR SALE.

Lot 120 feet front by 110 feet deep with a desirable Frame Dwelling House, two porches, seven rooms, grained paints, varnished, with necessary out-houses; young fruit trees, and a grape arbor, and within two minutes walk of East Liberty Station, Pennsylvania Railroad. For further particulars inquire of
HUMBERT, LIGHTNER & CO.,
ja6-tf 105 Third street.

FOR SALE—
5 Lots on Pennsylvania Avenue.
Inquire at
FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,
no11-tf Washington street.

OIL LANDS FOR SALE.

Several valuable tracts of OIL TERRITORY, bordering on the Kanawha river, West Virginia, are offered for sale by the undersigned. For information, deeds, plans, &c., apply to me at No. 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
WM. M. MOFFETT,
au4-tf Attorney at Law.

FOR SALE—
Seventy-five Acres of Ground

Beautifully located for Suburban Residences, and
Suitable for Gardening Purposes,
SITUATED IN CHARTIERS TOWNSHIP,
Two miles from the city and contiguous to Nimick Station, Steubenville Railroad.
For terms apply to
N. P. SAWYER,
dec6 No. 47 Wood street.

OIL LEASES
On Yellow Creek.

The Pennsylvania and Ohio Coal and Iron Company are now prepared to issue a few more leases on their property at Yellow Creek, Ohio, on very favorable terms to parties desiring to bore for oil. Their property consists of those two (2) valuable estates known as the McCullough and Nesley tracts, containing in all about eleven hundred acres, and extending about one and a half mile on either side of Yellow Creek, from its mouth. Shaw's run, Block-house run and Rocky run all put into Yellow Creek through these properties. The successful development of Little Beaver argues well for Yellow Creek. Coal will be furnished at cost of mining to operators. Apply to LYDAY & CHORPENNING, Duquesne way, (one door below Hand street,) Pittsburgh, Pa., or to
de28 1m S. N. M'CULLOUGH, on the premises.

STATIONERY.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES.
Embossed Note Papers.
Duplicating Paper.
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
ja3 corner Wood and Third streets.

SALEM, OHIO.
Isaac Trescott,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
BOOKS, RAGS, WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS, WRITING PAPERS, STATIONERY, ETC.
Orders promptly executed. Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily COMMERCIAL. my2-1y

1866. DIARIES, 1866.
POCKET & COUNTING HOUSE,
For sale by W. S. HAVEN,
dec13 corner Wood and Third streets.

PAINTERS.

BARRY & BROTHER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
NO. 294, SECOND FLOOR,
Corner of Seventh and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.
jy28-1y

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA,
Wholesale Dealers
—IN—
COTTON YARNS,
Cotton and Linen Carpet Chains,

BATTING,	WADDING,
TWINES,	WICKS,
COVERLET YARN,	GRAIN BAGS,
CORDAGE,	FANCY COVERLETS,
OIL CLOTHS,	FANCY BASKETS,

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, &c., &c.
se22-3m

SOMETHING NEW.
METAL HYDROMETERS,
That will not break or get out of order, for
Testing Carbon Oil.

Having succeeded, "by dint of close study and application," in producing a Hydrometer in metal for testing Carbon Oil, I respectfully offer it to the attention of Dealers and those engaged in Refining, as an article that will not break or get out of order; its adjustment being so simple that any one may readily understand it. To those constantly using this instrument it will be found a great boon, as an article that has long been inquired after, and which needs only to be seen to be appreciated.

For sale by the Manufacturer,
GEO. E. SHAW,
No. 58 Fifth street.

Every kind of HYDROMETER and THERMOMETER known, constantly on hand or made to order.
mh11

20,000 HOOP POLES for sale by COOK BROS. & CO.,
ja17 12 Smithfield street.

RAILROADS.

1865. WINTER ARRANGEMENT 1865.
Pennsylvania Central R. R.
TWELVE DAILY TRAINS.

On and after MONDAY, November 20th, 1865, trains will leave the Union Passenger Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

DAY EXPRESS—Leaves Pittsburgh at 2:20 a. m., stopping at principal Stations. Arrives at Altoona at 7:25 a. m., Tyrone 8:23 a. m., [Bellefonte 10:32 a. m., Lock Haven 12:19 p. m.,] Harrisburg† 1:00 p. m., Baltimore‡ 5:20 p. m., New York, via Allentown 10:25 p. m., Philadelphia‡ at 5:45 p. m., and New York, via Philadelphia at 10:20 p. m.

CINCINNATI EXPRESS—Leaves Pittsburgh at 3:50 a. m., stopping at nearly all Stations. Altoona‡ at 1:50 p. m., Harrisburg‡ 8:15 p. m., arriving at Philadelphia 1:30 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN—Leaves Pittsburgh at 11:40 a. m.; stopping at nearly all Stations. Altoona‡ 6:05 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 12:25 a. m., and Philadelphia at 7:10 a. m.

PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS¶—Leaves Pittsburgh at 3:55 p. m., stopping only at principal Stations. Arrives at Latrobe‡ 5:10 p. m., Altoona 9:10 p. m., Harrisburg 2:35 a. m., Baltimore* 7:00 a. m., New York, via Allentown 10:00 a. m., Philadelphia* 7:10 a. m., and New York, via Philadelphia at 12:05 p. m. Sleeping Cars run through on this train from Pittsburgh to Baltimore and Philadelphia and to New York, via Allentown.

FAST LINE—Leaves Pittsburgh at 10:00 p. m., stopping only at principal Stations. Arrives at Altoona at 3:00 a. m., Harrisburg* 8:15 a. m., Baltimore† 12:30 p. m., New York†, via Allentown, 3:40 p. m., Philadelphia† 1:10 p. m., and New York, via Philadelphia at 5:42 p. m.

*Breakfast. †Dinner. ‡Supper.
¶Daily, all other trains Sundays excepted.

JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION, daily, except Sunday, at 4:15 p. m., stopping at regular stations between Pittsburgh and Conemaugh, and connecting at Blairsville Intersection with trains of the Indiana Branch and West Pennsylvania R. R.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION, daily, except Sunday, at 7:10 a. m., stopping at all regular stations between Pittsburgh and Altoona, and making close connection with trains on Indiana Branch, West Pennsylvania R. R., Ebensburg and Cresson R. R., and Hollidaysburg Branch.

First Accommodation Train for Wall's Station leaves daily (except Sunday) at 6:30 a. m.

Second Accommodation Train for Wall's Station leaves daily (except Sunday) at 10:43 a. m.

Penn Accommodation No. 1, leaves daily (except Sunday) at 3:00 p. m.

Third Accommodation Train for Wall's Station leaves daily (except Sunday) at 6:05 p. m.

Penn Accommodation No. 2, leaves daily (except Sunday) at 10:30 p. m., stopping at all stations between Pittsburgh and Penn Stations.

The Church Train leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., and arrives in Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Wall's Station at 2:00 p. m.

Returning Trains arrive in Pittsburgh as follows:

Mail	1:50 a. m.
Fast Line	2:40 a. m.
First Wall's Station Accommodation	6:25 a. m.
Penn Accommodation	7:35 a. m.
Second Wall's Station Accommodation	8:50 a. m.
Johnstown Accommodation	10:05 a. m.
Baltimore Express	1:20 p. m.
Altoona Accommodation and Emigrant	10:50 p. m.
Third Wall's Station Accommodation	1:50 p. m.
Philadelphia Express	2:05 p. m.
Penn Accommodation No. 2	6:25 p. m.
Pittsburgh and Erie Mail	12:35 p. m.

An agent of the Excelsior Omnibus Company will pass through each train before reaching the Depot, and take up checks and deliver baggage to any part of the city. Office No. 410 Penn street, open day and night, where all orders for the movement of passengers and baggage will receive prompt attention.

Baltimore express will arrive with Philadelphia express at 2:30 p. m. on Mondays.

NOTICE—In case of loss, the Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding $100.

W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.
At the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Passenger Station, on Liberty and Washington streets. no28

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
Winter Arrangements.

On and after MONDAY, November 20th, 1865, Passenger trains will be arranged to run as follows:

Leave Pittsburgh.		Arrive at Kittanning.
Mail	6:45 a. m.	9:45 a. m.
Express	5:10 p. m.	8:10 a. m.
Accommodation	1:40 p. m.	

Leaving Kittanning.		Arrive at Pittsburgh.
Mail	3:10 p. m.	6:10 p. m.
Express	7:50 a. m.	11 a. m
Accommodation		9 a. m

F. WRIGHT,
dec2 Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, OCT. 30, 1865, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives at Pittsburgh.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:15 a. m.	6:00 p. m.
Express " "	3:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
First McKeesport Accommo'n	11:00 a. m.	6:30 a. m.
Second "	6:15 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
First Braddock's "	7:00 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
Second "	4:10 p. m.	5:45 p. m.
Sunday Church Train to and from McKeesport	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.

For tickets, apply to
H. C. SHALLENBERGER, Agent.
ap30 W. B. STOUT, Superintendent.

EGGS.--7 BBLS. FRESH EGGS, for sale by GEORGE B. JONES & CO.
my22 141 Water street.

1865. PITTSBURGH, 1865.
Columbus and Cincinnati R. R
THE GREAT SHORT ROUTE, VIA
STEUBENVILLE to
COLUMBUS,
CINCINNATI,
LOUISVILLE,
INDIANAPOLIS,
ST. LOUIS.

And all the principal cities West and South-west.

On and after MONDAY, November 20, trains leave and arrive at the Union Depot as follows:

	Departs.	Arrives.
Fast Line	2:50 A. M.	8:30 A. M.
Mail	8:00 "	3:35 P. M.
Express	3:20 P. M.	12:55 A. M.
Steubenv'e Accommodation	4:00 "	10:10 A. M.

M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH,
Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Pittsburgh.
S. F. SCULL,
General Ticket Agent, Steubenville, Ohio.
oc9-tf

1865 THE PITTSBURGH, 1865.
Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. W.
AND
CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after November 19th, 1865, trains run as follows, viz:—

Leave Pitts.	For Cincin'i, & Chicago.	For Clev'd.	For Wheel'g.
Express	2:50 a. m.	2:50 a. m.	2:30 p. m.
Express	1:45 p. m.	2:30 p. m.	5:05 p. m.
Express	2:45 p. m.		
Mail	7:00 a. m.	6:00 a. m.	6:00 a. m.
For New Castle and Erie			6:40 a. m.

Returning, Arrive at Pittsburgh:
P., F. W. & C. R. W., 1:50 a. m. 3:10 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 9:00 p. m. C. & P. R. R. 11:15 a. m. 3:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m.

Accommodation Trains Leave Allegheny
N. B. Roch'r. N. C. Economy. Wellsville
9:00 a. m. 2:05 p. m. 3:50 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 3:50 p. m.
11:50 a. m.
4:20 p. m.
5:40 p. m.

Returning, Arrive in Allegheny.
P. F. W. & C. R. W. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 2:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m.
C. & P. R. R. 10:00 a. m.

GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent,
Union Passenger Depot, Pittsburgh.
A. Q. CASSELBERRY,
Allegheny City.
my15 F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

MANUFACTURERS.

C. H. SPANG D. B. HERRON. J. W. CHALFANT
SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,
ETNA IRON WORKS,
Warehouse, Nos. 91 and 93 WATER STREET
je5 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. M. ROLFE. JOSEPH DILWORTH.
J. H. SWETT. GEORGE PORTER.
DILWORTH, PORTER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
RAILROAD CHAIRS AND SPIKS.
Office, cor Water st. and Cherry alley. au15-1y

BERLIN FOUNDRY,
PRICE & SIMS,
(Successors to W. G. Price,)
Cor. Pennsylvania Avenue and Price St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes, Cast Iron Sinks, Bedstead Fastenings, Coal Car Wheels, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Grate Bars, Sash and Clock Weights, Hollow-ware Castings, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings; Castings of all kinds for agricultural implements.
Also, castings of all kinds for Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters. Jobbing and Machine Castings, lighter or heavy, made to order. ja25-1

WM. HOLMES JAMES IRWIN
JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
OIL OF VITRIOL & AQUA AMMONIA,
Office No. 15 Market Street,
ja9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BRANDS AND STAMPS
Cut to Order, in Every Style,
BY
JAMES BOWEN,
my13 136 WOOD STREET.

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.
MODES, RYRIE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
BLACK AND GREEN GLASSWARE
DRUGGISTS' WARE, BOTTLES, DEMIJOHNS, CARBOYS, &c.
Warehouse, No. 144 Water street, between Smithfield and Grant streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
We warrant our wares to be superior to any manufactured west of the mountains. Always on hand, Glassware of the above description. All orders promptly attended to.
☞ Particular attention paid to Private Moulds.
au4-1y

RAILROAD
CAR WHEELS AND AXLES.
Having purchased the right to manufacture
Ross' Celebrated Patent Car Wheels
We are prepared to furnish broad or narrow tread wheels which we will warrant equal in quality to any now in use. We also manufacture and can furnish promptly
Superior Rolled Axles.
no15-1y JONES & LAUGHLINS

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF CAST STEEL,
Best refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross-cut Saw Plates, Reapers, File, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel; Machinery, Plow, Sheet, Shear, Railroad Spring and Frog Steel.
Office and Works, corner Harrison and Pike streets, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Warranted equal to the best English Steel. Orders may be left at No. 37 Fifth street.

A. W. FOSTER...P. COLEMAN...A. W. FOSTER, JR.
COLEMAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of
WROUGHT IRON WELDED TUBES,
FOR GAS, STEAM, WATER, &c.
ALSO, OIL WELL TUBING.
Office, No. 38 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
All work warranted smooth inside. se13-1y

MANUFACTURERS.

CONTINENTAL
MACHINE WORKS.
JENNINGS & CO.,
No. 220 Rebecca street, Allegheny, Pa.,
Machinists and manufacturers of their improved patent
Boring Tools for Oil Wells,
Jack Screws,
Housen Screws,
Timber Wheel Screws,
Water Tweyers, &c.
Bridge and other Bolts, all sizes, and Machine Jobbing of all kinds done promptly to order. [dec20-3m

JAMES BOWN,
MANUFACTURER OF
IMPROVED BORING TOOLS,
FOR
Sinking Oil, Salt and Other Wells,
No. 136 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Tools warranted made of the very best SLIGO AND LOW MOOR IRON.

WELL BORERS
Furnished at
LOWEST CASH PRICES

With such articles as are necessary to conduct operations, viz:

ANVILS,	HATCHETS,
BELLOWS,	SAWS,
VISES,	SQUARES,
SLEDGES,	CHISELS,
HAMMERS,	WRENCHES,
SHOVELS,	PLANES,
PICKS,	LEVELS,
AXES,	NAILS, &c.

Rope, Leather and Gum Belting.

All of which I have constantly in store. no3-3m

AMERICAN IRON WORKS
JONES & LAUGHLINS,
PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
AMERICAN AND CLAIR
BAR, HOOP, SHEET and PLATE IRON,
BRIDGE IRON,
ANGLE AND T IRON,
GUARD IRON,
COAL SCREEN IRON,
T RAILS, 16 and 20 lbs. to yard,
TRAM RAILS, punch'd and countersunk
BOILER, BRIDGE and TANK RIVETS,
CUT NAILS and SPIKES,
SHIP and BOAT SPIKES,
RAILROAD SPIKES,
RAILROAD FISH BARS and BOLTS,
RAILROAD CAR WHEELS and AXLE
STREET CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
COAL-PIT CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTING,
PATENT COLD ROLLED PISTON RODS,
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.

Warehouse and Office,
120 WATER, AND 156 FRONT.
Branch House,
NOS. 22, 24 AND 26 RIVER ST.,
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SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS
ESTABLISHED IN 1846.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Tool Cast Steel
Spring, Plow, Blister and Saw Steel, Railroad Car Springs and Spring Steel, Axle Springs, Steel Tire, &c. best Cast Steel suitable for Oil Tools. Warehouse, 83 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap6

A. BRADLEY..........W. VANKIRK...........J. S. BRADLEY
ETNA STOVE WORKS.
A. BRADLEY & CO.,
MANUFACTURE EVERY VARIETY OF
COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING,
STOVES,
Among which are the celebrated
EUREKA, TROPIC AND TALISMAN,
(Coal Stoves,) the
POMONA, AND IRONSIDES,
(Wood Cook Stoves.) Also manufacture
GRATE, GRATE FRONTS, &c., &c.
Office and warehouse, corner of Second and Wood street, Pittsburgh. oc14-1y

JOSEPH PENNOCK. ROBERT C. TOTTEN
FULTON FOUNDRY,
NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Warehouse, 141 Wood street,
PENNOCK & TOTTEN,
(Successors to Joseph Pennock and Pennock & Hart
Manufacturers of Chill Rolls, warranted, Nail Machines, Soft Rolls, Squeezers, Puddling, Heating and Annealing Furnace Plates, of improved patterns, plain or corrugated; Bar, Boiler and Plate Iron Shears and Punches of latest improved patterns, Rolling Mill Castings and Heavy Machinery generally.
Gas Retorts, Oil Stills, Hot Blast Pipes, Driving Pipe with Bolle's patent wrought iron bands; Sugar Kettles House Fronts and Window Heads; Gas and Water Pipe, either bowl or flange; Rolls turned, and all fitting done to order. A large assortment of rolling-mill patterns purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry. ja21-1y

LYON, SHORB & CO.,
SLIGO IRON WORKS.
WAREHOUSE, NO. 121 WATER ST.,
se9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

GRAFF, BENNETT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON AND NAILS,
WAREHOUSE, 97 WATER ST., BELOW WOOD,
fe12-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of best quality refined Cast Steel, square flat and octagon, all sizes.
Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.
Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 First and 120 and 122 Second street Pittsburgh, Pa. no7

JOHN MAFFETT,
127 First street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Manufacturer of Oil Well Pumps and Tools, Brass and Iron Cocks, Tongs, Clamps, Poles and Couplings, Sand Pumps, Sampson Posts and Walking beam irons, Derrick Wheels and Fittings. We are prepared to furnish the above at the shortest notice and on the best of terms. Address JOHN MAFFETT,
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Manufacturers of
Boring Tools, Steam Engines and Boilers. Dealers in Portable Saw Mills, Engine and Hand Lathes, Planers, Bolt Cutters, Power Punches, Drills, Slide Rests, Scroll and Independent Jaw Chucks.
Depot for Banks, Dinmore & Co.'s Platform, Beam, Railroad Track, Coal and Hay Scales.
oc31-3m

BOLIVAR UNION FIRE BRICK WORKS,
ERSKINE, HAMMOND & McMATH,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Fire Brick, Furnace Brick and Tile, Bolivar, Westmoreland county, Pa. Prompt attention given to orders by mail. Agents in Pittsburgh, HERRON & CO.,
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E. B. MATTHEWS,
MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Brooms, Broom Brushes, Broom Findings, &c.
Also, always on hand MACHINERY for the manufacture of all kinds of Brooms and Broom Brushes. Office and Salesroom, No. 120 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Factory on Chestnut street, Manchester. [oc3-6m

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PARK, PAINTER & CO.,
Warehouse, Nos. 149 First and 120 Second Streets
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4-4 Brown Sheeting, Carpet Chain of all Colors, Candlewick, Batting and Twine.

ANDREWS & ARMSTRONG,
Engine Builders & Practical Machinists.
Manufacturers of
Marine and Stationary Steam Engines.
Also, ENGINES of all descriptions for oil purposes
PULLEYS, HANGERS, SHAFTING and CASTINGS of all descriptions made to order.
CORNER SANDUSKY AND WATER STS.,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
☞ Particular attention paid to REPAIRING.
no8-6m

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GENERAL GRANT TANNERY.
KIEFER & HUMMEL,
(Successors to Kiefer, Straub & Co.)
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Leather.
☞ THE HIGHEST PRICE paid for HIDES CALF-SKINS, BEEF TALLOW and CHESTNUT OAK BARK.
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ja28-1y

S. S. FOWLER & CO.,
Iron Founders and Mill Finishers,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Solid Hub Car Wheels.
se17 No. 39 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OIL WELL STEAM ENGINES.
I am prepared to furnish Steam Engines so much approved of for Oil Wells and other purposes, on the shortest notice, having different sized Engines on hand, and finishing others. The public can be accommodated with almost any size they want. The work to show for itself. WILLIAM FISHER, Fifth Ward between Mechanic and Harrison streets, Pittsburgh dec21-tf

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KEYSTONE FOUNDRY,
D. DEHAVEN & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves,
RANGES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, IRON HOUSE FRONTS, IRON RAILING, HOLLOW WARE, WAGON BOXES, &c.
We manufacture and keep constantly on hand a large assortment of the best Cooking Stoves for coal and wood, among which are the Ironsides and Allegheny for coal, and Empire and Diamond Rock for wood, which we offer at the lowest figures. Warehouse, No. 47 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny city. ja26-3m

M. DARRAGH & CO.,
ENGINE BUILDERS, MACHINISTS,
AND
OIL TOOL MANUFACTURERS.
FALLSTON, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.
All orders promptly attended to. ja24-3m

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(Successors to T. Kramer & Co.)
GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
Office, 155 First Street,
☞ Will remove to 64 First street, on April 1st.
ja23-3m

EAGLE IRON WORKS.
JAMES WOOD & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MERCHANT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON,
HOOP BAND and WAGON BOX IRON,
EAGLE BRAND HORSE SHOE IRON,
PLATE and SHEET IRON,
REAPER BAR IRON,
FLAT RAILS, PUNCHED and COUNTER SUNK,
COAL SCREEN IRON,
CUT NAILS and SPIKES,
WROUGHT IRON WELDED TUBES, for Gas, Steam, Water, &c.
ALSO,
Oil Well Tubing.

Warehouse: 113 Water and 108 Front street.
Branch House: 132 and 134 West Water street,
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FORT PITT
BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
Manufacturers of
Tubular, Double-flued, Tubular
Fire-box & Cylinder Steam Boilers

CHIMNEYS,	OIL STILLS,
BRITCHEN,	OIL TANKS,
FIRE BEDS,	AGITATORS,
ASH PANS,	SETTLING PANS
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IRON BRIDGES,	GASOMETERS,

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Office and Works, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets,
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☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. dec2-3m

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LLOYD & BLACK,
MANUFATURERS OF
Best Common, Refined Charcoal
And Juniata Bloom.

MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE, and SHEET IRON,
MOWER and REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER, and GUARD OR FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs, to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES FOR SAME.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS and SPIKES.

Warehouse, No. 88 Water and No. 6 Market streets. Works, Second street, Eighth Ward, adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh. dec20-3m

W. P. PRICE, builder of all sizes of OIL TANKS,
for Crude and Refined Oil, 165 LACOCK STREET, near Federal street, Allegheny city. Tanks of all sizes constantly on hand. Particular attention paid to fitting up of Oil Refineries. Postoffice address, Box 64, Allegheny city, Pa. ja9-1m

PITTSBURGH & McKEESPORT
CAR COMPANY,
MANUFACTORY, McKEESPORT, PA.
PITTSBURGH OFFICE, 84 WOOD STREET.

This company is organized under the General Manufacturing Laws of the State of Pennsylvania, with ample capital and facilities for doing an extensive business. We respectfully solicit orders for the manufacture of BOX, GONDOLA and RAILROAD COAL CARS PIT CARS, SCREEN BEARERS and BARS complete Railroad Rollers, Pit Wagon Wheels, Frogs and Turnouts for Coal Roads, Railroad Car Wheels and Castings, Cooking and Heating Stoves, Plows, Plow Points, Cultivators, and Foundry Castings in general.
IRON AND METAL TURNING,
Done to order on short notice.

W. H. BROWN, President, Pittsburgh.
R. H. PALMER, Treasurer, Pittsburgh.
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WM. STARK, Manager, McKeesport.
DIRECTORS.
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R. H. PALMER, W. S. HAVEN,
fe24eod J. N. SHALLENBERGER.

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ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,
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MANUFACTURERS OF
BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,
SQUARE, FLAT AND OCTAGON, OF ALL SIZES.
Saw Plates, Hoe, Fork and
SHEET CAST STEEL.
Cast Steel for Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Springs, Axles, Crowbars, &c.
Office: Corner Ross and First streets, two blocks above Monongahela House. se27-1y

NAIL MACHINES.—WE ARE prepared to furnish
NAIL MACHINES
Of the Latest Improved Construction.

Our Patterns were purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry and were made by that well known Practical Nailer, Mr. THOS. ERNEST, who superintends all the Machines constructed by us. We are prepared to furnish with dispatch. Samples of Machines generally on hand. Also,
CHILL AND SOFT ROLLS,
Which we warrant equal to the very best made in this city. Sheers, Squeezes, Punches and Rolling Mill Machinery of every description furnished of the very best materials and workmanship.
PENNOCK & TOTTEN,
no10-3m] Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CARLIN & GIBSON,
FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY
AND MACHINE WORKS,
Sandusky street, near Robinson, Allegheny City,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES, ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS.
We have always on hand, and make to order, Steam Engines for oil wells, with flue or portable boiler under shafts, Derrick fixtures, &c. &c. de4-tf

DUQUESNE WAGON AND AGRICULTURAL
IMPLEMENT WORKS.
Continues to manufacture all descriptions of wagons, carts, drays, wheelbarrows, store, steamboat, Railroad and Express baggage trucks. The celebrated Prairie Bird and Meadow Lark Wheel Horse Rakes, Harpoon and Pronged Hay Elevator, &c. All made of the best material and warranted. Office at Works, corner Marshall street and Marion avenue, front of Penitentiary, Allegheny.
ja3 COLUMBUS COLEMAN.

EXCELSIOR BOLT AND NUT WORKS.
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers of, and keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Bolts, Nuts, Washers, and Thimble Skeins.
☞ Office and wareroom corner Market and Water streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja6-1y

MORTON STREET MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
Engine Builders Machinists & Founders,
Morton street, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh,
N. B. HATCH, President,
WM B. STERRIT, Superintendent of Foundry.
THOS. McCOY, Master Machinist.
D. P. HATCH, General Superintendent.
no10-3m

J. E. CONNOR, Manufacturer of the latest improved Screw, Lever and Drop Presses Cutting and Stamping Dies; and general agent for the far famed Olmsted's late improved combined Double Seamer and Setting Down Machine; combined Circular, Square and Bevel Cutters, and Tinners' Tools of all kinds made to order.
Nos. 69, 71 and 73 Adams street,
ap15 BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

C. CADMAN. T. K. CRAWFORD
DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS.
CADMAN & CRAWFORD,
Brass Founders, Gas and Steam Fitters. Particular attention paid to Steamboat work and Oil Refineries. Corner of Duquesne Way and St. Clair streets. au15-y

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

CITY COUNCILS.—The regular monthly meeting of the Select and Common Councils will be held this evening.

COMMITTED FOR LARCENY.—James Morrissey, charged with the larceny of some shirts and drawers from Timothy Curran, was committed to jail on Saturday, by Alderman Taylor, in default of $500 bail.

COMMITTED.—Peter Sleeper had a hearing before Mayor Morrison of Allegheny, on Saturday on a charge of stealing a coat from a colored man named Thompson, and was sent to jail to answer the charge at the next term of Court.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.—The city was unusually quiet on Saturday night, and only ten offenders were in attendance at the Mayor's levee yesterday morning. The offenses alleged against them were drunkenness, disorderly conduct and vagrancy.

RESIGNED.—George N. Miller, Esq., has resigned the Superintendency of the Union Skating Park, a position which he filled with rare acceptance since the formation of the Association. Mr. George Metzgar has been elected to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Miller's resignation.

A WARNING TO BOYS.—Two boys were arrested on Saturday by the Allegheny police, while having a stone fight in the Fourth Ward. Upon a hearing before the Mayor, they were held in one hundred dollars bail, each, to keep the peace.

SICKNESS IN JAIL.—Catharine Melville, an inmate of the county jail, who is laboring under a severe attack of typhoid fever, was removed to Mercy Hospital on Saturday by order of the court. A colored man, named Wm. Smith, a vagrant, who has contracted the small-pox, was also taken to the hospital.

COMMISSIONS RECEIVED.—The commission of Robert B. Carnahan, Esq., United States District Attorney, was read in the United States District Court on Saturday. The commission is dated January 15th, 1866, and expires January 15th, 1870. The commission of A. Murdock, Esq., United States Commissioner, has also been received.

IMPROVEMENTS.—We paid a visit to the Borough of Manchester a few days ago, and found several new buildings approaching completion. There are several vacant lots in the borough, which, we suppose, could be bought cheap, and which would be good building sites for those who are unable to pay the present exorbitant prices demanded for city lots.

GAZETTEER OF INDIANA.—Mr. Cowen, of the firm of Messrs. Rosser, Spring & Cowen, Lafayette, compilers and publishers of the *Gazetteer of Indiana*, is now in this city, for the purpose of securing advertisements and subscribers for the next issue of their work. This is a valuable publication, containing reliable lists of business men, professional men and manufacturers, together with much interesting statistical information, of great value to business men generally. It will be an invaluable advertising medium, and indispensable as a book of reference.

JAIL PHYSICIAN.—A meeting of the Board of Inspectors of the County Prison was held on Saturday, when Dr. A. G. McCandless, Physician of that institution, offered his resignation, which was accepted, and his son, Dr. Josiah G. McCandless, appointed in his stead. The reason assigned by Dr. McCandless, Sr., for resigning was that he had accepted the position of Physician to the Marine Hospital, which incapacitated him from receiving any other appointment. Dr. McCandless, Jr., was formerly an Assistant Surgeon in the army, and bears the reputation of being an excellent physician.

LARCENY OF A VALISE.—On Saturday Mr. Patrick McAnulty, a resident of Latrobe, while coming to this city in the cars on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was robbed of his valise, containing a lot of valuable clothing. Two men, named Sullivan, who were on the train, were suspected of being the thieves, and warrants were issued by the Mayor for their arrest. Officer Willison was entrusted with the warrants, and during the afternoon succeeded in apprehending the suspected parties. After being locked up, one of the men acknowledged that they had taken the valise, and sent it to the house of an acquaintance in Manchester. Mr. Willison visited the house designated, and succeeded in recovering the stolen property. The defendants had a hearing yesterday morning, and were held in $500 bail each for their appearance at court to answer.

Supposed Infanticide—Coroner's Inquest.

Yesterday morning, about nine o'clock, the body of a male child, apparently but a few hours old, was found in a private alley, on Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets. The body, which was entirely naked, had been placed but a few yards from the street, and was discovered by a gentleman residing in the vicinity, who communicated the fact to the police. The body was removed to the Mayor's office, and Coroner Clawson summoned, who empannelled a jury, and proceeded to hold an inquest. Several witnesses were examined, but no evidence, tending to throw any light upon the mystery, was elicited. The inquest then adjourned until this evening, and in the meantime Dr. George M'Cook will make a post-mortem examination of the remains of the infant, in order to discover if its death was the result of foul means. An effort is being made by the Coroner to discover the whereabouts of the unnatural mother.

Allegheny Co. Educational Association.

The Allegheny County Educational Association assembled in the hall of the Fourth ward school house, on Penn street, on Friday evening. After prayer by Rev. Strickland, Rev. H. D. Moore, of Plymouth church, delivered a highly interesting lecture on the right which the State has to educate the youth of the country.

The Association reassembled at 10 o'clock on Saturday morning, and was opened with prayer by Prof. Dickson, when Prof. Ayres, of the Western University, delivered a lecture, after which the annual election for officers was held, which resulted in the choice of Benjamin Jones, Principal of Birmingham, President; John T. Taggart, of Seventh ward, Vice President; J. F. McClymonds, of East Birmingham, Secretary, and W. W. Dickson, of Central High School, Treasurer.

H. G. Squires, Principal of South Pittsburgh, E. Ayres, of the Western University, L. H. Eaton, of the Eighth ward, S. E. Patterson, of Lawrenceville, and George J. Luckey, of the Third ward, Allegheny, were chosen the Executive Committee.

Messrs. Burtt, Bancroft and McClymonds were appointed a committee to prepare a petition to the Governor, that in case Prof. Wickersham should not accept the position of State Superintendent of Schools, he should then appoint S. P. Bates, the present Deputy Superintendent, to be Superintendent.

The Benefit at Central Skating Park.

The subjoined communication exhibits a gratifying response to the offer of the managers of the Central Skating Park, to devote the receipts of Friday for the benefit of the poor of the city. The statement that the receipts of the Union Skating Park on Friday would be applied for the benefit of the poor was erroneous, no such announcement having been made by the managers. It is hoped, however, that the Union Park will soon set apart a day for that purpose. The prompt response of the managers of the Central Park to the call on behalf of the poor was worthy of those enterprising gentlemen, and great credit is due them:

To the Editor of the Commercial:

Permit us through your columns to thank our citizens for their liberal patronage on the occasion of our benefit for the poor. We hereby acknowledge the receipt of two hundred and four dollars and twenty-five cents, as follows:

From sales of tickets	$177 25
" Jos. A. Shinn, Coat and Skate Room	17 00
" Jonas Smith, Restaurant	10 00
	$204 25

which amount the finance committee have been authorized to put into the hands of Rev. W. A. Passavant, for distribution to the poor.

Yours, truly,
CENTRAL SKATING PARK.

The House of Refuge of Western Pennsylvania.

We paid a visit to this institution a few days since, and were really surprised at the extent of the improvements made within the last few years. New buildings have been erected, old apartments remodeled, and it looks like an entirely different institution from that of former years. There are in at present, one hundred and seventy-seven boys and sixty-three girls. Through the kindness of R. N. Avery, Esq., the present efficient and worthy Superintendent, we were escorted through the various departments, and found everything to be in a most flourishing condition. The inmates receive four hours each day to attend school, the rest of the time, with the exception of an hour for play, being devoted to work. Upon proceeding through the different departments, we noticed a room occupied by fifty boys, who are busily engaged in knitting socks for the inmates, and it is really surprising to see with what rapidity the slender needles are handled by these youths. A little further on, and we come to a large room occupied by about one hundred older boys, who are engaged at making shoes, whips and other like articles. The girls do the sewing and housework for the Institution, and are divided into two distinct classes—those who having committed light offenses being kept separate from those who have been guilty of criminal acts. All seemed content with the duties assigned them, and performed them with willingness. The male and female inmates are kept in separate buildings, and are not allowed to converse with each other, except by the permission of some of the officers. Religious services are held twice every Sunday in the chapel, in the morning by the Superintendent or his assistant, and in the afternoon by some minister from the city. The inmates are all in good health, there not being a single case of sickness at the present time. To the credit of Mr. Avery and his assistants, we will state that not a single inmate has escaped from the Institution within the last two years, although several unsuccessful attempts have been made. Additional improvements are about approaching completion, among which is an elegant two story brick building, capable of holding fifty boys, and which will be occupied in a short time. Taking the House of Refuge all in all, it is one of the best managed Institutions in the State.

COUGHS, Hoarseness and the various throat affections to which public speakers, military officers, and singers are liable, relieved by "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" Having a *direct influence* to the affected parts, they allay Pulmonary Irritation. The freedom from all deleterious ingredients makes *the Troches* a safe remedy for the most delicate female, or youngest child, and has caused them to be held in the highest esteem by those who use them.
ja29n-w&f 1tw

Public Amusements.

THEATRE.—Manager Henderson announces a re-engagement for five nights of Mrs. Lander, whose performances during the past week were a succession of brilliant triumphs. Mrs. Lander is unquestionably the most talented actress now on the American stage, and her popularity is not greater than is deserved. This evening she will appear in the title role of "Charlotte Corday."

OPERA HOUSE.—The fascinating young songstress and actress, Miss Emily Melville, will make her debut in this city, at the Opera House this evening. She is represented to be a remarkable actress—a perfect prodigy, being only in the sixteenth year. She will appear this evening as Fanchon. An additional attraction at the Opera House will be the appearance of Miss Carrie A. Moore, the "Skatorial Queen," as she is called, who will display her extraordinary abilities as a skater.

MASONIC HALL.—Mad'lle Ottilie Genee, an actress who has gained a great European reputation in eccentric comic characters, will appear to-morrow evening at Masonic Hall, in a sparkling comedy, entitled "The Shoemaker of Lyons." She is supported by an excellent company, and during her short stay here will offer a varied and highly interesting programme. In eccentric parts, Miss Genee stands unrivalled, and she is in the field of the comic muse, what the great Rachel was in the tragic. She created an immense *furore* in New York, Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore recently. Reserved seats can be secured at Messrs. Kleber & Bro.'s, and Messrs. Hoffman & Hoene's Music Stores, from nine o'clock this morning.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY, January 27.—P. M.

Nearly every stock on the list was dull to-day. The bids were few and at rather nominal prices. The money market is working freer, and rates are not as high as in the beginning of the past week. Dullness continues to be the general feeling in business circles.

On Change to-day, the attendance was fair. The membership is daily increasing. Seven firms were admitted, viz:—R. Knox & Son, Waring & King, F. H. Eaton, John Shepherd, T. M. Hoffstott, Shriver & Lasear, and James M'Kenna. Dispatches were read from New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis.

—The eastern oil stock markets were very much depressed to-day, and prices generally lower. In Philadelphia Ocean sold at 15½c, which was an advance on yesterday's price; Dalzell at 1¾; Maple Shade is quoted at 4 a 5 Sugar Creek 4½. The market was decidedly weak, though stronger than on Friday.

The New York market was even more depressed. United States sold down to 16; Belmeboff advanced to 17⅜; Pithole at 9. The whole market is reported as being badly broke. The bears have taken advantage of the low price of oil, and the general feeling is that lower prices must hereafter rule, and have succeeded in putting down quotations lower perhaps than the real value of the shares of some of those companies, as the accounts of new wells and increasing yield from old ones are favorable, and besides it is expected that a reaction will soon occur.

—The Exchange National Bank of this city, gives notice of an increase of capital out of their surplus fund, which they divide among their stockholders, giving them fifty per cent. in stock. The effect will be to enable them to obtain an increased amount of national circulation, in place of their old issue, and thus increase their means.

—An effort is to be made at New York to continue the Columbian Marine Insurance Company on a capital reduced about one half. As this, however, will require legislative action, it is doubtful whether the carrying out of the proposition is quite certain. As is usual on occasions of this character, the stockholders, in view of the huge losses, are beginning to despond, and in fear of personal liability are gradually shrinking from the attempt to resuscitate. The past history of bank and insurance failures is to the effect that first reports made are seldom if ever maintained by time and full examination. Often liabilities that might be recovered if the institution had not failed, are lost because that class of debtors who is honest enough to pay to secure further favors of credit, will not give themselves much trouble, that inducement being removed. The first loss is usually least, and so it is intimated the stockholders of the Columbian are disposed to consider their case, and to realize as they best can. A bill is before the New York Legislature, which provides that hereafter any person holding a claim against any Insurance Company doing business in that State, growing out of the issuing of any policy, shall, in case of an action at law, be entitled to recover, in addition to the amount adjudged to be due on said policy or demand, a further sum of not less than ten nor more than fifteen per cent. on the amount awarded as damages, and, in case of an appeal, a sum of five per cent and costs for each appeal. All suits against insurance companies shall hereafter have preference in all the courts of the State.

—The amendatory act of Congress, approved March 3, 1865, section six, is as follows: "That every National Banking Association, State Bank, or State Banking Association, shall pay a tax of ten per cent. on the amount of notes of any State Bank or State Banking Association, paid out by them after the first day of July, 1866. A difference of opinion exists as to the meaning of the section; some persons supposing the tax is to be paid by the Bank which issued the notes, while others think it applies to other Banks which may pay them out. Probably nothing short of a judicial opinion will determine the question.

—We have been informed that the special Revenue Commission, which has been in session at the Custom House, in this city, for some time past, making inquiries and investigations in connection with the revenue system of the government, with a view to improvement and modification of the revenue laws of the country, have finally completed their report, which will be speedily placed in the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury, who will as promptly present it to Congress. A l revenue topics, projects and measures are elaborately and exhaustively discussed in the report, which promises to prove a most important and deeply interesting document.—*New York Times.*

—John W. Eddy, Esq., the Cashier of the Oil City Bank, retires from that position to accept a place in the banking house of Culver, Penn & Co., of New York city. Mr. Eddy's great energy and persevering disposition has placed the bank from which he now retires on a prosperous, solid basis, and his numerous personal friends will very much regret his absence from this city, in behalf of whose interest he has so zealously labored. John B. Candy, Esq., formerly the Teller of the First National Bank of this city, takes Mr. E.'s place as Cashier of the Oil City Bank, and from his long financial experience and his close attention to business, we infer that the institution whose interests he will in the future guard, will prosper hereafter, as it has prospered heretofore.—*Oil City Monitor.*

—The following named persons were elected Directors of the First National Bank of Kittanning, on the 9th inst., viz: J. B. Finlay, James Mosgrove, B. B. Killikelly, Charles T. Neal, William Pollock.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, }
MONDAY, January 29, 1866. }

The following are the receipts of oil by rail for the past week; (navigation in the Allegheny being suspended) also from the first of January by river and rail compared with 1865:

	Rivers.	Railroads.	Total
Monday, Jan. 22	......	1,863	1,863
Tuesday, Jan. 23	......	1,481	1,481
Wednesday, Jan. 24	......	1,211	1,211
Thursday, Jan. 25	......	1,946	1,946
Friday, Jan. 26	......	1,202	1,202
Saturday, Jan. 27	......	850	850
Total	......	8,553	8,553
Since January 1	43,121	31,343	73,464
Total to January 27	......	38,926	82,047
Same time 1865	4,708	10,600	15,308
Increase of 1866	38,413	28,326	66,739

The oil market during the week was dull. The demand for crude and refined being limited, buyers were not disposed to purchase to any extent at the rates demanded. The Eastern markets continued dull; buyers were offering figures so low that dealers here would not entertain them, we can give only nominal rates, viz: Crude, ordinary qualities without packages, 20@21c for Allegheny and Smith's Ferry oil; the receipts of the latter are on the increase. Green county amber oil sold to the extent of a few hundred barrels at 30c, packages returned. Refined oils assimilated with crude, hence the market was equally dull; sales of bonded were made in Philadelphia at 51c per gallon. Later in the week there was more inquiry. On Thursday sales of 500 barrels bonded were made for the Philadelphia market at 45c delivered on the cars. On Saturday a sale of 500 barrels bonded was made at 47c, same conditions as the previous transaction. This indicated better feeling in regard to bonded. Free oil—prices settled down to 64@65c on the spot. The week's transactions did not exceed a few hundred barrels. Tar—prices declined under a dull market to $4 75 with sales. Benzole was not inquired for, prices were nominal. The market contains a fair supply.

CRUDE OIL.—The limited supply in the market has increased the confidence of holders who are firm in their views. There was nothing done worthy of notice. There was considerable inquiry as to what contracts could be made for the opening of navigation to the oil regions. The rates for fair qualities of oil may be set down at 20@21c, without packages or in bulk; 25@26c, packages included. Smith's Ferry oil can be purchased at the same prices. Green county amber oil, heavy, is held and sold at 30c, without packages.

REFINED OIL.—Holders appeared more firm. The sales were limited. Free oil sold in a regular way, at 64@65c. No large parcels were disposed of. Bonded oil—We note a sale of 500 bbls Standard, delivered on cars, at 47c, being an advance. Philadelphia dealers were offering 51c for bonded, delivered there. Refiners were not disposed to comply with those terms, preferring to hold on.

TAR—Prices have declined. We note sales of 300 bbls, to go out of the market, at $4 75 ₽ bbl. This is the lowest figure we have yet noted.

LUBRICATING OILS—Sales of 200 bbls Eureka, "A," at $1 25 ₽ gallon, and 10 bbls Locomotive oil at $1 50 ₽ gallon. Other descriptions were unchanged.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny Valley R. R.

GOING EAST.

Forsyth, Bros & Co., 264 barrels of refined oil for Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Company, 100 barrels refined oil for Philadelphia.

Lucesco Oil Company, 112 barrels refined oil for Philadelphia.

North American Oil Co., 117 barrels refined oil for Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH.

R Lafferty, 32 barrels crude oil; J. Benny, Jr., 60 bbls. refined oil.

Boston Petroleum Market.

The market for this commodity is very dull, from first hands as is usual at this season, and prices have further declined. The export demand is over for supplying the European markets, the orders in the hands of shippers here and in other Atlantic ports, being nearly or quite filled. Under these circumstances, with the home trade operating only in small lots as wanted for consumption, the supply of refined oil tends to accumulate.

The receipts from the West, via Philadelphia, have been considerable of late, exhibiting a marked increase upon those of the last two months. The probable reason of this is, that the requirements of Western markets are now much less than they have been, the article having been shipped ahead there during the shipping season. So long as this was the case, prices near the point of production ruled relatively high, and consignments East were nearly suspended. With the sectional equilibrium restored, supplies are coming forward more freely, and the market here is fairly stocked with all descriptions.

Crude oil is particularly dull and weak, with refiners beginning to slack up in the manufacture, and large accumulations at the wells. The lack of water transport at this season, and high rates of railroad freight, tend to check the movements of this article, and keep their product concentrated upon the hands of oil companies.

In this market, crude petroleum is dull and lower at 32@35c; refined do., in bond, is nominal at 55@58c; duty paid do is in moderate demand at 68@70c, for Western and Boston, the outside figure for kerosene. Naptha is dull and unsettled at a range of 25@45c ₽ gallon, as to gravity.—*Bulletin.*

New York Petroleum Market.

January 27.—Crude has been dull and quiet since our last, with sales as low as 31½c for regular gravity, but yesterday there was a reaction, and holders asked 33c, a resale having been made at that price—the transactions since our last embrace 4,100 bbls on the spot, at 31½@33c for 40@47 gravity; 30½@31c for poor order and high gravity, and 28½c in bulk; 1,500 do. for February, 33c, S. O., and 3,500 do. in Philadelphia, 31½c, cash. Refined has been rather quiet, but closed firmer yesterday at our quotations; the inquiry for bonded, though some sales have been made since our last, both above and below those figures—the sales are 7,200 bbls bonded, on the spot, and for the remainder of the month, at 53@56c, chiefly 54@55c, including some low test at 50c, and closing at 54@55c for L. S. to W., including prime; 4,000 gallons in tin, part 65c; 2,500 bbls, for February, 53@54c, B. O.; 2,000 do, for March, 51c, S. O., for prime L. S. to W., and 52c B. O. for standard white, the last half of the month 3,000 do, for April, 51c, S. O.; 1,000 do in Philadelphia, 51c, and 600 do. free, here, 70@74c, as to shade, test, &c. Naptha is quiet and unchanged; spirits turpentine being comparatively cheap, and but little of the former now being used in painting. A sale of 300 bbls prime residuum was made at $7 50 ₽ barrel.

Received at New York since 1st January:

1866	bbls 60,301	1865	bbls 33,841

	1866.	1865.
Exported same time		
From New York	galls 2,269,533	415,047
" Other Ports	2,129,183	88,503
Total	galls 4,398,716	503,550
Same time 1864		galls 1,365,840
" " 1863		2,005,763

Philadelphia Petroleum Market.

January 27.—The market continues feverish, but there is more doing. Sales of 5,000 bbls crude at 31½@32c, including some on private terms: 500 bbls do, by auction, at 29c; 5,500 bbls refined at 50½@52c; 1,000 bbls do. by auction, at 49c for free, about 30,000 bbls, destined for Europe, have either been lost, or the vessels have put back in distress, in consequence of the recent heavy gales. Residuum at $7 00@7 25, and Benzine at 22@25c.

The following are the receipts of crude and refined petroleum at this port during the past week:

Crude, barrels	1,335
Refined, barrels	1,950

Louisville Tobacco Market.

January 25.—The market is unchanged from yesterday which noted a decided decline on all low grades, with increasing receipts and steady sales, the bulk of the breaks being low grades. The sales at the four auction warehouses to-day numbered 129 hhds including reviews, and 33 rejections. Among the latter were two lots amounting to 18 hhds, which were numbered, but not offered, owing to the depressed condition of the market. The sales ranged as follows:

7 hhds at $1 60; 2 hhds at $3 @3 65; 9 hhds at $4@4 80; 18 hhds at $5@5 80; 8 hhds at $6 05@6 80; 7 hhds at $7@7 90; 9 hhds at $8@8 90; 14 hhds at $9@9 70; 8 hhds at $10@10 70; 4 hhds at $11@11 75; 2 hhds at $12 50; 3 hhds at $13@13 75; 8 hhds at $14@14 75; 4 hhds at $16@16 75; 2 hhds at $17 25@17 75; 2 hhds at $18 50@18 75; 3 hhds at $20; 1 hhd at 24 75.

Hogs at Chicago.

The receipts of hogs are light but fully equal to the demand, and prices were barely maintained at the current rates at the close of yesterday's market. The Chicago *Commercial* says:

We have returns from all packing points in Iowa, except Council Bluffs, and we think that 55,000 will cover the packing in that State, against 180,000 last season. Returns received from Missouri indicate a falling off in that State of about 120,000 hogs from last season. Fifteen of the principal packing points in Illinois, outside of Chicago, shows a falling off of 105,885 hogs. Returns from Indiana are very meagre, but as far as received the falling off is mostly or quite as large as in this State. Advices in regard to the weights are somewhat conflicting; some state the increase at 20 lbs, while others place it as high as 40 lbs ₽ hog; the majority at 24 to 28 ₽ hog.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, }
MONDAY, January 29, 1866. }

Business was not very active. This, however, is generally the situation of affairs on the last day of the week. The weather has been changeable. On the landing we noticed a fair amount of activity. Several boats were receiving and making ready for an early departure. The mammoth steamer Nevada left for St. Louis with a big trip. The Forest City left in time for Parkersburg with a fair trip. The Wauanita is loading for Cincinnati, and is announced for this day. The Columbia is receiving for St. Louis, and will have dispatch. She will be followed by the Armadillo. The Rubicon is receiving a big trip for New Orleans. She is announced for this day. The swift packet Bayard leaves to-day for Parkersburg on time; passengers and shippers can rely on this. The Brownsville boats make their trips with regularity and dispatch; that stream is now navigable to the head waters. The Fayette left for Greensboro with a good trip. The arrivals since our last include the "Kenton" and Leonora No. 2. These boats had an interesting time in contending with the ice. They came safe though. The Kate Putnam is due, and will probably be found at the landing this morning. The Allegheny river remains closed; it will take warm weather and rain both to open up that stream. The new Board of Trade appears to work well. Merchants are beginning to give it their countenance and support. This is as it should be; let the institution be properly sustained. Merchants and others will find dispatches from the leading cities, besides other valuable information. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

FLOUR—The market remains quiet, with a moderate local demand. Prices have undergone no change. The receipts keep pace with the wants of the home market. The rates were extra family winter wheat, $10 00@10 25@10 40 ₽ bbl. Extra or spring wheat, $8@8 25@8 40. The sales noted were extra family, 200 bbls, a straight, $10 00@10 25; sales 70 bbls, a favorite brand, 10 50; spring wheat flour, sales 100 bbls in lots, $8 00@8 25@8 40. There was no export demand. Navigation being resumed on the principal rivers, we may look for increased receipts through those channels.

BACON—We continue to notice a fair local demand for this article. The supply on the market is not large, neither is the demand. There is at least one cent per pound between certain dealers. Among the transactions were as follows—shoulders, 5,000 lbs, at 15@15½c; sides, 6,000 lbs, at 18½c; sugar cured hams, 5,000 lbs, at 24@24½c.

DRIED BEEF—Market steady, but not very active; sales 500 lbs sugar cured, 24c.

WHISKY—We have no change to notice; sales 10 bbls city rectified, at $2 25 ₽ gallon.

HIGHWINES—Not much inquired for; the current rates were $2 25 ₽ gall.

GRAIN—The demand has improved; there is more inquiry, and Wheat was held firmly; sales 4 cars Red at $2 00 per bush; White held at $2 10, under light receipts. Barley—Small lots of Spring were sold from wagon at 85c. There has been quite for some time. Rye—Not much doing; sales 100 bushels on track at 69c; and 2 cars at Elevator at 68c. Corn—Sales 200 bushels Ear at 74c; sales from first hands at 70@72c. Oats were in better demand; sales 3 cars at depot at 45@45½c; sales from store at 50@55c.

APPLES—The demand exceeds the supply, and prices tend upwards, prime quality being held at an advance; sales 60 bbls choice at $7 00@8 50 ₽ bbl.

HAY—The receipts were not large at the scales; 14 loads were disposed of at $16 00@18 00 ₽ ton; sales 4 car loads baled at $15 00, on the track.

POTATOES—Were in good demand. The daily sales show a liberal amount of transactions. Sales 300 bush from store at $1 15@1 20; sales 2 car loads on track at $1 12½ ₽ bush.

BUTTER—Was dull, and is likely to remain so. Dealers confine their purchases to lots to meet the wants of the city trade. Sales 12 packages assorted at 28, 30@32c ₽ lb.

EGGS—Not much doing; sales 7 bbls fresh at 35c ₽ doz.

LUMBER—Sales 2 cars of Mountain on track at $28 00 ₽ M.

CHEESE—Was in good demand; sales 50 bxs choice Goshen at 22@23c: 30 bxs Hamburg at 21@22c. Nothing doing in other descriptions.

DRIED APPLES—Sales 30 bbls choice at 16c ₽ lb.

BEANS—Sales 40 bushels choice at $2 50 per bushel. Other sales were made at $1 50@2 00.

CRANBERRIES—Were in moderate demand. Sales of 12 bbls cultivated at $16; wild do $14.

LEAD—Further sales were made at 12c.

LARD OIL—Market steady at the late decline, with further sales at $1 90 for No. 1.

GROCERIES—The market has undergone no change. The demand was principally for lots to supply the wants of the home market. Choice Rio Coffee is very scarce and held at 32c. There is a great abundance of common marks of coffee in the market seeking customers, while choice and prime lots are hard to pick up. A better feeling is had for good goods, consequently an advance is anticipated. Hard Sugars, 19c. This is a decline of ½c.

English bi carb soda is almost entirely out of the market and the same scarcity exists East; price nominal. A sale by a drug house was made yesterday in a small way at 15c; 12½c is about the right quotation. American soda, 10½@11c.

SUGAR—Raw, heavy, and buyers scarce. Good grocery 13½@14½c.

LIME—Sales 50 bbls white at $2 25 per barrel.

ASHES—Market firm with a good demand. Prices have further advanced with sales of 15 tons common soda ash at 9½c, and 10 tons refined do. at 10c. Pearls—Sales of 3 tons at 12c.

New York Grocery Market.

Coffee.—Since our last there has been less movement in Brazil, but the market for the good and better grades retains its firmness, those being in request, while the poorer qualities are still more or less neglected. The sales are 596 bags Rio, per Edith Rose, 100 do. per Nord: 392 do. per J. A. Stamler, on private terms; 1665 St. Domingo, for export, at 12½ cents, gold, in bond; 262 bales Mexican, 22@23¼, gold; and 100 Laguayra and 15 Costa Rica, on terms not made public. Of Rio, out of town, we notice 306 bags, per Sea Eagle, in Philadelphia, at 15½ cents, in gold, and 2000 do in Baltimore, per Agnes, 20c, duty paid, both gold.

Molasses—The demand is almost exclusively confined to the prime and choice qualities of Foreign and new crop New Orleans, in a retail way, for immediate use. Prices of these are steady, but low grades Cuba and Porto Rico are neglected, and to effect sales low prices continue to be accepted; indeed there is scarcely any market for them, buyers looking forward for receipts of the new crop. In the meantime, the stock is pretty large, and rather pressed for sale. The sales are 180 hhds Porto Rico, in London, at 65@80c; 50 Cuba Muscovado, 42½c; 33 Barbadoes, 53c; 50 Cuba clayed, 42½c; 540 hhds, 58 tcs, and 32 bbls do, mostly for Demerara, 31@32c; 30 hhds St. Croix, 50c, 4 months; and 225 bbls New Orleans, 91@1 20, cash. The cargo of the brig Macbias, from Cardenas, arrived on the 23d inst., but withdrawn, the bids not being satisfactory to the owner. The stock yesterday was about 1,900 hhds Porto Rico, 6,800 Cuba, &c., and 1,600 barrels New Orleans.

Sugar—The market for raw continues depressed, there being an increasing desire to sell and a corresponding disinclination to purchase, except for the supply of immediate wants. Prices, in consequence, are unsettled and tend downward, and we again reduce our quotations one-quarter of a cent on refined grades, but even at this decline they are still entirely nominal. The better grades are but little, if any lower, being much better sustained than refining qualities. Refined is also dull and lower. Hard 17¼c; soft white 16½@16½c, and yellow 14½@15½c, cash. The sales of raw are 664 hhds Cuba at 9@11c; 254 Martinique, 11½@12¾; 13 Clarified, do. 14½c; 700 bags brown Pernambuco, 11½ cents; and 1,424 boxes Havana, 10½@15c, 4 mos. The stock was about 23,224 hhds, 51,265 boxes, and 101,666 bags.

Tea—This article since our last has continued very active and somewhat excited, especially for new crop Oolong, which is in large demand at improving prices. Other descriptions have also shared in the movement, and the market generally is very firm, particularly for invoices and large parcels. The immediate demand for home use is as yet quite moderate, and in this direction there is the appearance of dullness. The new crop Oolong now coming forward is very fine in leaf and drawing qualities, while the old crop there is generally of inferior quality, which accounts for the activity in the new and the neglect of the old crop. The sales and resales—for several large parcels have been sold more than once—are 11,787 hf chests green, 1 850 uncolored Japan, 3,334 do, to arrive, 1,850 old crop Oolong, 34,383 new do, and to arrive, part resales, and 420 Souchong, an aggregate for the three days of 58,619 hf sheets—*Shipping List.*

Philadelphia Grocery Market.

January 27.—Coffee—The arrivals since our last notice comprises a cargo of 4,800 bags Rio, per Sea Eagle, 1,446 bags Laguayra per Thomas Dallett, and 1,900 bags per White Wing. The demand has been good, and the market is decidedly stronger, holders at the close demanding ¼@½c advance. Sales of 3,600 bags Rio at 20½c gold, and 26@28c currency; 974 bags do, by auction, at 24@26½; 2,000 bags Laguayra, including an entire invoice, at 22@25c, gold.

Molasses—The market continues extremely quiet, and prices are declining. Sales of 300 bbls New York Syrup at 66@68c. A sale by auction, on Thursday, of 187 bbls refined syrup was made at 54@56c; 50 hhds Porto Rico molasses at 54½@65c, 50 hhds Cuba at 40c and 30 hhds Mantanzas at 38@39c, cash.

Sugar—The market has again been dull, and prices of both raw and refined have declined ¼ to ⅜ cent ₽ lb. Sales of 250 hhds Cuba at 11@13½c gold; 25 hhds Porto Rico at 13@14c; 200 boxes clarified Havana at 14c; 300 boxes White do at 15½c; and 300 bxs Brown at 11¾c. By auction, on Thursday, 900 bbls Refined sold at 13 to 17½c ₽ lb, as to quality; and 10 hhds Cuba at 12¼c.

Teas—The market continues without much activity to note. Importers and jobbers are firm in their views, and are indisposed to make any concession in price, as the active business season is approaching, we anticipate an early movement in this article, as the stock in the hands of dealers is inconsiderable.

Cincinnati Provision Market.

January 27.—The provision market was inactive and weak, with some giving way in prices. Mess Pork sold to a liberal extent at $25. Lard was purchasable at 17½c, in tierces. Bulk and Bacon meats had but little attention. Bacon rib sides sold at 17c. in a small way. Clear rib are quoted at 18c, and clear at 19½c. Bacon Shoulders are quoted at 13c.

Bulk Shoulders are held at 12c. Sides at 14½c; clear rib at 15½c, and clear at 16½ to 16½c, for fully cured meats packed; but there was very little done in them. Green Shoulders sold at 9 to 9½c—the latter is an extreme figure, scarcely obtainable. Green Hams are quoted at 15@16½c, but they are scarcely obtainable on the most desirable. Sides are quoted, at 12½ to 12½c.

Hogs are again lower and very dull. The range covering the extremes of the market may be stated at $10 75@11 25. There is an apathy among the packers, and an indifference about taking any more stock. A number have already closed, and nearly all of the others desire to do so. The receipts amounted to 2,028 head.

Mr. Geo. W. Phillips, Jr., in his circular of this date, makes the following report of the market for hogs and provisions:

The market closes very dull at $8 50@9 25, gross, and $10 75@11 25, net, for good to choice hogs. The number to be received yet is a matter of great interest, but the best information I have is that there are plenty left, and that the crop will not show as short as is generally expected. Mess pork closes quiet at $25 00 to $25 50, the latter being an extreme price for the most favorite brands. Prime mess and rumps in light supply and nominal. Lard is more quiet, at 17½@17¾c, buyers at the former and sellers at the latter price; kegs 19@19½c; 18@17½c, and 15½@16½c. Greases 10 to 15½c, as to the range of grades. Bacon more quiet; clear sides, 19½c; 17c for rib sides. Shoulders 15c, and 24c to 25c for sugar cured hams, uncanvassed and canvassed and packed. Bulk meats more freely offered at 12@14@15c, and 16½c, packed, for shoulders, sides, clear rib sides and clear.

Boston Pig Iron Market.

January 27.—There is no change to note in Pig Iron. The supply of Scotch is quite limited, and lots for immediate use are selling at full prices. There are several large invoices due at this port, however, which are offering at a slight reduction. The domestic article is firm with a good consumptive demand; manufactured iron is in fair stock and rather quiet at unchanged rates.

We note small sales of Scotch Pig No. 1 at $54 to 55 ₽ ton for the best brands, the inside figure for lots to arrive. American is selling in small lots at $50 to 60 ₽ ton, for the different numbers. Charcoal Pig firm at $65 to 85 ₽ ton, cash. Bar Iron is in fair demand and lots from store are selling at $115 to 120 for English common; $125@130 ₽ ton for refined. American refined Bar is selling at $115 to 120 ₽ ton from manufacturers' hands, and $125 to 128 from store. Railroad Iron is selling at $58, gold, for English, and $85 to 90, currency, for American. Russia Sheet is quiet at 23 to 37c ₽ lb. English do is firm at 7½ to 10½c. Nails are selling at 7 to 7½c ₽ lb for assorted sizes.

Philadelphia Wool Market.

January 27.—Wool—The movements continue of an extremely limited character, there being no disposition on the part of the manufacturers to purchase beyond their immediate wants. The sales comprise:

35,000 lbs extra fine		@78 c
33,000 lbs fine Ohio	72	@75 c
172,000 lbs ¼ and ¾ blood	64	@75 c
5,000 lbs ¾ blood	75	@78 c
14,000 lbs Tub	66	@70 c
2,000 lbs Merino pulled		@66 c
10,000 lbs Butchers' No. 1 pulled		@62 c
50,000 lbs medium and fine	68	@72 c
4,000 lbs pulled		@65 c
2,000 lbs common		@62½ c
3,000 lbs unwashed		@37 c
20,000 lbs mixed fleece		private terms

New York Wool Market.

Wool—There is no change to note in the market for Domestic Fleeces. Fine Wool is scarce and held firm, while coarse Fleeces are dull and offered, in some cases, at low prices, without inducing purchases to any extent. Medium grades are steady. Foreign is dull, and prices have a downward tendency. The sales comprise 150,000 lbs. Domestic Fleeces, within the range of 52½@70 cents, but mainly at 52½@58c for coarse, 55@65 for medium, and 68@70 for fine: 256 bales Pulled, mainly at 45@53: 180,000 lbs. Texas 18@45c; 6000 lbs. California, 12½@25; 150 bales Cordova, 30@33c; 60 do. Australian, under contract, at 28 gold; 700 do. Algerian, 12, in bond; 220 do. Mestiza, 50 do. Cape, 621 do. French (previously alluded to), 10,000 lbs. East India, 5000 lbs. Santa Fe, 25,000 lbs. Provence, 12,000 do. English Flocks, and 75 bales Donskoi, on private terms; also, 60,000 lbs. Canada, at private terms.

New York Iron Market.

January 27.—For Pig there is a moderate demand, with sales of 600 tons Glengarnock, in lots, at $34, gold; 200 do Gartsherrie and 100 do Glengarnock, $48, currency, ex ship; and 1000 do Glendon, on terms we did not learn. We notice besides, 800 tons old Rails, half for Philadelphia, a few days since, at $52; and 100 do Wrought Scrap, on private terms. Bar, from importers and manufacturers hands is a little easier—we note sales from importers, of 50 tons English Refined at $107, currency; 50 tons ordinary do, $73 50, both with specifications are held higher; 100 tons Belgian, to arrive, $72 50, gold; and 300 tons American, (Trenton) from manufacturers hands, $110, currency, cash. From store, there is a good demand for the season, and our quotations are sustained.

Philadelphia Iron Market.

January 27.—Iron—In pig metal very little change. 1,000 tons Glendon Forge, for immediate delivery, sold on secret terms. Anthracite is held at $50@52 ₽ ton for Nos. 2 and 1, with small sales.

Scotch Pig—There is no change. Small sales have been made at $51@52 ₽ ton.

Blooms—Are dull at our quotations.

Manufactured Iron—We have to record a continuance of the dullness noted last week.

Large Sale of Hemp at St. Louis.

Within the present month there have been transactions in undressed hemp, through the house of Robinson & Garrard, commission merchants, of this city, to the extent of 10,000 bales, mostly at $220 per ton.—*Democrat*, Jan. 25.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Money steady at 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange dull at 108¾@108¾. Gold rather easier; opening at 139⅝, declining to 139½, and closing at 139⅝. Exports of specie to-day $341,100. Government stocks a shade better. Freights to Liverpool quiet and firm.

New York Finance and Trade

NEW YORK, January 27.

STOCKS.

Railway speculations assumed a firmer tone this morning, and there was more animation and activity. The entire list was up from one-half to one per cent., with a better demand generally. After regular session the market became heavy, and the improvement was nearly all lost, but there was another rally before the one o'clock board. The market at the second and last board was stronger, especially on Pittsburgh and Michigan Southern, with a little more doing. At the close Erie fell to 82¼, and the whole market was lower.

The following were closing prices at 4:30 P. M.: New York Central, 92; Erie, 82½; Hudson, 101; Reading, 99; Michigan Southern, 66¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 78¾; Northwestern, 28½; Fort Wayne, 93½; Ohio and Mississippi certificates, 25.

STATE BONDS

Were quiet and without any marked change in quotations. Miscellaneous shares were strong. Pacific Mail, 2 00@2 01; Atlantic Mail 1 14@1 17.

GOVERNMENTS

Were rather more steady in price, without any advance.

GOLD

Closed at 139⅝.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Petroleum and mining stocks were steady to-day Bennehoff Run sold at 17 75; United states, 15 75; Palmer, 4 00; Shade River, 2 75; Pithole Creek, 8 90; Buchanan Farm, 62; Fee Simple 13; Webster, 84, and Smith and Parmlee Gold, 7 75@8 00.

PETROLEUM

Is steady; crude on the spot is quoted at 32@32½c; sales of 1,500 barrels, February delivery, at 32½@33c; refined, 53@55c on the spot.

DRY GOODS.

The following are the quotations from the Dry Goods Exchange to-day: Brown Sheetings—Stark A, 30c; Pepperell E, 28c. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Elliptic, 20 to 50 hoops, 87½c to $1 05; Empress, $1 25. Bleached Shirtings—Wamsutta, 47½c; Langdon, 42-inch, 40c; Red Bank, 36-inch, 27c. Prints—Merrimac W, 26c; Richmond, 22½c; Amoskeag, 21½c; Arnold, 20½c. Delaines—Hamilton Woolen Co., 29c; Hamilton Manufacturing Co., 25c. Ginghams—Lancaster, 30c; Hartford, 26c. Brown Drills—Pepperell, 30c; Stark H, 29c. Corset Jeans—Pepperell, 36c; Bates's, 23c. Canton Flannels—Hamilton, 47½c; Laconia F, 42½c. Ticks—Omega A, 65c; Omega B, 55c. Stripes—York, 42c; New York, 40c.

The following dispatches were received at the Dry Goods Exchange:

ST. LOUIS—Trade tolerably quiet.

LOUISVILLE—Trade during the past week fair, but no activity; prices unsettled.

PHILADELPHIA—Cotton goods firm but not active. Woolens steady; market quiet.

BALTIMORE—Market quiet; no material change in prints; buyers disposed to hold off.

BOSTON—No change to report. Business small.

PROVIDENCE—Nothing doing; prices without any change.

The *Post* has the following

REVIEW OF THE WHOLESALE MARKET

For the week ending to-day:

The arrivals of flour have been very light, and the demand is more active, causing an advance of twenty-five cents per barrel in price. Exports have been moderate, owing to the inclement weather, but the advices from Europe are favorable. Extra State, $7 90 to $8 20; Ohio shipping, $8 50@9 00; St. Louis fair to extra, $11 50@15 25.

The demand for wheat has been more active, and prices have advanced. We quote Chicago Spring at $1 50 to $1 73; Milwaukee Club, $1 70 to $1 73; Amber State, $2 50 to $2 54; and good white Michigan at $2 70.

Barley has been offered freely, and prices have declined; sales of State have been made at 90c to $1 00, and Canada West at $1 15 to $1 45.

Oats have been more active, and close firm; State 58 to 60c, and Canadian, 57 to 58c.

Corn has been freely offered and prices were lower and unsettled. The exports for the week were 112,308 bushels. We quote Western mixed at 82@83c, yellow, 80@83c, and Western yellow, 85c.

Pork—The demand is comparatively light. Prime mess sells at $23 50@24 00; new mess, $29 12½@29 25; old mess, $28 00@28 37.

Beef—There has been a fair demand, and prices are well sustained at $11 to $14 for old plain mess; $16 to $19 for new do; $13 to $16 for old extra, and $20 to $24 for new extra Western.

Sugar—The market is extremely dull, and good refining is selling at 10½ to 11½c; refined dull at 17½c for hards.

Whisky—Prices have fallen off, and closing heavy at $2 20 for State, and $2 26@2 27 for Western.

Cotton—The market has been less active; prices have declined, closing dull at 47½@48½. The sales were 13,500 bales, and receipts for the week 21,552 bales.

The *Commercial* says a confident tone pervades Wall street, and prices show a tendency to react from the late decline. The Jura's report of the improving condition of affairs at London has reassured the branches of business depressed by the previous European news, the effect being especially apparent in an advance in Governments, and a partial weakness in gold. There are no important clique combinations on either side of the market. There has been a slight increase of outside business over the previous week, but the bulk of the transactions are on broker's account. Money unchanged. The street demand is moderate. The rate on call is becoming more generally 6 per cent., with limited business at 5 per cent. Discounts are active. There is a better supply of produce bills, but the amount is still below what is usually offered. Commission and jobbers' paper is in very ample supply. The rate for prime names continues at 6½@7½ per cent; good three to four months' bills, 8@9 per cent; lower grades, 10@15 per cent. Gold is easier, under the impression that the crisis in financial affairs at London has passed its climax, and also owing to the growing conviction that Congress will not authorize the foreign loan proposed in the bill under consideration in the Committee of Ways and Means.

The steamer City of New York took out $300,268, and the Hansa $141,000, which, added to Wednesday's shipments, makes a total of $707,000 for the week. Foreign exchange quiet, as usual on the last day of the week. The leading drawers quote sixty days sterling at 108¾.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

[From Work, McCouch & Co., Stock and Exchange Brokers.]

PHILADELPHIA, January 27.—Saint Nicholas, 4⅝; Maple Shade, 4; Curtin, 1¾; Dalzell, 1⅞; Caldwell, 1; McClintock, 1⅞; Excelsior, 1¾; Oil Creek and Cherry Run, ¾; Corn Planter, 1; Sugar Creek, 4½; Eldorado 3¾; Mingo, 2 1-16; Junction, 1 1-16; Philadelphia, Lancaster and Cherry Run, 3⅝; Ocean, 15¾; Mahanoy, 6¼.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

CHICAGO, January 27.

Business has been again extremely quiet, and the volume small. The demand for money has been more active, coming principally from packers and the country. The Banks are drawing down their balances.

FLOUR—More active, especially for superfine for shipment South, but prices remain unchanged.

WHEAT—Reasonably active at yesterday's decline, closing with sellers at $1 22½.

CORN—Quiet at 32@33c for rejected. Nothing doing in other grades.

OATS—Inactive at 24c for No. 1, and 21½@22c for No. 2.

RYE—Quiet, with trifling sales of No. 1 at 51c.

PROVISIONS—Firmer, and large sales of mess were made at $25 50@26 00; Cumberlands, 13¼@13½c; short ribs and long bone, less middles, 14½c; green hams, 14½@15c.

LARD—Sales at 16½@17c for prime steams and kettle.

DRESSED HOGS—Are more active, and are somewhat higher, closing at $10 75, with sales ranging from $10 25 to $10 90.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull, at a reduction of 10@15c on lower grades. Prices ranged at $5 50@6 50 for fair to good steers, and $3 00@5 25 for common to fair packing stock. There were 450 head left over unsold.

LIVE HOGS—Were dull and 10@20c lower; sales were made at $9 00@9 50; chiefly at $9 25@9 40 for good to choice, and $8 75@9 00 or common to medium grades. There were 6,000 left over this evening.

By Associated Press.

CHICAGO, January 28.—Flour active. Wheat steady, at $1 22@1 22½c. Corn quiet. Oats quiet. Lard steady. Mess pork $25 50@26 00, closing for standard brands. English meats active; Cumberland, 13¼@13½c; short rib, 14½c. Green meats quiet and firm. Hams, 14½@15c. Pickled meats inactive. Hogs—Fair supply, at $9 00@9 50. Dressed hogs opened dull and lower, but closing firm at $1 50@11 50.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Cotton more steady, at 48@49c for middling. Flour less active, and prices without decided change; $7 75@7 90, extra state; $8 45@8 55, extra round hoop Ohio; $8 60@10 30 for trade brands, market closing heavy. Whisky dull and without decided change. Wheat—No. 1, $1 74, new Milwaukee, and $1 75 for new amber. Barley and barley malt dull and nominal. Corn more active, but prices without decided change, at 79@81c for unsound; 82@85c for sound mixed Western in store, and delivered. Oats firmer, at 55@58c for unsound and unsound Western, and 58@60c for sound. Petroleum steady at 53@55c for refined in bond; crude, for February, 32½@33c. Pork heavy and unchanged at $28 62½@28 87½ for new mess, closing at $28 62½; $28 00@28 12½ for old mess, closing at $28 cash; $20 75@21 for prime, and $22 50 for prime mess; also 5,250 bbls new mess for February, March and April, sellers' option, at $28 50@28 75. Beef quiet. Beef hams in more request. Cut meats quiet. Bacon more active and firmer; Cumberland cut 15½c on the spot, and 15c for February delivery, sellers' option. Dressed hogs heavy at 12¼@12½c. Lard heavy at 15½@18c; 2,500 bbls for February, March and April, sellers' option, at 17½@18¼c.

San Francisco Mining Shares.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 27.—The mining share market is a trifle better. Ophir, $5 27; Chollar Potosi, $234; Crown Point, $635; savage, $690; Yellow Jacket, $365; Imperial, $114 25.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD,

Per Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.

Hallman, Rahm & Co, 6 hf springs; Adams & Co, 2 hhd cullett; Jas Brown, 1 bx hams; W McCully & Co, 4 bxs g ware; Chess, Smyth & Co, 2 bxs locks; F. Sellers & Co, 1,193 shoulders; Jas Glenn, 220 sacks middlings; T Maloney, 1 car scrap iron; J G Neugpher, 1 rolls leather; C. F. Markle & Co, 97 sacks rags; Wolf, Howard & Co, 4 bxs cullett; H Rea jr, 19 dressed hogs, 1 quarter beef, 25 sacks clover seed, 2 cars hay; J Woodwell, 1 bx andirons; Schomaker & Lang 3 bxs soap; middlings; Spencer & McKay, 31 bales broom handles; John H Raeston, 36 green hides; Potter, Aikens & Shepard 338 sacks potatoes, 10 bbls apples; Beckham & Long, 13 sacks clover seed; Kirkpatrick Bro & Co, 15 bbls apples, 3 bbls beans; Buchanan, Wilson & Co, 100 bdls paper; Postley, Nelson & Co, 5 pieces vice screws; J. Wilkins, 1 car oil bbls; W B Scaife, 33 pieces oil tubing, 3 bundles sticks, 1 bx; Wm Bingham, 1 car oats; Wilkins Lenhart, 160 bbls flour; Nimick & Co, 3 cars pig metal; Fisher Bros, 240 bbls coal oil; Kerr & Emery, 15 dressed hogs; G B Jones & Co, 27 doz brooms; Wells Biddle & Co, 1 bx whips; Lippencot & Bakewell, 1 case saws; H Volgt & Co, 25 bbls eggs, 14 green do; Day & Hayden, 38 bbls sellers; J S Liggett & Co, 152 sacks wheat; J L Brown, 1 car lumber; John Moorhead, 2 cars pig iron; Culp & Shepard, 183 sacks mill feed; C G Hussey & Co, 1 bbl goods; S Fahnestock, 1 bx hams; Logan & Gregg, 1 bx hardware; J C Bidwell, 1 car lumber; H G Gebhart, 244 bbls apples.

Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Hitchcock, McCreery & Co, 2 cars wheat; J G Matchet, 1 do lumber; W A Byram, 128 oil bbls; Schomaker & Lang, 200 bbls flour; S Lindsay, Jr, & Co, 100 do do; J Lippincott, 12 tcs hams; T C Jenkins, 65 sks dried peaches, 165 sks oats; L H Voigt & Co, 25 bbls molasses; D Haworth, 6 bbls lard oil; A Straub, 2 hhds tobacco; R McGraw & Co, 1 hhd do, 1 bx do do; Adams, McKee & Co, 1 box hardware; B L Fahnestock & Co, 12 bxs drugs; J Dickey & Co, 10 bbls lard oil; D Wallace, 125 sks wheat; R Robinson, 439 shoulders, 712 hams, 37 bbls cloverseed, 323 pcs sides; John Gallagher, 55 bbls coal oil; Patterson, Ammon & Co, 25 sks corn; Bell & Richart, 10 sks corn meal; Meanor & Harper, 30 do do; R Wallace, 275 bbls green apples.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

Jos Fricker, 1 bbl, 1 bx crackers; H Binder, 1 bbl do; C H Love & Bro, 1 bx mdse; Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 11 coils, 2 reels wire; H W Oliver, jr, 1 bdl sheet iron; C P Markle, 45 bdls paper; Watt & Wilson, 56 bbls dried apples, 15 bbls flour; Day & Hayden, 365 hame sticks; W H Hagan & Co, 150 sks oats; Samuel Cooper, 2 bdls brooms; Head & Metzgar, 15 bbls flour, 5 sks bran; E H King, 1 bbl fire clay.

Pittsburgh, Columbus & Cincinnati R. R.

Jerry Knox, 58 step ladders; L H Voigt & Co, 50 bbls hominy; C C Baisley, 1 keg lard, 1 bbl butter; Cook Bros & Co, 4 bbls apples; Wm Carr & Co, 7 sks rye; Fred Shields, 39 sks wheat; W H Herron & Co. 7 sks rye; Pitts Paper Manufacturing Company, 17 bds p paper; Gay Burke & Co, 100 bbls flour; S B Floyd & Co, 1 car oats.

Coal Receipts per Pitts. & Con. Railroad.

Lloyd & Black, 5 cars coal; Thos Moore, 750 bushels do; Pitts & Y Coal Co, 625 do; Mellon & Bros, 1,250 do; J N Bigley, 700 do; Laughlin & Co, 5 cars coke; Morgan & Co, 1,000 bushels do; Graff, Bennett & Co, 5,000 do; C H Armstrong, 500 do do.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company, 5 cars acid and saponifier; S Barkley, 26 sacks corn; Monongahela House, 4 packages marketing; McBane & Anjer, 50 sacks rye; one car marketing, various marks.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Louisville.

PER STEAMER KENTON.—Ardesco Oil Co, 100 oil bbls; Jas Bryan & Co, 10 bbls coal oil; Clark & Co, 8 bales cotton; Cunningham & Co, 13 casks cullett; R & A Carson, 15 bxs starch; Jas Connor, 100 bbls dried peaches, 10 bbls dried apples, 7 bales cotton; D McDevitt, 13 bxs candles; S Dyer, 20 barrels do; J D Dravo, 100 do; W A Evans & Co, 3 bxs glass ware; Fahnestock, Fortune & Co, 1 do; B A Fahnestock, Son & Co, 10 crates lead kegs; G Fass, 2 bbls whisky; Graham & Thomas, 25 bxs soap; George B Hutt, 40 bxs do; Hamer & Dauler, 17 pkgs chair stuff; J P Hanna & Co, 15 casks bulk shoulders; A Roonsman, 5 pkgs mdse; Kirkpatrick, Bro & Co, 7 kegs oar lead; Kirkpatrick & Herron, 4 kegs do; J A Maurice, 1 hhd tobacco; A D Miller, 500 oil bbls; Mercer & Robinson, 10 bxs soap, 10 do starch; Nimick & Co, 100 tons pig iron; National Refining & Storing Company, 280 oil bbls; Park, Painter & Co, 35 bales cotton; J Rhodes & Co, 55 ale bbls; Schomaker & Lang, 5 bxs soap, 10 bxs soap, 10 bxs do candles; J D Thompson, 10 bbls pipe stems; Joseph Woodwell & Co, 3 bxs bone; Clark & Sumner, 200 oil bbls; C Lowe, 22 bbls dried peaches; Jas Lippincott, 1 grain wagon.

Louisville.

PER KATE PUTNAM.—C G Hussey & Co, 2 barrels copper; Union Iron Mill, 1 pieces castings; M J Reamer; 169 oil barrels; McKee & Bro, 5 kegs g ware; Pennock, Ball & Co, 6 packages; Jas Woodwell, 13 packages hardware; J K Smith, 19 do; Clark & Co, 15 bbls alcohol; J P Scott, 1 bbl varnish; Long & Duff, 25 boxes candles; Davis, Clark & Co, 2 bxs books; Wm Bayley, 5 boxes merchandise; A. V. R. R., 1 bbl whisky; Jas. Benny, Jr., 690 oil barrels; O'Mara & Robinson, 8 bxs broken glass; Fackiner & Irwin, 6 doz chairs; J W Taylor, 6 hhds tobacco; J B Sneathen, 22 pkgs lime.

Cincinnati.

PER STEAMER LEONORA No. 2—Brooks, Ballentine & Co, 411 oil bbls; Bakewell, Pears & Co, 4 bxs and 2 casks cullett; Lt. Col Camp, A Q M, 22 pcs ordnance, 700 bxs do; T B Young & Co, 26 bdls chair stuff; Sam Evert & Co, 25 bbls whisky; A Martin, 110 bbls flour; Britton & Pointing, 25 bbls and 50 half do ale, 5 barrel bottled; A King & Co, 31 bbls lime; Nimick & Co, 11 tons iron.

Parkersburg.

PER STEAMER BAYARD.—Wooldridge Oil Company, 107 oil barrels; Ardesco Oil Company, 274 do; J Painter & Son, 8 casks, 5 barrels and 1 k-g scrap iron; Standard Oil Company, 115 oil barrels; Fetzer & Armstrong, 1 box tobacco, 2 do sundries, 5 bbls eggs, 1 do butter; J T Patterson, 1 box sacks; H Riddle, 3 pkgs butter and 1 eggs; Shoenberger & Blair, 1,000 nail kegs; W Hampton, 21 bbls oil; Clarke & Co, 90 do do, 43 pkgs marketing of various marks.

New Orleans.

PER STEAMER SILVER CLOUD.—Clarke & Co, 2 bbls whisky, 1 box gin; P Guckenheimer, 2 bbls whisky; J H Childs & Co, 13 bales cotton; Capt Baker, lot steam boat machinery; Simon Johnson, 2 bbls alcohol, 3 bxs medicines; E Edmundson & Co, 12 cot ends, 24 cot bottoms; John Quinn, 2 wagons and 20 pkgs household goods; Nimick & Co, 834 blooms; Grossmeyer & Co, 199 bdls green hides.

PER STEAMER LORENA—Nimick & Co, 300 tons pig iron; Capt Shuman, 20 bxs tobacco.

Per Monongahela S. W. Navigation Co.

John Flack, 1,235 boxes glass; H Rea, Jr, 5 bdls skins; Wm McElroy, 400 bdls straw boards.

JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT,
Dealer in STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES,
No. 25 Smithfield street, corner of Second street,
Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders from Boat and Coal Men will receive prompt attention.
1y26-1y

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED

Arrived.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Fayette	Speer	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Monon. City.
James Rees		Elizabeth.
Kate Putnam	Maratta	Cincinnati.
Leonora No. 2	Davis	Cincinnati.
Kenton	Dunlap	Cincinnati.
Silver Cloud	Conway	N. Orleans.
Lorena	Shuman	N. Orleans.

Departed.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Fayette	Speer	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Monon City.
James Rees		Elizabeth.
Nevada	Evans	St. Louis.
Forest City	Gordon	Parkersburg.

From Cincinnati.

Special Dispatch of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

CINCINNATI, January 27.

The river will be stationary, perhaps falling, by to-morrow morning.

The Messenger has entered the Dean Line, and departs for Memphis on Wednesday.

The weather is mild.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight the Monongahela marks indicated six feet six inches and about a stand. The weather was cool. The Allegheny river remains closed, and will so remain until we have rain accompanied by warm weather.

THE Nevada, Captain Evans, left for St. Louis on Saturday with one of the best trips of the season.

THE favorite steamer Columbia, Captain Porter, is receiving for St. Louis. She will have dispatch.

THE fine packet Leonora No. 2, Captain Davis, is announced for Clarksville and Nashville on Saturday. Passengers and shippers can bear this in mind.

THE splendid passenger steamer Wauanita, Captain Shuman, leaves this day for Cincinnati and Louisville. Persons who have traveled on this boat, speak in flattering terms of her appointments.

THE new and splendid passenger steamer Glasgow, Capt. Johnson, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville on Thursday. This boat has fine accommodations, and is in charge of careful and obliging officers.

SINCE our last issue we have had two arrivals direct from New Orleans, viz: the Lorena and the Silver Cloud No. 2. Both boats belong to the same owners. They were crowded with passengers.

THE new and handsome side-wheel steamer Rubicon, Capt. Haslett, is loading for Memphis and New Orleans. This boat was built under the superintendence of the brothers Haslett, and those directly concerned in getting her up. We shall refer to her again.

THE swift passenger steamer Bayard, Captain G. D. Moore leaves to-day for Parkersburg and intermediate ports. For speed, accommodation and attentive officers, this boat has no superiors. Captain D. Moore, who has charge of the office, will see that passengers have the best of attention.

Cincinnati.

January 27.—We condense the following from Saturday's *Commercial*:

Last night the bottom of the Covington Bridge was seventy three feet above the river. To-day we expect to find it seventy feet above the water. The John H. Groesbeck, while dropping under the bridge yesterday noon, careened her chimneys considerably, the tops being a little too high for the bridge. They were soon righted, however, without serious damage.

The last arrivals report the Big Muskingum, both the Kanawhas, and all side streams, pouring out most plenteously, indicating that we will have several feet more water here.

The Clifton, since she has substituted the old style flue instead of the tubular boilers, makes plenty of steam, and averaged ten miles an hour up the Ohio, while on her recent upward trip.

The Camelia, having received her new shaft, dropped down to the levee, yesterday. Captain Lytle is loading her for Pittsburgh, having a portion of her cargo on board.

Mr. Jesse Burdsal retires from the office of the Johnsonville packet, Argosy; Mr. J. S. Adams, formerly of the Alex. Speer and Argonaut No. 2, is his successor. The Argosy leaves this evening for Florence, direct.

The Pine Grove is undergoing repairs on the Marine Docks. She will be ready for business next week.

New Albany.

January 25.—When the steamer Indiana was descending the falls on Sunday evening last, and about to enter the steamboat chute, she struck a ledge of rocks, and so heavily that it caused every piece of timber in her to creak, her chimneys swayed, the queensware rattled, the chairs and tables were overturned, freight was knocked upside down, the women screamed (none fainted,) and the men were scared. In a moment after striking all was consternation on board. She had a large number of passengers, the great proportion being ladies. The gentlemen (shame to them) in the excitement of the moment, forgot all rules of etiquette and gallantry, and thought only of the "first law of nature." The ladies, finding that they were left to shift for themselves, rushed to their respective staterooms, seized the life preservers, and again emerged to the cabin. Then began a scene! They never used the articles, and were ignorant as to where they should adjust them. Unfortunately, in the excitement of the moment, they started at the wrong end; some tried it over their hoops, some under, but the preserver would neither work up or down, and they gave it up in despair. They fell upon each other's shoulders, and wept, moaned, wailed and tore their hair. In a few moments the valiant gentlemen on board found that there was no danger, the boat was off the rocks, and all were safe; they then rushed en masse to the ladies' cabin and proffered their assistance, which was indignantly refused. The gentlemen were ejected, the sliding doors were closed, and soon the ladies appeared with everything properly adjusted.

SUGGESTION TO LADIES.—When you are on a sinking boat, always put the life preserver over your head, and under your arms.

MEMPHIS, January 26, 9 P. M.—EDS. COM.—Passed up: The Swallow and Melnotte, from New Orleans. The low-pressure steamer Annie was sunk five miles below Mobile. No lives lost. REUB.

NASHVILLE.—The *Gazette*, of Thursday, says: The late rains have caused the river to rise rapidly. Since Tuesday night it has risen seven feet at this point. We report about fifteen feet on Harpeth Shoals. Arrived—Bertha, Cincinnati; Palestine, Louisville; Tyrone, Cairo. The Cumberland had about 350 bales of cotton for New Orleans, together with a cabin full of passengers. She had, altogether, a fine trip. The Havana and Rebecca both left with fine cargoes.

TO THE RIVERMEN.

EDWARD HEAZELTON, Jr.,
No. 21 Diamond,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,
AND
PRODUCE MERCHANT.
BOAT STORES,
STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES.

P. S.—Being near the market, I can supply you with all the freshest and choicest of GREEN VEGETABLES on short notice. I intend to give particular attention to the RIVER TRADE, delivering everything promptly. au30-6m

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD, }
WASHINGTON CITY, January 6, 1866. }

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M. on FRIDAY, the 9th day of February, 1866, for supplying the Light-house Establishment with sixty thousand gallons of the best quality pure winter-strained OIL, either Lard or Sperm, to be divided into four lots, and to be delivered at the times undermentioned, alongside of the Government supply vessels, or at the warehouse or other place of deposit, to be designated by the Inspecting Officer or other authorized agent of the Light-house Board, in strong, tight, iron-bound, well-made casks, suitable for shipping, in good order, of a capacity, each, of from fifty to eighty gallons—not to exceed the latter. The oil may be delivered at Boston or New York, at the option of the bidders.

The place of delivery in each case must be distinctly stated in the bids, and will be embraced in the contracts.

The four lots will be delivered as follows, viz:

Lot No. 1. Fifteen thousand (15,000) gallons oil on the 2d day of April, 1866, or as soon thereafter as the proper tests and gauging can be completed.

Lot No. 2. Fifteen thousand (15,000) gallons oil on the 16th day of April, 1866, or as soon thereafter as the proper tests and gauging can be completed.

Lot No. 3. Fifteen thousand (15,000) gallons oil on the 1st day of June, 1866, or as soon thereafter as the proper tests and gauging can be completed.

Lot No. 4. Fifteen thousand (15,000) gallons oil on the 1st day of August, 1866, or as soon thereafter as the proper tests and gauging can be completed.

Separate proposals will be received at the same time for 5,000 gallons of colza, or lard oil, to be delivered as above stipulated, at Detroit, Michigan, on the 1st day of May, 1866.

No bid will be considered unless from a manufacturer of the article.

No part of the oil proposed for and to be embraced in the contracts under this advertisement will be accepted, received or paid for until it shall have been proved, to the entire satisfaction of the person or persons charged with its examination, test, and inspection, to be of the best quality pure winter-strained oil, and free from mixture with other or inferior oils and adulterations.

The usual means for determining the character and quality of the sperm oil will be employed, viz: specific gravity, burning, the amount of residuum, and any other proper tests to arrive at correct conclusions that may be deemed necessary.

The lard oil will be subjected to special tests, and will be rejected unless found to be, in regard to burning and fluidity under reduction of temperature, and in every other respect, equal to the standard sample adopted by the Board, of which a sample will be furnished on application to the Light-house Engineer, at Boston Mass.

The cask must be gauged under the direction and personal supervision of the inspecting officer, by a custom-house or other legally authorized and sworn gauger, according to the United States standard, and must be marked and accepted before they are removed from the cellar or warehouse of the contractor. The temperature of the oil will be accurately noted, and the measurement reduced to the standard temperature of 60 deg. Fahrenheit by tables prepared for the purpose.

Proposals will be received and considered for each lot separately, or for all of the lots, at the option of the bidder; but no bid will be considered for a less quantity than that specified as one lot, to be delivered at one time and place. Each bid must state clearly, in writing, written out in full, the kind of oil offered, (whether sperm, lard or colza;) the price per gallon, the number of the lot or lots bid for, and the place of delivery, conforming to this advertisement.

Bids submitted by any other firm or copartnership will not be considered.

The Light-house Board, under the authority of the Department, reserves the right to reject any bid, although it may be the lowest, for other considerations than the price.

No bid will be considered for any other kind or description of oil than those specially called for in this advertisement.

A bond, with security to the satisfaction of the Department, in a penalty equal to one-fourth of the amount of each contract made under these proposals, will be required of each contractor, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract, to be executed within ten days of the acceptance of the bid.

Each offer must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, and known to the Department as such, either by the United States district judge, attorney, navy agent, or collector of the customs, to the effect that, if the bid be accepted, the bidder will duly execute a contract in good faith, according to the provisions and terms of this advertisement, within ten days after acceptance; and that in case the party offering shall fail to enter into the contract as aforesaid, he or they guarantee to make good the difference between the offer of the said party and the next lowest bidder. All bids must be sealed and endorsed "Proposals for Oil for Light-houses," and then placed in another envelope, and directed, prepaid, to the Secretary of the Light-house Board, Washington City.

All bids will be opened publicly, at the hour and on the day specified.

Payments will be made for the several lots of oil within thirty days after they shall have been received by the United States.

By order of the Light-house Board.
ANDREW A. HARWOOD,
Secretary.
ja18:2tw-2w

WOOL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
The subscribers, situated in the center of the New England manufacturing region and having a large acquaintance and constant and direct communication with the trade, offer their services for the sale of wool on the most favorable terms to the grower. They are prepared to make liberal advances on all consignments.
H. H. CHAMBERLIN & CO.,
No. 30 Front street, Worcester, Mass.

REFERENCES.—J. C. Mason, President Central National Bank; Harrison Bliss, President Mechanics National Bank, Worcester, Mass. Stein Bros., Pittsburgh; Coates Bros., Philadelphia; William Hilton & Co., Boston; Trumbull, Slade & Co., Samuel Lawrence and Walter Brown, New York. 3mw

FARM FOR SALE—In Plum township, 14 miles from Pittsburgh, 2½ miles from Logan's Station, and one mile from New Texas Steam Mill, containing 95 acres, 75 acres cleared; the rest is well timbered. There is a good Log House and Barn and Orchard of good fruit. It joins lands of Henry McCombs and others. It lies level and is well watered. It will show for itself. Inquire of
JAMES SANDS,
ja20-4tw on the premises, New Texas.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
BANKERS,
No. 57 Market street, Pittsburgh,
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN PAR FUNDS AND CURRENCY.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
UNITED STATES SECURITIES.
no4-eod

J. B. ALEXANDER & CO.,
BANKERS,
NO. 37 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
Government Securities, Gold and Stocks bought and sold exclusively on commission. Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft.

SAMUEL WORK. KRAMER & RAHM, WM. M'COUCH
Pittsburgh.
BANKING HOUSE OF
WORK, McCOUCH & CO,
No. 36 South Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Dealers in BANK NOTES, COIN AND EXCHANGE Stocks, Loans and other Securities bought and sold on commission. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
United States Loans bought and sold at market rates. au14-tf

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company,) Capital $500,000, paid in, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the Act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer their services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c., receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive prompt and careful attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers and Directors.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES LAUGHLIN,	ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS,	FRANCIS G. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL,	JOHN H. RALSTON,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,	JOHN WILSON,

WM. K. NIMICK,
JAMES LAUGHLIN, President,
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.
se7

THE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH,
Chartered by State of Pennsylvania, 1836.
CAPITAL 1,000,000
ORGANIZED UNDER NATIONAL LAW, 1865
This Bank has been designated a
DEPOSITORY OF THE
United States Treasury
and appointed agent for the sale of the
7-30 LOAN.
Every facility will be offered to investors or part purchasing for re-sale.
H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
my1-tf

DENTISTRY.

S. F. LEYDE,
ARTISTIC SURGEON AND DENTIST,
251 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
(Second door above Christ's M. E. church.)
Artificial Eyes, Nose, Lips, Palate and
TEETH.

Teeth perfectly fitted, articulated, shaped, sized and colored, to suit every individual case, in the most perfect imitation of nature, and mounted on FINE GOLD, SILVER, PLATINUM and PORCELAIN, also, the common Vulcanized Rubber, or cheap blow work. Persons desiring this kind of work can get a better article for $1 to $8, with treatment of such a natural appearance and finer finish than can be made by any "steam machinery."

Call and see ten different specimens, ranging in price from $4 to $75. All work guaranteed to be just as represented.

Having been in active practice for 25 years, I am thoroughly posted and prepared to perform every operation in the best manner.

Teeth Extracted
WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST PAIN,
By the use of a
Perfectly safe Anesthetic.
oc31-3m

PETROLEUM.

PITTSBURGH OIL WORKS.
OWSTON, WROE & CO.,
REFINERS AND DEALERS IN
Petroleum and its Products,
no27-3m] Duquesne Way, near Hand st.

DUNKARD CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY.
Office, No. 115 Fourth Street.

This company was organized on the 20th inst. under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The territory of the company adjoins that of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company, [illegible]

CAPITAL STOCK	[illegible]
WORKING FUND	[illegible]
PAR VALUE OF EACH SHARE	[illegible]

OFFICERS:
President—S. A. JOHNSTON.
Secretary and Treasurer—H. W. RITCHIE.
DIRECTORS:

S. A. JOHNSTON,	L. S. RISDON,
FRANK SNYDER,	JOHN GRAHAM,
F. D. GAIST,	W. C. KING.

H. W. RITCHIE.
ja5-1y

THE ARDESCO OIL COMPANY
manufacture and have for sale a
Superior Quality of Refined Ardesco Oil (Non-explosive).
Also, PURE BENZOLE.
Warehouse, 27 Irwin street, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7

PENNOCK, BALL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Eureka Carbon Oil, Eureka Lubric Oil,
and Wholesale Dealers in Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils,
se7 No. 21 Market street, Pittsburgh.

SPERM LUBRICATOR.
Important Invention
Something which our Manufacturers have long desired.
A SUBSTITUTE FOR
Lard Oil,
And Sold for $30 per barrel less.
Read

The following recommendations from some of our well known manufacturers. It is pronounced fully equal to Lard Oil:

PITTSBURGH, November 16th, 1865.—We are using the "Sperm Lubricator," manufactured by Messrs. Buffum, Kehew & Co., in our Rolling Mill, on our machinery, and find it equal to Lard Oil in every respect. We use no other oil.
DAVIS & PHILLIPS,
110 Water and 101 Front streets.

PEARL FLOUR MILLS, Allegheny City, November 10th, 1865.—MESSRS. BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO., 22 Market street.—Gents: I have used your Sperm Lubricator for the past year on my engine, and recommend it as being equal to the best lard oil. I have used your oil for the cylinder, and find it to answer for everything that oil is required for about the Mill. I also used it on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, and all the engineers through the shop, and that it was the best oil they ever used.
Yours, respectfully,
NATHAN PETTIS,
Engineer at Pearl Mills.

CONTINENTAL MACHINE WORKS, Allegheny City, November 17th, 1865.—We are using, and have been, for the past year, the "Sperm Lubricator," manufactured by Messrs. Buffum, Kehew & Co., Pittsburgh, on engine and machinery, running 3,000 revolutions per minute, and find it equal in every respect to No. 1 Lard Oil. We do not hesitate to recommend the oil as the best we have ever used.
JENNINGS & CO.

We also refer by special permission to Messrs. Morehead & Co., Soho Iron Works, Messrs. Craig Bros., Gas and Steam Pipe Fitters.

The Sperm Lubricator is manufactured only by us.

BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.,
22 Market street.
The Oil is put up in 5, 10, 20 and 40 gallon packages to suit purchasers.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned, Executors of the last will of Garrets Aten, late of Moon township, Allegheny county, Pa., pursuant to authority in the will, will sell on Thursday, the 8th day of February, 1866, at public outcry, on the premises, all the real estate of said decedent, in said township, bounded on the east by land of Joseph Morrison, on the south by land of Alexander Spear, on the west by land of Alexander Stevenson's heirs, on the north by land of Samuel Moore and William Dilks, containing one hundred and sixty-three acres, more or less; having erected thereon a two-story brick dwelling house, a large frame barn and other buildings appurtenant. About ninety acres of the land is cleared, and in good state of cultivation.

TERMS—One thousand dollars on the 1st day of April, 1866. Sale to commence at one o'clock. On day of sale, one-half of the balance on the 1st of April, 1867, and the balance on the 1st of April, 1868, with interest from date of possession, secured by bond and mortgage on the property.
H. ATEN,
JAMES ATEN,
MOON TOWNSHIP, Dec. 26, 1865. Executors.
de28-5tw

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, letters of administration upon the Estate of OLIVER P. BERRY, deceased, late of the Borough of McKeesport, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment, and those having claims or demands against said estate, will present the same, duly authenticated for settlement, to
THOMAS PENNEY,
ja26-1taw6w Administrator.

WANTED—AGENTS—
In every city and town in Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia, to canvass for Dr. Holland's (Timothy Titcomb) "Life of Lincoln." Abbott's "History of the Civil War," 2 vols., now ready, and Headley's fine steel engraving, "The Council of War," and "Petroleum V. Nasby Papers," the most popular works of wit and humor in the market. Terms liberal.
Publishers and General Agents, 229 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION upon the Estate of Thomas Moore, late of Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment, and all persons having claims or demands against the said estate to present the same to the subscriber at Elizabeth, or to his attorneys,
MOFFITT & COCHRAN,
dec2-6tw No. 60 Grant st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

RIVER PACKETS.

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENT.

1865.
NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,
FROM
St. Louis to Keokuk and Saint Paul.

One of the splendid side-wheel steamers of this line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, Stillwater, St. Paul, and Minne-ha-ha Falls.

Through receipts for freight and passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi River, on steamers running from St. Louis. Passengers connecting with the Northern Line Packets at St. Louis. This enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to
JOHN FLACK, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or to
ap24 R. C. GRAY.

Monongahela River Packets.

1865. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. 1865.

MONONGAHELA RIVER
STEAM PACKET COMP'Y

Will run three daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Rice's Landing, Greensboro, Geneva, and the Dunkard Oil Region. The line is composed of the following steamers:

FAYETTE .... CAPT. S. C. SPEERS
TELEGRAPH .... CAPT. D. BUGHER.
FRANKLIN .... CAPT. E. W. CARMAC
GALLATIN .... CAPT. A. S. CARLILE

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m. and 3 p. m., except Sunday, when [illegible] ... will leave Brownsville daily at 9 p. m. [illegible] ... Landing at 11 o'clock.

[illegible]

No Freights Received After 5 P. M.

For further particulars, inquire of
WILLIAM McELROY, Agent,
At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant Street, Pittsburgh.
L. COLVIN, Agent,
Brownsville, Penna.

Marietta & Parkersburg Packet Line

1866. 1866.
SPEED, SAFETY AND COMFORT
COMBINED,
PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, MARIETTA AND PARKERSBURG
DAILY PACKET LINE
Comprising the following first-class Side-wheel Passenger Steamers:
BAYARD .... GEORGE D. MOORE, Master.
WINCHESTER .... A. J. SHEPHERD, Master.
DOWN TRIP—STEAMER BAYARD,
Leaves Pittsburgh every Monday and Thursday, at [illegible]
STEAMER WINCHESTER,
Leaves Pittsburgh every Tuesday and Friday, at [illegible]
STEAMER FOREST CITY,
Leaves Pittsburgh every Wednesday and Saturday, at [illegible]
UP TRIP—STEAMER FOREST CITY,
Leaves Parkersburg every Monday and Thursday at [illegible]
STEAMER BAYARD,
Leaves Parkersburg every Tuesday and Friday, at [illegible]
STEAMER WINCHESTER,
Leaves Parkersburg every Wednesday and Saturday, at [illegible]

[illegible]

JAMES COLLINS & CO., Agents,
At Wharfboat, foot of Wood st., Pittsburgh.
Where freight will be received each day, up to 5.00 P. M.
ja30

Portsmouth Packet Line.

For Marietta, Parkersburg, Big Sandy, Ironton, Gallipolis and Portsmouth.
THIS DAY, January 29, at 12 M.
The new and splendid passenger steamer GOLDEN ERA, WASH. H. KERR, Commander, [illegible]
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK, Agent.

Muskingum River Packets.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.
EVERY SATURDAY, at 4 P. M.
The regular weekly passenger steamer JULIA No. 2, W. C. McCARTY, Commander, [illegible]
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.
EVERY TUESDAY, at 4 P. M.
The regular passenger steamer [illegible]
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
SATURDAY, 29th inst.
The splendid passenger steamer WAUANITA, J. N. SHUMAN, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
ja27 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.
WEDNESDAY, 31st, at 4 P. M.
The splendid passenger steamer COLUMBIA, R. J. PORTER, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
THURSDAY, February 1, at 4 P. M.
The new and elegant passenger steamer GLASGOW, CAPT. GEO. W. JOHNSTON, will leave for above and intermediate ports.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
ja29 JAMES COLLINS & CO., No. 6 Wood street.

For Nashville.
SATURDAY, February 3.
The splendid passenger steamer LEONORA No. 2, Captain DAVIS, is announced as above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cairo and St. Louis.
WEDNESDAY, 31st, at 4 P. M.
The splendid passenger steamer ARMADILLO, D. H. SWANEY, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Memphis and New Orleans.
MONDAY, January 29, at 4 P. M.
The new side-wheel passenger steamer RUBICON, Capt. HASLETT, commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
ja2 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

COAL, COKE AND LIME.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
N. J. BIGLEY
Is now prepared to furnish, from his Youghiogheny Mines, the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity with a superior quality of
Lump and Nut Coal.
YARD, FOOT OF GRANT STREET,
NEAR BROWNSVILLE PACKET LANDING.
Hotels, Rolling Mills, Glassworks, &c., supplied on liberal terms. Orders left at office promptly filled. Wagons also supplied. se5-tf

COAL, COAL.
Philadelphia and Youghiogheny Coal Company.
GEO. C. POTTS, H. H. WILSON,
President. Sec'y and Treas'r.
Miners and shippers of Best
YOUGHIOGHENY COAL,
For gas, manufacturing and domestic purposes, are prepared to receive and fill promptly, orders by rail or river, for this superior coal from their mines on the Youghiogheny river, near Osceola Station, Connellsville railroad.
Barges loaded with dispatch.
Yard, foot of Try street, Pittsburgh.
Office, 31 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.
T. N. PATTERSON,
de21-3m-eod Superintendent.

COAL, COKE AND LIME,
FIRE-BRICK AND TILE.
The Pittsburgh and Connellsville Gas Coal and Coke Company are prepared to fill orders for Connellsville Coke, Fire Brick, Tile, &c., and are also prepared to furnish Coal by the car load, or boat loaded in care.
S. C. SCOTT, General Agent.
Office and Yard, Marion avenue, Allegheny City.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION upon the Estate of Thomas Kerr, late of Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the same are requested to present the same duly authenticated to
W. GRUBBS,
Administrator.

CATAWBA WINE,
Made in the Fall of 1860, from grapes raised by A. Mosworth, of Bridgeport, Ohio. Bottled at the Vineyard and for sale by
A. BALLOU,
Office 178 Second street,
de25-3m Between Smithfield and Grant streets.

F. H. EATON
Has just opened a full line of
Skating Hose and Woolen Gaiters,
For Ladies, Misses and Children, and has now on hand Scarfs, Nubias, Hoods, Wristlets, Warm Gloves and Mittens, in great variety. de19

CRANBERRIES.
50 bbls choice Eastern Cultivated Cranberries, in store and for sale by
de28 J. B. CANFIELD.

GOVERNMENT SALES.

GOVERNMENT SALE.
LARGE SALE OF
FINE SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.
Will be Sold at Auction, at the
MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S WAREHOUSE
PUBLIC SQUARE, NASHVILLE, TENN.,
ON
TUESDAY, Feb. 13, 1866,

200 General Operating Cases;
25 Minor do do;
35 Exsecting and Trephining Cases;
35 Post Mortem Cases, large;
100 Dissecting Cases;
200 Pocket Cases, two folds;
250 do do, three folds;
150 Stomach Pumps, part flute-key valve;
350 Teeth Extracting Instruments;
500 Davidson's Self-Injecting Syringes;
1,000 Scarificators;
12,000 Cupping Glasses and Tins;
1,500 Trusses, single and double;
1,400 Scissors;
5,000 Tourniquets, all patterns;
1,500 Hard Rubber Syringes, assorted sizes;
800 sets Splints, all sizes;
Stethoscopes, Tongue Depressors, Syringes hypodermic, &c., Obstetrical Cases, Speculums, Lancets, &c., &c., &c.

A portion of the foregoing articles are second-hand, and will be sold separately. The balance is entirely new. The general operating cases contain instruments for amputations, exsections, minor operations, and sets of Catheters and Sounds.

AT SAME PLACE,
ON WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 14th,
Will be sold, a stock of
NEW BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, WRAPPING PAPER, AND 3,000 STANDARD MEDICAL BOOKS, CONSISTING IN PART OF

140 copies Gray's Anatomy;
50 do Dunglison's Medical Dictionary;
250 do Practice Medicine, Woods's, Bennet's, Watson's, &c;
50 do Dalton's Physiology;
50 do Virchow's Pathology;
130 do Surgery—Gross, Erichsen, Ferguson, &c.;
400 do U. S. Dispensatory;
60 do Beck's Jurisprudence;
50 do Parrish's Pharmacy;
40 do Therapeutics, Wood and Stille;
300 do Minor Surgery;
575 do Surgical Anatomy;
70 do Chemistry, Fownes;
20 do Webster's Dictionary, &c., &c.
650 Blank Books, 4 quires, Cap, ½ bound;
1,000 do do small size;
325 do do fine, whole bound;
500 Reams Writing Paper, cap, letter and note;
70 do Wrapping Paper, assorted;
1,000 Inkstands, various patterns;
200,000 Envelopes, assorted;
3,000 Blank Books, miscellaneous;
300 Portfolios;
Pencils, Pens, Ink, &c., &c.

Some of the Medical Books are second-hand, and will be sold separately. The Books and Instruments can be inspected the day before the sale. Catalogues may be had on application.

ROBERT FLETCHER,
Surgeon and Brevet Colonel U. S. Vols.,
ja24-15t Medical Purveyor U. S. A.

GOVERNMENT SALE.
EXTENSIVE SALE OF
DRY GOODS, BEDDING, &C.,
IN ORIGINAL PACKAGES.
Will be sold at Auction, at the Medical Purveyor's Warehouse, No. 17 MARKET STREET, NASHVILLE, on
Tuesday, February 6th, 1866.

BEDDING.
2,000 Hair Mattresses, jointed;
15,000 Hair Pillows;
47,000 Bed Ticks;
22,000 Counterpanes, Linen and Marseilles;
20,000 Mosquito Bars;
51,000 Pillow Cases;
45,000 Pillow Ticks;
50,000 Sheets, Linen and Cotton.

CLOTHING.
42,000 Shirts;
40,000 Drawers;
25,000 Dressing Gowns;
19,000 Socks;
10,000 Slippers;
10,000 Night Caps.

SUNDRIES.
34,000 Towels, full size, huckaback;
17,000 Roller Towels, crash;
1,000 Napkins;
2,000 yards Red Flannel;
2,400 yards Gutta Percha Cloth;
4,000 Gutta Percha Blankets;
1,000 India Rubber Cushions and Pillows;
1,000 Canvas Hammocks;
1,000 Canvas Blanket Cases;
10,000 lbs. Oakum and Tow.
Cotton Bats, Cotton Wadding, Tape, &c.

A small portion of the foregoing articles are second-hand, and will be sold separately. The greater part are new and in original packages. Catalogues may be had on application.

ROBERT FLETCHER,
Surgeon and Bvt. Colonel U. S. Vols.,
ja18:15t2 Medical Purveyor, U. S. A.

PIANOS.

PIANOS,
ORGANS,
MELODEONS.
Hoffman, Hœne & Co.,
53 FIFTH STREET,
Are the sole agents for Decker Brothers, New York, and Adolph Hintz's, New York, Pianos, and also for Taylor & Farley's Organs and Melodeons.
THESE INSTRUMENTS
ARE
IN EVERY RESPECT
THE
MOST PERFECT IN THE COUNTRY.
PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE.
se23

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
THE CELEBRATED
BRADBURY, New York, and
SCHOMACKER & CO., Philad'a
PIANOS.
THE AMERICAN ORGAN and Estey & Co. COTTAGE ORGAN admitted by dealers and all who have heard them to be superior in tone to all other instruments of the kind manufactured in the United States.

Having made special arrangements with the best manufacturers in the country we are prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, BRASS and GERMAN SILVER ROTARY INSTRUMENTS of every description for Brass and Cornet Bands, at reduced rates. Illustrated catalogue and price list furnished on application. New and second-hand Pianos for rent.
WAMELINK & BARR,
jy28 No. 12 St. Clair st.

LITHOGRAPHERS.

CHECK BOOKS.
Elegantly lithographed
CHECK BOOKS,
On all the City Banks and Bankers,
On hand and for sale at
KREBS & BRO.,
LITHOGRAPHERS,
no27-3m Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street, near Market.

J. B. DUFF & BRO.,
Practical Lithographers,
96 LIBERTY ST., COR. OF FERRY, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Show Cards, Labels, Views, Bonds, Checks, Notes, Drafts, Bill and Letter Heads, Certificates of Stock, Circulars, Maps, &c. dec23-3m

PRINTING.

W. S. HAVEN,
PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTER,
PAPER DEALER AND STATIONER,
Corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh
BOOK BINDING of all styles, from the Plain Paper to the Highly Ornamental and Rich Gilt or Antique Style.

A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,
BOOK PUBLISHERS,
are prepared to do BOOK PRINTING, BOOK BINDING in all styles from the plainest to the most costly and make
BLANK BOOKS
to order, which they will warrant to give satisfaction in every respect. Orders may be left at their store, No. 79 Wood street, or at their Printing House and Book Bindery, No. 96 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. no30

JOS. S. FINCH
RYE
WHISKY.

JOSEPH S. FINCH
Successor to
THOMAS MOORE,
Manufacturer of
Copper-Distilled
Pure Rye Whisky.
Nos. 189, 191, 193 and 195
FIRST STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
oc18-6m

SAWYER'S
Pure Ambrosial Vegetable Compound
FOR SHAVING AND THE TOILET.
A Great American Discovery

No other Soap, foreign or domestic, has ever been offered, which meets the public wants as completely as this excellent Compound. Thus far its success is unparalleled, and it now bids fair to take precedence of all others in the market.

Sold by the Druggists, Confectioners, and Grocers generally. A directory is given below of some of those who are engaged in selling this superior Soap; which will serve parties abroad and at home, who desire to order:

B. A. Fahnestock's Son & Co., Druggists, Pittsburgh.
B. L. Fahnestock & Co., do do
R. E. Sellers & Co., do do
Woodsides & Wallace, do do
Mackeown & Bro., do do
George Bassett, do do
Miller & Ricketson, Grocers, do
Watt & Wilson, do do
Edward Heazleton, do do
John Lippincott, do do
Little, Baird & Patton, do do
Long & Duff, do do
Schomaker & Lang, do do
Reymer & Bros., Confectioners & Fruiterers, do
George A. Kelly, Druggist, Allegheny city.
Tiernan & Getty, Grocers, do
John A. Scott, do do
Schultz, Son & Co., do do
R. & A. Carson, do do
Lewis, Bailey, Dalzell & Co., Grocers, Sharpsburg.
Hoppock, Glenn & Co., Grocers, New York.
Wm. Curtis, Odd Fellows' Hall, Philadelphia.
Hinman, Rose & Co., Commission Merchants, Chicago, Ill.
John Thompson & Co., Druggists, Bloomington, Ill.
D. Tidball & Co., Druggists, New Castle, Pa.
Wilcox & McKinley, do do
T. A. Humphrey, do do
J. M. Reno & Co., Grocers, Youngstown, Ohio.
Kidwell & Son, Druggists, Washington City, D. C.
J. C. Acheson, Merchant, Washington, Pa.
D. Dibert, Merchant, Johnstown, Pa.
P. A. & S. Small, Merchants, York, Pa.
Shisler & Frazer, Merchants, Harrisburg, Pa.
Nesbit & Lewis, Druggists, Indiana, Pa. dec23

MACHINERY.
HATHAWAY, LEACH & STEARNS,
417 ARCH STREET, Philadelphia, Pa.
DEALERS IN
ENGINES, MACHINERY AND RAILROAD SUPPLIES,
and Agents for the sale of
Machinist's Tools.
MANUFACTURED BY THE
NEW YORK STEAM ENGINE WORKS.
15-3mw

INSURANCE.

People's Insurance Company,
Office Northeast Corner of Wood and Fifth Streets.

STATEMENT OF THE
PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,
From January 1 to December 31, 1865, inclusive.
Published in accordance with an act of Assembly.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED		$100,000 00
AMOUNT PAID IN CASH		50,000 00
ASSETS.		
Stock Notes (secured by two approved names)	$50,000 00	
Bills Receivable	56,904 73	
Premium Notes	12,008 12	
Book Accounts	2,282 26	
Cash	13,266 08	
	$135,426 90	
Balance January 1, 1865		$24,239 38
RECEIPTS.		
Marine Premium	$34,854 58	
Fire Premium	18,063 65	
Interest on Investments	4,712 07	
		$57,631 27
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Marine Losses	$8,502 85	
Fire Losses	5,363 85	
Salaries, Rent, Taxes, Stamps, and Expenses	5,792 52	
Reinsurance and Returned Premiums	5,710 69	
	$25,368 92	—22,206 35
		$56,448 94
Dividends paid to Stockholders		21,061 66
Balance January 1, 1866		$35,496 90
Office Furniture and Fixtures		1,100 00
Earnings on Open Policies		675 00
Balance		$37,391 90
Whole amount of Risks taken		$2,034,405 25

We, the undersigned Auditing Committee, have examined the accounts and statements of the People's Insurance Company, all of which we find correct, and correspond with the above.
JOHN E. PARKE, }
WM. VANKIRK, } Committee.
CHAS. ARBUCKLE, }

DIRECTORS.

Wm. Phillips,	John Watt,
John E. Parke,	Wm. Vankirk,
Capt. John L. Rhoads,	Saml. P. Shriver,
James D. Verner,	C. H. Love,
Charles Arbuckle,	Capt. James Miller,
John F. Kirkpatrick,	Frank S. Bissell,

WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAMES GORDON,
ja15-2w General Agent.

STATEMENT of the BOATMAN'S FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO., of Pittsburgh, Pa., from June 1st, 1865, to December 31st, 1865, inclusive.

Published in accordance with the requirements of the 13th Section of An Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, aproved April 2d, 1856.

1st. Capital		$250,000
With the privilege of increasing to		$500,000
2d. Assets—Stock Due-bills secured by two approved names	$125,000 00	
U. S. Seven-Thirties	125,000 00	
Premium Notes	15,841 00	
Cash	4,698 02	
Book Accounts	3,042 08	
Furniture	503 50	
		$274,084 60
3d. Amount of premiums received in seven months		$85,518 98
4th. Amount of Interest (nett) received in 7 months		$2,976 10
5th. Paid in seven months, as follows, viz		
Losses	$340 77	
Return Premiums	740 55	
Reinsurance	369 00	
Government Tax on Premiums	363 00	
Salaries, Charter expenses, Rent, Taxes, Stamps, Telegraphing, and all other expenses	3,862 70	
		$5,546 02
6th. Amount of Outstanding Risks, December 31st, 1865		$537,855 22
7th. Amount of Debts and Liabilities December 31st, 1865, estimated; but not exceeding		$1,000 00

ja16 eod2w ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.

J. W. ARROTT'S
General Insurance Agency,
Fire, Life, Marine and Accident.
OFFICE:
NO. 37 FIFTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Continental Insurance Co. (Fire) assets over	$1,500,000
Lorillard Insurance Co. (Fire) assets over	1,500,000
North American Insurance Co. (Fire) assets over	800,000
Arctic Insurance Co. (Fire) assets over	600,000
Home Insurance Co. (Fire) assets over	600,000
Morris Insurance Co. (Fire) assets over	600,000
New England Insurance Co. (Fire) assets over	250,000
Massasoit Insurance Co. (Fire) assets over	250,000
New York Life Insurance Co. assets over	5,000,000
New York Accidental Insurance Co. assets over	250,000

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AT LOW RATES OF PREMIUM.
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Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
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je5-1y

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